

ADDENDUM NO. 1

FOR

LIBERAL ARTS

AIR HANDLER REPLACEMENT

NOTE:

THIS ADDENDUM SHOULD BE ACKNOWLEDGED IN THE
APPROPRIATE BLANK ON THE PROPOSAL FORM.

PREPARED BY

UNIVERSITY OF NEW ORLEANS

PURCHASING OFFICE

MATH BUILDING ROOM 351

LAKEFRONT - NEW ORLEANS - LOUISIANA - 70148

Sealed Bid #BTB 2295

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Bidders are informed that prior Bidding Documents for this project are modified, corrected and/or supplemented as herein enumerated. The following is hereby made a part of the Contract Documents:

Item 1 - Due to a printing error, please find attached to this addendum the complete specification sections 15950, 16010, and 16050. These sheets shall be used for bidding in lieu of the partial sections in the bid specification booklet.

Item 2 - Clarification, The VFD enclosure type shall be NEMA - 1 in lieu of UL type 12.

Item 3 - Sheet ME-4. Provide (4) four new 2 lamp T8 surface mounted strip fluorescent light fixtures with wire guards in each mechanical room (12 total). Mount the fixtures after the duct installation is completed for maximum room lighting efficiency and wire to room lighting circuit. Provide multi-volt high efficiency ballast for each fixture.

Item 4 - Prior approvals

Equipment Item	Manufacturer
VAV Terminal Units	Trane, Krueger, Environmental Technologies
Variable Frequency Drives	Trane, Danfoss, Yaskawa
Air Handling Units	Carrier
UVC Lights	Steril-Aire
Vibration Isolation	Amber Booth/VMC

SECTION 15950 - TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

PART I: GENERAL

1.1 Products Not Furnished or Installed but Integrated with the Work of this Section

A. General:

- I. Coordination Meeting: The Installer furnishing the DDC network shall meet with the Installer(s) furnishing each of the following products to coordinate details of the interface between these products and the DDC network. The University representative shall be present at this meeting. Each Installer shall provide the University representative and all other Installers with details of the proposed interface including PICS for BACnet equipment, hardware and software identifiers for the interface points, network identifiers, wiring requirements, communication speeds, and required network accessories. The purpose of this meeting shall be to insure there are no unresolved issues regarding the integration of these products into the DDC network. Submittals for these products shall not be approved prior to the completion of this meeting.

B. Section 15800 - Static power equipment:

- I. Variable frequency drives: The variable frequency drive (VFD) vendor shall furnish VFDs with an interface to the control and monitoring points specified in Section 15800. These specified points shall be the minimum acceptable interface to the VFD. The connection to these points shall be by one of the following methods: (a) Hardwired connection such as relay, 0-10VDC, or 4-20mA. (b) BACnet/IP network connection. (c) BACnet over ARCNET network connection. (d) BACnet MS/TP network connection.

C. Communications with Third Party Equipment:

- I. Any additional integral control systems included with the products integrated with the work of this section shall be furnished with a BACnet interface for integration into the Direct Digital Control System described in this section.

1.2 Related Sections

- A. The General Conditions of the Contract, Supplementary Conditions, and General Requirements are part of this specification and shall be used in conjunction with this section as part of the contract documents.

1.3 Description

- A. General: The control system shall consist of a high-speed, peer-to-peer network of DDC controllers and a web-based operator interface. Depict each mechanical system and building floor plan by a point-and-click graphic. A web server with a network interface card shall gather data from this system and generate web pages accessible through a conventional web browser on each PC connected to the network. Operators shall be able to perform all normal operator functions through the web browser interface.
- B. The system shall directly control HVAC equipment as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation). Each zone controller shall provide occupied and unoccupied modes of operation by individual zone. Furnish energy conservation features such as optimal start and stop, night setback, request-based logic, and demand level adjustment of setpoints as specified.

- C. Provide for future system expansion to include monitoring of occupant card access, fire alarm, and lighting control systems.
- D. System shall use the native BACnet protocol for communication to the operator workstation or web server and for communication between control modules. Schedules, setpoints, trends, and alarms specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation) shall be BACnet objects.

1.4 Approved Control Systems

- A. Use control system hardware and software manufactured and installed by Honeywell, Johnson Controls, Schneider Electric I/A or Siemens Apogee.

1.5 Quality Assurance

- A. Installer and Manufacturer Qualifications
 - 1. Installer shall be an authorized representative of the Control System Manufacturer.
 - 2. Installer shall have successfully completed Control System Manufacturer's control system training. Upon request, Installer shall present record of completed training including course outlines.

1.6 Codes and Standards

- A. Work, materials, and equipment shall comply with the most restrictive of local, state, and federal authorities' codes and ordinances or these plans and specifications. As a minimum, the installation shall comply with current editions in effect 30 days prior to receipt of bids of the following codes:
 - 1. National Electric Code (NEC)
 - 2. International Building Code (IBC)
 - a. Section 719 Ducts and Air Transfer Openings
 - b. Section 907 Fire Alarm and Detection Systems
 - c. Section 909 Smoke Control Systems
 - d. Chapter 28 Mechanical
 - 3. International Mechanical Code (IMC)
 - 4. ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004: Data Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control Systems (BACNET)

1.7 System Performance

- A. Performance Standards. System shall conform to the following minimum standards over network connections. Systems shall be tested using manufacturer's recommended hardware and software for operator workstation (server and browser for web-based systems).
 - 1. Graphic Display. A graphic with 20 dynamic points shall display with current data within 10 sec.
 - 2. Graphic Refresh. A graphic with 20 dynamic points shall update with current data within 8 sec. and shall automatically refresh every 15 sec.
 - 3. Configuration and Tuning Screens. Screens used for configuring, calibrating, or tuning points, PID loops, and similar control logic shall automatically refresh within 6 sec.

4. **Object Command.** Devices shall react to command of a binary object within 2 sec. Devices shall begin reacting to command of an analog object within 2 sec.
5. **Alarm Response Time.** An object that goes into alarm shall be annunciated at the workstation within 15 sec.
6. **Program Execution Frequency.** Custom and standard applications shall be capable of running as often as once every 5 sec. Select execution times consistent with the mechanical process under control.
7. **Performance.** Programmable controllers shall be able to completely execute DDC PID control loops at a frequency adjustable down to once per sec. Select execution times consistent with the mechanical process under control.
8. **Multiple Alarm Annunciation.** Each workstation on the network shall receive alarms within 5 sec of other workstations.
9. **Reporting Accuracy.** System shall report values with minimum end-to-end accuracy listed in Table 1.
10. **Control Stability and Accuracy.** Control loops shall maintain measured variable at setpoint within tolerances listed in Table 2.

Table 1
Reporting Accuracy

Measured Variable	Reported Accuracy
Space Temperature	±0.5°C (±1°F)
Ducted Air	±0.5°C (±1°F)
Outside Air	±1.0°C (±2°F)
Dew Point	±1.5°C (±3°F)
Water Temperature	±0.5°C (±1°F)
Delta-T	±0.15°C (±0.25°F)
Relative Humidity	±5% RH
Water Flow	±2% of full scale
Airflow (terminal)	±10% of full scale (see Note 1)
Airflow (measuring stations)	±5% of full scale
Airflow (pressurized spaces)	±3% of full scale
Air Pressure (ducts)	±25 Pa (±0.1 in. w.g.)
Air Pressure (space)	±3 Pa (±0.01 in. w.g.)
Water Pressure	±2% of full scale (see Note 2)
Electrical (A, V, W, Power Factor)	±1% of reading (see Note 3)
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	±5% of reading
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	±50 ppm

Note 1: Accuracy applies to 10% - 100% of scale

Note 2: For both absolute and differential pressure

Note 3: Not including utility-supplied meters

Table 2
Control Stability and Accuracy

Controlled Variable	Control Accuracy	Range of Medium
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Air Pressure	±50 Pa (±0.2 in. w.g.) ±3 Pa (±0.01 in. w.g.)	0-1.5 kPa (0-6 in. w.g.) -25 to 25 Pa (-0.1 to 0.1 in. w.g.)
Airflow	±10% of full scale	
Space Temperature	±1.0°C (±2.0°F)	
Duct Temperature	±1.5°C (±3°F)	
Humidity	±5% RH	
Fluid Pressure	±10 kPa (±1.5 psi) ±250 Pa (±1.0 in. w.g.)	MPa (1-150 psi) 0-12.5 kPa (0-50 in. w.g.) differential

1.8 Submittals

A. **Product Submittal Requirements:** Meet requirements on Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples. Provide six copies of shop drawings and other submittals on hardware, software, and equipment to be installed or furnished. Begin no work until submittals have been approved for conformity with design intent. Provide drawings as AutoCAD 2006 (or newer) compatible files on magnetic or optical disk (file format: .DWG, .DXF, .VSD, or comparable) and 3 prints of each drawing on 11" x 17" paper. When manufacturer's cutsheets apply to a product series rather than a specific product, clearly indicate applicable data by highlighting or by other means. Clearly reference covered specification and drawing on each submittal. General catalogs shall not be accepted as cutsheets to fulfill submittal requirements. Select and show submittal quantities appropriate to scope of work. Submittal approval does not relieve Contractor of responsibility to supply sufficient quantities to complete work. Provide submittals within 12 weeks of contract award on the following:

1. Direct Digital Control System Hardware

- a. Complete bill of materials indicating quantity, manufacturer, model number, and relevant technical data of equipment to be used.
- b. Manufacturer's description and technical data such as performance curves, product specifications, and installation and maintenance instructions for items listed below and for relevant items not listed below:
 - i. Direct digital controllers (controller panels)
 - ii. Transducers and transmitters
 - iii. Sensors (include accuracy data)
 - iv. Actuators
 - v. Valves
 - vi. Relays and switches
 - vii. Control panels
 - viii. Power supplies
 - ix. Batteries
 - x. Operator interface equipment
 - xi. Wiring
- c. Wiring diagrams and layouts for each control panel. Show termination numbers.
- d. Floor plan schematic diagrams indicating field sensor and controller locations.
- e. Riser diagrams showing control network layout, communication protocol, and wire types.

2. Central System Hardware and Software

- a. Complete bill of material indicating quantity, manufacturer, model number, and relevant technical data of equipment used.
 - b. Manufacturer's description and technical data such as product specifications and installation and maintenance instructions for items listed below and for relevant items furnished under this contract not listed below:
 - i. Central Processing Unit (CPU) or web server
 - ii. Monitors
 - iii. Keyboards
 - iv. Power supplies
 - v. Battery backups
 - vi. Interface equipment between CPU or server and control panels
 - vii. Operating System software
 - viii. Operator interface software
 - ix. Color graphic software
 - x. Third-party software
 - c. Schematic diagrams of control, communication, and power wiring for central system installation. Show interface wiring to control system.
 - d. Network riser diagrams of wiring between central control unit and control panels.
3. Controlled Systems
- a. Riser diagrams showing control network layout, communication protocol, and wire types.
 - b. Schematic diagram of each controlled system. Label control points with point names. Graphically show locations of control elements.
 - c. Schematic wiring diagram of each controlled system. Label control elements and terminals. Where a control element is also shown on control system schematic, use the same name.
 - d. Instrumentation list (Bill of Materials) for each controlled system. List each control system element in a table. Show element name, type of device, manufacturer, model number, and product data sheet number.
 - e. Complete description of control system operation including sequences of operation. Include and reference schematic diagram of controlled system. List I/O points and software points specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19. Indicate alarmed and trended points.
4. Description of process, report formats, and checklists to be used in Section 15950 Article 3.16 (Control System Demonstration and Acceptance).
5. BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) for each submitted type of controller and operator interface.

B. Schedules

1. Schedule of work provided within one month of contract award, indicating:
 - a. Intended sequence of work items
 - b. Start date of each work item
 - c. Duration of each work item
 - d. Planned delivery dates for ordered material and equipment and expected lead times
 - e. Milestones indicating possible restraints on work by other trades or situations
2. Monthly written status reports indicating work completed and revisions to expected delivery dates. Include updated schedule of work.

- C. Project Record Documents. Submit three copies of record (as-built) documents upon completion of installation for approval prior to final completion. Submittal shall consist of:
1. Project Record Drawings. As-built versions of submittal shop drawings provided as AutoCAD 2006 (or newer) compatible files on magnetic or optical disk (file format: .DWG, .DXF, .VSD, or comparable) and 6 prints of each drawing on 11" x 17" paper.
 2. Testing and Commissioning Reports and Checklists. Completed versions of reports, checklists, and trend logs used to meet requirements of Section 15950 Article 3.16 (Control System Demonstration and Acceptance).
 3. Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual. Printed, electronic, or online help documentation of the following:
 - a. As-built versions of submittal product data.
 - b. Names, addresses, and telephone numbers of installing contractors and service representatives for equipment and control systems.
 - c. Operator's manual with procedures for operating control systems: logging on and off, handling alarms, producing point reports, trending data, overriding computer control, and changing setpoints and variables.
 - d. Programming manual or set of manuals with description of programming language and syntax, of statements for algorithms and calculations used, of point database creation and modification, of program creation and modification, and of editor use.
 - e. Engineering, installation, and maintenance manual or set of manuals that explains how to design and install new points, panels, and other hardware; how to perform preventive maintenance and calibration; how to debug hardware problems; and how to repair or replace hardware.
 - f. Documentation of programs created using custom programming language including setpoints, tuning parameters, and object database. Electronic copies of programs shall meet this requirement if control logic, setpoints, tuning parameters, and objects can be viewed using furnished programming tools.
 - g. Graphic files, programs, and database on magnetic or optical media.
 - h. List of recommended spare parts with part numbers and suppliers.
 - i. Complete original-issue documentation, installation, and maintenance information for furnished third-party hardware including computer equipment and sensors.
 - j. Complete original-issue copies of furnished software, including operating systems, custom programming language, operator workstation or web server software, and graphics software.
 - k. Licenses, guarantees, and warranty documents for equipment and systems.
 - l. Recommended preventive maintenance procedures for system components, including schedule of tasks such as inspection, cleaning, and calibration; time between tasks; and task descriptions.
- D. Training Materials: Provide course outline and materials for each class at least six weeks before first class. Training shall be furnished via instructor-led sessions, computer-based training, or web-based training. Engineer will modify course outlines and materials if necessary to meet University's needs. Engineer will review and approve course outlines and materials at least three weeks before first class.

1.9 Warranty

A. Warrant work as follows:

1. Warrant labor and materials for specified control system free from defects for a period of 12 months after final acceptance. Control system failures during warranty period shall be adjusted, repaired, or replaced at no additional cost or reduction in service to University. Respond during normal business hours within 24 hours of University's warranty service request.
2. Work shall have a single warranty date, even if University receives beneficial use due to early system start-up. If specified work is split into multiple contracts or a multi-phase contract, each contract or phase shall have a separate warranty start date and period.
3. If Engineer determines that equipment and systems operate satisfactorily at the end of final start-up, testing, and commissioning phase, Engineer will certify in writing that control system operation has been tested and accepted in accordance with the terms of this specification. Date of acceptance shall begin warranty period.
4. Provide updates to operator workstation or web server software, project-specific software, graphic software, database software, and firmware that resolve Contractor-identified software deficiencies at no charge during warranty period. If available, University can purchase in-warranty service agreement to receive upgrades for functional enhancements associated with above-mentioned items. Do not install updates or upgrades without University's written authorization.
5. Exception: Contractor shall not be required to warrant reused devices except those that have been rebuilt or repaired. Installation labor and materials shall be warranted. Demonstrate operable condition of reused devices at time of Engineer's acceptance.

1.10 Ownership of Proprietary Material

- ### A. Project-specific software and documentation shall become University's property. This includes, but is not limited to:
1. Graphics
 2. Record drawings
 3. Database
 4. Application programming code
 5. Documentation

PART 2: PRODUCTS

2.1 Materials

- #### A. Use new products the manufacturer is currently manufacturing and selling for use in new installations. Do not use this installation as a product test site unless explicitly approved in writing by University. Spare parts shall be available for at least five years after completion of this contract.

2.2 Communication

- A. Control products, communication media, connectors, repeaters, hubs, and routers shall comprise a BACnet internetwork. Controller and operator interface communication shall conform to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2004, BACnet.
- B. Install new wiring and network devices as required to provide a complete and workable control network. Use existing Ethernet backbone for network segments marked "existing" on project drawings.
- C. Each controller shall have a communication port for temporary connection to a laptop computer or other operator interface. Connection shall support memory downloads and other commissioning and troubleshooting operations.
- D. Internetwork operator interface and value passing shall be transparent to internetwork architecture.
 - 1. An operator interface connected to a controller shall allow the operator to interface with each internetwork controller as if directly connected. Controller information such as data, status, and control algorithms shall be viewable and editable from each internetwork controller.
 - 2. Inputs, outputs, and control variables used to integrate control strategies across multiple controllers shall be readable by each controller on the internetwork. Program and test all cross-controller links required to execute control strategies specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequence of Operations). An authorized operator shall be able to edit cross-controller links by typing a standard object address or by using a point-and-click interface.
- E. Controllers with real-time clocks shall use the BACnet Time Synchronization service. System shall automatically synchronize system clocks daily from an operator-designated controller via the internetwork. If applicable, system shall automatically adjust for daylight saving and standard time.
- F. System shall be expandable to at least twice the required input and output objects with additional controllers, associated devices, and wiring.

2.3 Operator Interface

- A. Operator Interface. Web server shall reside on high-speed network with building controllers. Each standard browser connected to server shall be able to access all system information.
- B. Communication. Web server or workstation and controllers shall communicate using BACnet protocol. Web server or workstation and control network backbone shall communicate using ISO 8802-3 (Ethernet) Data Link/Physical layer protocol and BACnet/IP addressing as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex J.
- C. Hardware. Each workstation or web server shall consist of the following:
 - 1. Hardware Base. Industry-standard hardware shall meet or exceed DDC system manufacturer's recommended specifications and shall meet response times specified in Section 15950 Paragraph 1.9. Hard disk shall have sufficient memory to store system software, one year of data for trended points specified in Appendix A, and a system database at least twice the size of the existing database at system acceptance. Configure computers and network connections if multiple computers are required to meet specified memory and performance. Web server or workstations shall be IBM-compatible PCs with a minimum of:
 - a. Intel Pentium 2.66 GHz processor
 - b. 1 GB RAM

- c. 40 GB hard disk providing data at 100 MB/sec
- d. 48x CD-ROM drive
- e. Serial, parallel, and network communication ports and cables required for proper system operation

D. Operator Functions. Operator interface shall allow each authorized operator to execute the following functions as a minimum:

1. Log In and Log Out. System shall require user name and password to log in to operator interface.
2. Point-and-click Navigation. Operator interface shall be graphically based and shall allow operators to access graphics for equipment and geographic areas using point-and-click navigation.
3. View and Adjust Equipment Properties. Operators shall be able to view controlled equipment status and to adjust operating parameters such as setpoints, PID gains, on and off controls, and sensor calibration.
4. View and Adjust Operating Schedules. Operators shall be able to view scheduled operating hours of each schedulable piece of equipment on a weekly or monthly calendar-based graphical schedule display, to select and adjust each schedule and time period, and to simultaneously schedule related equipment. System shall clearly show exception schedules and holidays on the schedule display.
5. View and Respond to Alarms. Operators shall be able to view a list of currently active system alarms, to acknowledge each alarm, and to clear (delete) unneeded alarms.
6. View and Configure Trends. Operators shall be able to view a trend graph of each trended point and to edit graph configuration to display a specific time period or data range. Operator shall be able to create custom trend graphs to display on the same page data from multiple trended points.
7. View and Configure Reports. Operators shall be able to run preconfigured reports, to view report results, and to customize report configuration to show data of interest.
8. Manage Control System Hardware. Operators shall be able to view controller status, to restart (reboot) each controller, and to download new control software to each controller.
9. Manage Operator Access. Typically, only a few operators are authorized to manage operator access. Authorized operators shall be able to view a list of operators with system access and of functions they can perform while logged in. Operators shall be able to add operators, to delete operators, and to edit operator function authorization. Operator shall be able to authorize each operator function separately.

E. System Software.

1. Operating System. Web server shall have an industry-standard professional-grade operating system. Acceptable systems include Microsoft Windows XP Pro, Red Hat Linux, or Sun Solaris.
2. System Graphics. Operator interface shall be graphically based and shall include at least one graphic per piece of equipment or occupied zone, graphics for each chilled water and hot water system, and graphics that summarize conditions on each floor of each building included in this contract. Indicate thermal comfort on floor plan summary graphics using dynamic colors to represent zone temperature relative to zone setpoint.
 - a. Functionality. Graphics shall allow operator to monitor system status, to view a summary of the most important data for each controlled zone or

- piece of equipment, to use point-and-click navigation between zones or equipment, and to edit setpoints and other specified parameters.
- b. Animation. Graphics shall be able to animate by displaying different image-files for changed object status.
 - c. Alarm Indication. Indicate areas or equipment in an alarm condition using color or other visual indicator.
 - d. Format. Graphics shall be saved in an industry-standard format such as BMP, JPEG, PNG, or GIF. Web-based system graphics shall be viewable on browsers compatible with World Wide Web Consortium browser standards. Web graphic format shall require no plug-in (such as HTML and JavaScript) or shall only require widely available no-cost plug-ins (such as Active-X and Macromedia Flash).
- F. System Tools. System shall provide the following functionality to authorized operators as an integral part of the operator interface or as stand-alone software programs. If furnished as part of the interface, the tool shall be available from each workstation or web browser interface. If furnished as a stand-alone program, software shall be installable on standard IBM-compatible PCs with no limit on the number of copies that can be installed under the system license.
1. Automatic System Database Configuration. Each workstation or web server shall store on its hard disk a copy of the current system database, including controller firmware and software. Stored database shall be automatically updated with each system configuration or controller firmware or software change.
 2. Controller Memory Download. Operators shall be able to download memory from the system database to each controller.
 3. System Configuration. Operators shall be able to configure the system.
 4. Online Help. Context-sensitive online help for each tool shall assist operators in operating and editing the system.
 5. Security. System shall require a user name and password to view, edit, add, or delete data.
 - a. Operator Access. Each user name and password combination shall define accessible viewing, editing, adding, and deleting functions in each system application, editor, and object.
 - b. Automatic Log Out. Automatically log out each operator if no keyboard or mouse activity is detected. Operators shall be able to adjust automatic log out delay.
 - c. Encrypted Security Data. Store system security data including operator passwords in an encrypted format. System shall not display operator passwords.
 6. System Diagnostics. System shall automatically monitor controller and I/O point operation. System shall annunciate controller failure and I/O point locking (manual overriding to a fixed value).
 7. Alarm Processing. System input and status objects shall be configurable to alarm on departing from and on returning to normal state. Operator shall be able to enable or disable each alarm and to configure alarm limits, alarm limit differentials, alarm states, and alarm reactions for each system object. Configure and enable alarm points as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation). Alarms shall be BACnet alarm objects and shall use BACnet alarm services.
 8. Alarm Messages. Alarm messages shall use an English language descriptor without acronyms or mnemonics to describe alarm source, location, and nature.

9. Alarm Reactions. Operator shall be able to configure (by object) actions workstation or web server shall initiate on receipt of each alarm. As a minimum, workstation or web server shall be able to log, print, start programs, display messages, send e-mail, send page, and audibly announce.
10. Alarm Maintenance. Operators shall be able to view system alarms and changes of state chronologically, to acknowledge and delete alarms, and to archive closed alarms to the workstation or web server hard disk from each workstation or web browser interface.
11. Trend Configuration. Operator shall be able to configure trend sample or change of value (COV) interval, start time, and stop time for each system data object and shall be able to retrieve data for use in spreadsheets and standard database programs. Controller shall sample and store trend data and shall be able to archive data to the hard disk. Configure trends as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation). Trends shall be BACnet trend objects.
12. Object and Property Status and Control. Operator shall be able to view, and to edit if applicable, the status of each system object and property by menu, on graphics, or through custom programs.
13. Reports and Logs. Operator shall be able to select, to modify, to create, and to print reports and logs. Operator shall be able to store report data in a format accessible by standard spreadsheet and word processing programs.
14. Standard Reports. Furnish the following standard system reports:
 - a. Objects. System objects and current values filtered by object type, by status (in alarm, locked, normal), by equipment, by geographic location, or by combination of filter criteria.
 - b. Alarm Summary. Current alarms and closed alarms. System shall retain closed alarms for an adjustable period.
 - c. Logs. System shall log the following to a database or text file and shall retain data for an adjustable period:
 - i. Alarm History.
 - ii. Trend Data. Operator shall be able to select trends to be logged.
 - iii. Operator Activity. At a minimum, system shall log operator log in and log out, control parameter changes, schedule changes, and alarm acknowledgment and deletion. System shall date and time stamp logged activity.
15. Custom Reports. Operator shall be able to create custom reports that retrieve data, including archived trend data, from the system, that analyze data using common algebraic calculations, and that present results in tabular or graphical format. Reports shall be launched from the operator interface.
16. Graphics Generation. Graphically based tools and documentation shall allow Operator to edit system graphics, to create graphics, and to integrate graphics into the system. Operator shall be able to add analog and binary values, dynamic text, static text, and animation files to a background graphic using a mouse.
17. Graphics Library. Complete library of standard HVAC equipment graphics shall include equipment such as chillers, boilers, air handlers, terminals, fan coils, and unit ventilators. Library shall include standard symbols for other equipment including fans, pumps, coils, valves, piping, dampers, and ductwork. Library graphic file format shall be compatible with graphics generation tools.
18. Custom Application Programming. Operator shall be able to create, edit, debug, and download custom programs. System shall be fully operable while custom programs are edited, compiled, and downloaded. Programming language shall have the following features:

- a. Language. Language shall be graphically based and shall use function blocks arranged in a logic diagram that clearly shows control logic flow. Function blocks shall directly provide functions listed below, and operators shall be able to create custom or compound function blocks.
 - b. Programming Environment. Tool shall provide a full-screen, cursor-and-mouse-driven programming environment that incorporates word processing features such as cut and paste. Operators shall be able to insert, add, modify, and delete custom programming code, and to copy blocks of code to a file library for reuse in other control programs.
 - c. Independent Program Modules. Operator shall be able to develop independently executing program modules that can disable, enable and exchange data with other program modules.
 - d. Debugging and Simulation. Operator shall be able to step through the program observing intermediate values and results. Operator shall be able to adjust input variables to simulate actual operating conditions. Operator shall be able to adjust each step's time increment to observe operation of delays, integrators, and other time-sensitive control logic. Debugger shall provide error messages for syntax and for execution errors.
 - e. Conditional Statements. Operator shall be able to program conditional logic using compound Boolean (AND, OR, and NOT) and relational (EQUAL, LESS THAN, GREATER THAN, NOT EQUAL) comparisons.
 - f. Mathematical Functions. Language shall support floating-point addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and square root operations, as well as absolute value calculation and programmatic selection of minimum and maximum values from a list of values.
 - g. Variables. Operator shall be able to use variable values in program conditional statements and mathematical functions.
 - i. Time Variables. Operator shall be able to use predefined variables to represent time of day, day of the week, month of the year, and date. Other predefined variables or simple control logic shall provide elapsed time in seconds, minutes, hours, and days. Operator shall be able to start, stop, and reset elapsed time variables using the program language.
 - ii. System Variables. Operator shall be able to use predefined variables to represent status and results of Controller Software and shall be able to enable, disable, and change setpoints of Controller Software as described in Controller Software section.
- G. Portable Operator's Terminal. Provide all necessary software to configure an IBM-compatible laptop computer for use as a Portable Operator's Terminal. Operator shall be able to connect configured Terminal to the system network or directly to each controller for programming, setting up, and troubleshooting.
- H. BACnet. Web server or workstation shall have demonstrated interoperability during at least one BMA Interoperability Workshop and shall substantially conform to BACnet Operator Workstation (B-OWS) device profile as specified in ASHRAE/ANSI 135-2001, BACnet Annex L.

2.4 Controller Software

- A. Building and energy management application software shall reside and operate in system controllers. Applications shall be editable through operator workstation, web browser interface, or engineering workstation.
- B. System Security. See Paragraph 2.3.F.5 (Security) and Paragraph 2.3.F.15.c (Operator Activity).
- C. Scheduling. See Paragraph 2.3.D.4 (View and Adjust Operating Schedules). System shall provide the following schedule options as a minimum:
 - 1. Weekly. Provide separate schedules for each day of the week. Each schedule shall be able to include up to 5 occupied periods (5 start-stop pairs or 10 events).
 - 2. Exception. Operator shall be able to designate an exception schedule for each of the next 365 days. After an exception schedule has executed, system shall discard and replace exception schedule with standard schedule for that day of the week.
 - 3. Holiday. Operator shall be able to define 24 special or holiday schedules of varying length on a scheduling calendar that repeats each year.
- D. System Coordination. Operator shall be able to group related equipment based on function and location and to use these groups for scheduling and other applications.
- E. Binary and Analog Alarms. See Paragraph 2.3.F.7 (Alarm Processing).
- F. Alarm Reporting. See Paragraph 2.3.F.9 (Alarm Reactions).
- G. Remote Communication. System shall automatically contact operator workstation or server on receipt of critical alarms. If no network connection is available, system shall use a modem connection.
- H. Demand Limiting.
 - 1. System shall monitor building power consumption from building power meter pulse generator signals or from building feeder line watt transducer or current transformer.
 - 2. When power consumption exceeds adjustable levels, system shall automatically adjust setpoints, de-energize low-priority equipment, and take other programmatic actions to reduce demand as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation). When demand drops below adjustable levels, system shall restore loads as specified.
- I. Maintenance Management. System shall generate maintenance alarms when equipment exceeds adjustable runtime, equipment starts, or performance limits. Configure and enable maintenance alarms as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation).
- J. Sequencing. Application software shall sequence chillers, boilers, and pumps as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation).
- K. PID Control. System shall provide direct- and reverse-acting PID (proportional-integral-derivative) algorithms. Each algorithm shall have anti-windup and selectable controlled variable, setpoint, and PID gains. Each algorithm shall calculate a time-varying analog value that can be used to position an output or to stage a series of outputs.
- L. Staggered Start. System shall stagger controlled equipment restart after power outage. Operator shall be able to adjust equipment restart order and time delay between equipment restarts.
- M. Energy Calculations.
 - 1. System shall accumulate and convert instantaneous power (kW) or flow rates (L/s [gpm]) to energy usage data.
 - 2. System shall calculate a sliding-window average (rolling average). Operator shall be able to adjust window interval to 15 minutes, 30 minutes, or 60 minutes.
- N. Anti-Short Cycling. Binary output objects shall be protected from short cycling by means of adjustable minimum on-time and off-time settings.

- O. On and Off Control with Differential. System shall provide direct- and reverse-acting on and off algorithms with adjustable differential to cycle a binary output based on a controlled variable and setpoint.
- P. Runtime Totalization. System shall provide an algorithm that can totalize runtime for each binary input and output. Operator shall be able to enable runtime alarm based on exceeded adjustable runtime limit. Configure and enable runtime totalization and alarms as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequence of Operations).

2.5 Controllers

- A. General. Provide Building Controllers (BC), Advanced Application Controllers (AAC), Application Specific Controllers (ASC), Smart Actuators (SA), and Smart Sensors (SS) as required to achieve performance specified in Section 15950 Article 1.9 (System Performance). Every device in the system which executes control logic and directly controls HVAC equipment must conform to a standard BACnet Device profile as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex L. Unless otherwise specified, hardwired actuators and sensors may be used in lieu of BACnet Smart Actuators and Smart Sensors.
- B. BACnet.
 - 1. Building Controllers (BCs). Each BC shall conform to BACnet Building Controller (B-BC) device profile as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex L and shall be listed as a certified B-BC in the BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL) Product Listing.
 - 2. Advanced Application Controllers (AACs). Each AAC shall conform to BACnet Advanced Application Controller (B-AAC) device profile as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex L and shall be listed as a certified B-AAC in the BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL) Product Listing.
 - 3. Application Specific Controllers (ASCs). Each ASC shall conform to BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC) device profile as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex L and shall be listed as a certified B-ASC in the BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL) Product Listing.
 - 4. Smart Actuators (SAs). Each SA shall conform to BACnet Smart Actuator (B-SA) device profile as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex L and shall be listed as a certified B-SA in the BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL) Product Listing.
 - 5. Smart Sensors (SSs). Each SS shall conform to BACnet Smart Sensor (B-SS) device profile as specified in ANSI/ASHRAE 135-2004, BACnet Annex L and shall be listed as a certified B-SS in the BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL) Product Listing.
 - 6. BACnet Communication.
 - a. Each BC shall reside on or be connected to a BACnet network using ISO 8802-3 (Ethernet) Data Link/Physical layer protocol and BACnet/IP addressing.
 - b. BACnet routing shall be performed by BCs or other BACnet device routers as necessary to connect BCs to networks of AACs and ASCs.
 - c. Each AAC shall reside on a BACnet network using ISO 8802-3 (Ethernet) Data Link/Physical layer protocol with BACnet/IP addressing, or it shall reside on a BACnet network using the ARCNET or MS/TP Data Link/Physical layer protocol.

- d. Each ASC shall reside on a BACnet network using the ARCNET or MS/TP Data Link/Physical layer protocol.
- e. Each SA shall reside on a BACnet network using the ARCNET or MS/TP Data Link/Physical layer protocol.
- f. Each SS shall reside on a BACnet network using ISO 8802-3 (Ethernet) Data Link/Physical layer protocol with BACnet/IP addressing, or it shall reside on a BACnet network using ARCNET or MS/TP Data Link/Physical layer protocol.

C. Communication.

1. Service Port. Each controller shall provide a service communication port for connection to a Portable Operator's Terminal. Connection shall be extended to space temperature sensor ports where shown on drawings.
2. Signal Management. BC and ASC operating systems shall manage input and output communication signals to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual object information and to allow for central monitoring and alarms.
3. Data Sharing. Each BC and AAC shall share data as required with each networked BC and AAC.
4. Stand-Alone Operation. Each piece of equipment specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation) shall be controlled by a single controller to provide stand-alone control in the event of communication failure. All I/O points specified for a piece of equipment shall be integral to its controller. Provide stable and reliable stand-alone control using default values or other method for values normally read over the network.

D. Environment. Controller hardware shall be suitable for anticipated ambient conditions.

1. Controllers used outdoors or in wet ambient conditions shall be mounted in waterproof enclosures and shall be rated for operation at -29°C to 60°C (-20°F to 140°F).
2. Controllers used in conditioned space shall be mounted in dust-protective enclosures and shall be rated for operation at 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 120°F).

E. Keypad. Provide a local keypad and display for each BC and AAC. Operator shall be able to use keypad to view and edit data. Keypad and display shall require password to prevent unauthorized use. If the manufacturer does not normally provide a keypad and display for each BC and AAC, provide the software and any interface cabling needed to use a laptop computer as a Portable Operator's Terminal for the system.

F. Real-Time Clock. Controllers that perform scheduling shall have a real-time clock.

G. Serviceability.

1. Controllers shall have diagnostic LEDs for power, communication, and processor.
2. Wires shall be connected to a field-removable modular terminal strip or to a termination card connected by a ribbon cable.
3. Each BC and AAC shall continually check its processor and memory circuit status and shall generate an alarm on abnormal operation. System shall continuously check controller network and generate alarm for each controller that fails to respond.

H. Memory.

1. Controller memory shall support operating system, database, and programming requirements.
2. Each BC and AAC shall retain BIOS and application programming for at least 72 hours in the event of power loss.

3. Each ASC and SA shall use nonvolatile memory and shall retain BIOS and application programming in the event of power loss. System shall automatically download dynamic control parameters following power loss.
- I. Immunity to Power and Noise. Controllers shall be able to operate at 90% to 110% of nominal voltage rating and shall perform an orderly shutdown below 80% nominal voltage. Operation shall be protected against electrical noise of 5 to 120 Hz and from keyed radios up to 5 W at 1 m (3 ft).
- J. Transformer. ASC power supply shall be fused or current limiting and shall be rated at a minimum of 125% of ASC power consumption.

2.6 Input and Output Interface

- A. General. Hard-wire input and output points to BCs, AACs, ASCs, or SAs.
- B. Protection. Shorting an input or output point to itself, to another point, or to ground shall cause no controller damage. Input or output point contact with up to 24 V for any duration shall cause no controller damage.
- C. Binary Inputs. Binary inputs shall monitor the on and off signal from a remote device. Binary inputs shall provide a wetting current of at least 12 mA and shall be protected against contact bounce and noise. Binary inputs shall sense dry contact closure without application of power external to the controller.
- D. Pulse Accumulation Inputs. Pulse accumulation inputs shall conform to binary input requirements and shall accumulate up to 10 pulses per second.
- E. Analog Inputs. Analog inputs shall monitor low-voltage (0-10 Vdc), current (4-20 mA), or resistance (thermistor or RTD) signals. Analog inputs shall be compatible with and field configurable to commonly available sensing devices.
- F. Binary Outputs. Binary outputs shall send an on-or-off signal for on and off control. Building Controller binary outputs shall have three-position (on-off-auto) override switches and status lights. Outputs shall be selectable for normally open or normally closed operation.
- G. Analog Outputs. Analog outputs shall send a modulating 0-10 Vdc or 4-20 mA signal as required to properly control output devices. Each Building Controller analog output shall have a two-position (auto-manual) switch, a manually adjustable potentiometer, and status lights. Analog outputs shall not drift more than 0.4% of range annually.
- H. Tri-State Outputs. Control three-point floating electronic actuators without feedback with tri-state outputs (two coordinated binary outputs). Tri-State outputs may be used to provide analog output control in zone control and terminal unit control applications such as VAV terminal units, duct-mounted heating coils, and zone dampers.
- I. Universal Inputs and Outputs. Inputs and outputs that can be designated as either binary or analog in software shall conform to the provisions of this section that are appropriate for their designated use.

2.7 Power Supplies and Line Filtering

- A. Power Supplies. Control transformers shall be UL listed. Furnish Class 2 current-limiting type or furnish over-current protection in primary and secondary circuits for Class 2 service in accordance with NEC requirements. Limit connected loads to 80% of rated capacity.
 1. DC power supply output shall match output current and voltage requirements. Unit shall be full-wave rectifier type with output ripple of 5.0 mV maximum peak-to-peak. Regulation shall be 1.0% line and load combined, with 100-

microsecond response time for 50% load changes. Unit shall have built-in over-voltage and over-current protection and shall be able to withstand 150% current overload for at least three seconds without trip-out or failure.

- a. Unit shall operate between 0°C and 50°C (32°F and 120°F). EM/RF shall meet FCC Class B and VDE 0871 for Class B and MIL-STD-810C for shock and vibration.
- b. Line voltage units shall be UL recognized and CSA listed.

B. Power Line Filtering.

1. Provide internal or external transient voltage and surge suppression for workstations and controllers. Surge protection shall have:
 - a. Dielectric strength of 1000 V minimum
 - b. Response time of 10 nanoseconds or less
 - c. Transverse mode noise attenuation of 65 dB or greater
 - d. Common mode noise attenuation of 150 dB or greater at 40-100 Hz

2.8 Auxiliary Control Devices

A. Electric Damper and Valve Actuators.

1. Stall Protection. Mechanical or electronic stall protection shall prevent actuator damage throughout the actuator's rotation.
2. Spring-return Mechanism. Actuators used for power-failure and safety applications shall have an internal mechanical spring-return mechanism or an uninterruptible power supply (UPS).
3. Signal and Range. Proportional actuators shall accept a 0-10 Vdc or a 0-20 mA control signal and shall have a 2-10 Vdc or 4-20 mA operating range. (Floating motor actuators may be substituted for proportional actuators in terminal unit applications as described in paragraph 2.6H.)
4. Wiring. 24 Vac and 24 Vdc actuators shall operate on Class 2 wiring.
5. Manual Positioning. Operators shall be able to manually position each actuator when the actuator is not powered. Non-spring-return actuators shall have an external manual gear release. Spring-return actuators with more than 7 N·m (60 in.-lb) torque capacity shall have a manual crank.

B. Control Valves.

1. General. Select body and trim materials in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations for design conditions and service shown.
2. Type. Provide two- or three-way control valves for two-position or modulating service as shown.
3. Water Valves.
 - a. Valves providing two-position service shall be quick opening. Two-way valves shall have replaceable disc or ball.
 - b. Close-off (Differential) Pressure Rating. Valve actuator and trim shall provide the following minimum close-off pressure ratings.
 - i. Two-way: 150% of total system (pump) head.
 - ii. Three-way: 300% of pressure differential between ports A and B at design flow or 100% of total system (pump) head.
 - c. Ports. Valves providing modulating service shall have equal percentage ports.
 - d. Sizing.
 - i. Two-position service: line size.

- ii. Two-way modulating service: select pressure drop equal to the greatest of twice the pressure drop through heat exchanger (load), 50% of the pressure difference between supply and return mains, or 35 kPa (5 psi).
- iii. Three-way modulating service: select pressure drop equal to the smaller of twice the pressure drop through the coil exchanger (load) or 35 kPa (5 psi).
- e. Fail Position. Water valves shall fail normally open or closed as follows unless otherwise specified.
 - i. Water zone valves: normally open.
 - ii. Heating coils in air handlers: normally open.
 - iii. Chilled water control valves: normally closed.
 - iv. Other applications: as scheduled or as required by sequences of operation.

C. Binary Temperature Devices.

1. Low-Voltage Space Thermostats. Low-voltage space thermostats shall be 24 V, bimetal-operated, mercury-switch type, with adjustable or fixed anticipation heater, concealed setpoint adjustment, 13°C-30°C (55°F-85°F) setpoint range, 1°C (2°F) maximum differential, and vented ABS plastic cover.
2. Line-Voltage Space Thermostats. Line-voltage space thermostats shall be bimetal-actuated, open-contact type or bellows-actuated, enclosed, snap-switch type or equivalent solid-state type, with heat anticipator, UL listing for electrical rating, concealed setpoint adjustment, 13°C-30°C (55°F-85°F) setpoint range, 1°C (2°F) maximum differential, and vented ABS plastic cover.
3. Low-Limit Thermostats. Low-limit airstream thermostats shall be UL listed, vapor pressure type. Element shall be at least 6 m (20 ft) long. Element shall sense temperature in each 30 cm (1 ft) section and shall respond to lowest sensed temperature. Low-limit thermostat shall be manual reset only.

D. Temperature Sensors.

1. Type. Temperature sensors shall be Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) or thermistor.
2. Duct Sensors. Duct sensors shall be single point or averaging as shown. Averaging sensors shall be a minimum of 1.5 m (5 ft) in length per 1 m² (10 ft²) of duct cross-section.
3. Immersion Sensors. Provide immersion sensors with a separable stainless steel well. Well pressure rating shall be consistent with system pressure it will be immersed in. Well shall withstand pipe design flow velocities.
4. Space Sensors. Space sensors shall have setpoint adjustment, override switch, display, and communication port as shown.
5. Differential Sensors. Provide matched sensors for differential temperature measurement.

E. Flow Switches. Flow-proving switches shall be paddle (water service only) or differential pressure type (air or water service) as shown. Switches shall be UL listed, SPDT snap-acting, and pilot duty rated (125 VA minimum).

1. Paddle switches shall have adjustable sensitivity and NEMA 1 enclosure unless otherwise specified.
2. Differential pressure switches shall have scale range and differential suitable for intended application and NEMA 1 enclosure unless otherwise specified.

F. Relays.

- F. Each run of communication wiring shall be a continuous length without splices when that length is commercially available. Runs longer than commercially available lengths shall have as few splices as possible using commercially available lengths.
- G. Label communication wiring to indicate origination and destination.
- H. Ground coaxial cable according to NEC regulations article on "Communications Circuits, Cable, and Protector Grounding."

3.8 Fiber Optic Cable

- A. During installation do not exceed maximum pulling tensions specified by cable manufacturer. Post-installation residual cable tension shall be within cable manufacturer's specifications.
- B. Install cabling and associated components according to manufacturers' instructions. Do not exceed minimum cable and unjacketed fiber bend radii specified by cable manufacturer.

3.9 Installation of Sensors

- A. Install sensors according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Mount sensors rigidly and adequately for operating environment.
- C. Install room temperature sensors on concealed junction boxes properly supported by wall framing.
- D. Air seal wires attached to sensors in their raceways or in the wall to prevent sensor readings from being affected by air transmitted from other areas.
- E. Use averaging sensors in mixing plenums and hot and cold decks. Install averaging sensors in a serpentine manner vertically across duct. Support each bend with a capillary clip.
- F. Install mixing plenum low-limit sensors in a serpentine manner horizontally across duct. Support each bend with a capillary clip. Provide 3 m (1 ft) of sensing element for each 1 m² (1 ft²) of coil area.
- G. Install pipe-mounted temperature sensors in wells. Install liquid temperature sensors with heat-conducting fluid in thermal wells.
- H. Install outdoor air temperature sensors on north wall at designated location with sun shield.
- I. Differential Air Static Pressure.
 - 1. Supply Duct Static Pressure. Pipe high-pressure tap to duct using a pitot tube. Make pressure tap connections according to manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 2. Return Duct Static Pressure. Pipe high-pressure tap to duct using a pitot tube. Make pressure tap connections according to manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 3. Building Static Pressure. Pipe pressure sensor's low-pressure port to the static pressure port located on the outside of the building through a high-volume accumulator. Pipe high-pressure port to a location behind a thermostat cover.
 - 4. Piping to pressure transducer pressure ports shall contain a capped test port adjacent to transducer.
 - 5. Pressure transducers, except those controlling VAV boxes, shall be located in control panels, not on monitored equipment or on ductwork. Mount transducers in a vibration-free location accessible for service without use of ladders or special equipment.
 - 6. Mount gauge tees adjacent to air and water differential pressure taps. Install shut-off valves before tee for water gauges.

1. Control Relays. Control relays shall be plug-in type, UL listed, and shall have dust-cover and LED "energized" indicator. Contact rating, configuration, and coil voltage shall be suitable for application.
 2. Time Delay Relays. Time delay relays shall be solid-state plug-in type, UL listed, and shall have adjustable time delay. Delay shall be adjustable $\pm 100\%$ from setpoint shown. Contact rating, configuration, and coil voltage shall be suitable for application. Provide NEMA 1 enclosure for relays not installed in local control panel.
- G. Override Timers.
1. Unless implemented in control software, override timers shall be spring-wound line voltage, UL Listed, with contact rating and configuration required by application. Provide 0-6 hour calibrated dial unless otherwise specified. Flush mount timer on local control panel face or where shown.
- H. Current Transmitters.
1. AC current transmitters shall be self-powered, combination split-core current transformer type with built-in rectifier and high-gain servo amplifier with 4-20 mA two-wire output. Full-scale unit ranges shall be 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 150 A, and 200 A, with internal zero and span adjustment. Unit accuracy shall be $\pm 1\%$ full-scale at 500 ohm maximum burden.
 2. Transmitter shall meet or exceed ANSI/ISA S50.1 requirements and shall be UL/CSA recognized.
 3. Unit shall be split-core type for clamp-on installation on existing wiring.
- I. Current Transformers.
1. AC current transformers shall be UL/CSA recognized and shall be completely encased (except for terminals) in approved plastic material.
 2. Transformers shall be available in various current ratios and shall be selected for $\pm 1\%$ accuracy at 5 A full-scale output.
 3. Use fixed-core transformers for new wiring installation and split-core transformers for existing wiring installation.
- J. Voltage Transmitters.
1. AC voltage transmitters shall be self-powered single-loop (two-wire) type, 4-20 mA output with zero and span adjustment.
 2. Adjustable full-scale unit ranges shall be 100-130 Vac, 200-250 Vac, 250-330 Vac, and 400-600 Vac. Unit accuracy shall be $\pm 1\%$ full-scale at 500 ohm maximum burden.
 3. Transmitters shall meet or exceed ANSI/ISA S50.1 requirements and shall be UL/CSA recognized at 600 Vac rating.
- K. Voltage Transformers.
1. AC voltage transformers shall be UL/CSA recognized, 600 Vac rated, and shall have built-in fuse protection.
 2. Transformers shall be suitable for ambient temperatures of 4°C-55°C (40°F-130°F) and shall provide $\pm 0.5\%$ accuracy at 24 Vac and 5 VA load.
 3. Windings (except for terminals) shall be completely enclosed with metal or plastic.
- L. Power Monitors.
1. Power monitors shall be three-phase type and shall have three-phase disconnect and shorting switch assembly, UL listed voltage transformers, and UL listed split-core current transformers.
 2. Power monitors shall provide selectable output: rate pulse for kWh reading or 4-20 mA for kW reading. Power monitors shall operate with 5 A current inputs and maximum error of $\pm 2\%$ at 1.0 power factor or $\pm 2.5\%$ at 0.5 power factor.

M. Current Switches.

1. Current-operated switches shall be self-powered, solid-state with adjustable trip current. Select switches to match application current and DDC system output requirements.

N. Pressure Transducers.

1. Transducers shall have linear output signal and field-adjustable zero and span.
2. Continuous operating conditions of positive or negative pressure 50% greater than calibrated span shall not damage transducer sensing elements.
3. Water pressure transducer diaphragm shall be stainless steel with minimum proof pressure of 1000 kPa (150 psi). Transducer shall have 4-20 mA output, suitable mounting provisions, and block and bleed valves.
4. Water differential pressure transducer diaphragm shall be stainless steel with minimum proof pressure of 1000 kPa (150 psi). Over-range limit (differential pressure) and maximum static pressure shall be 2000 kPa (300 psi.) Transducer shall have 4-20 mA output, suitable mounting provisions, and 5-valve manifold.

O. Differential Pressure Switches. Differential pressure switches (air or water service) shall be UL listed, SPDT snap-acting, pilot duty rated (125 VA minimum) and shall have scale range and differential suitable for intended application and NEMA 1 enclosure unless otherwise specified.

P. Pressure-Electric (PE) Switches. PE switches shall be UL listed, pilot duty rated (125 VA minimum) or motor control rated, metal or neoprene diaphragm actuated, operating pressure rated for 0-175 kPa (0-25 psig), with calibrated scale minimum setpoint range of 14-125 kPa (2-18 psig).

1. Provide one- or two-stage switch action (SPDT, DPST, or DPDT) as required by application.
2. Switches shall be open type (panel-mounted). Exception: Switches shall be enclosed type for remote installation. Enclosed type shall be NEMA 1 unless otherwise specified.
3. Each pneumatic signal line to PE switches shall have permanent indicating gauge.

Q. Local Control Panels.

1. Indoor control panels shall be fully enclosed NEMA 1 construction with hinged door key-lock latch and removable sub-panels. A common key shall open each control panel and sub-panel.
2. Prewire internal and face-mounted device connections with color-coded stranded conductors tie-wrapped or neatly installed in plastic troughs. Field connection terminals shall be UL listed for 600 V service, individually identified per control and interlock drawings, with adequate clearance for field wiring.
3. Each local panel shall have a control power source power switch (on-off) with overcurrent protection.

2.9 Wiring and Raceways

- A. General. Provide copper wiring, plenum cable, and raceways as specified in Section 16050.
- B. Insulated wire shall use copper conductors and shall be UL listed for 90°C (200°F) minimum service.

2.10 Fiber Optic Cable System

- A. **Optical Cable.** Optical cables shall be duplex 900 mm tight-buffer construction designed for intra-building environments. Sheath shall be UL listed OFNP in accordance with NEC Article 770. Optical fiber shall meet the requirements of FDDI, ANSI X3T9.5 PMD for 62.5/125mm.
- B. **Connectors.** Field terminate optical fibers with ST type connectors. Connectors shall have ceramic ferrules and metal bayonet latching bodies.

PART 3: EXECUTION

3.1 Examination

- A. Thoroughly examine project plans for control device and equipment locations. Report discrepancies, conflicts, or omissions to University Representative for resolution before starting rough-in work.
- B. Inspect site to verify that equipment can be installed as shown. Report discrepancies, conflicts, or omissions to University Representative for resolution before starting rough-in work.
- C. Examine drawings and specifications for work of others. Report inadequate headroom or space conditions or other discrepancies to University Representative and obtain written instructions for changes necessary to accommodate Section 15950 work with work of others. Contractor shall perform at his expense necessary changes in specified work caused by failure or neglect to report discrepancies.

3.2 Protection

- A. Contractor shall protect against and be liable for damage to work and to material caused by Contractor's work or employees.
- B. Contractor shall be responsible for work and equipment until inspected, tested, and accepted. Protect material not immediately installed. Close open ends of work with temporary covers or plugs during storage and construction to prevent entry of foreign objects.

3.3 Coordination

- A. **Site.**
 - 1. Assist in coordinating space conditions to accommodate the work of each trade where work will be installed near or will interfere with work of other trades. If installation without coordination causes interference with work of other trades, Contractor shall correct conditions without extra charge.
 - 2. Coordinate and schedule work with other work in the same area and with work dependent upon other work to facilitate mutual progress.
- B. **Submittals.** See Section 15950 Article 1.10 (Submittals).
- C. **Test and Balance.**
 - 1. Provide Test and Balance Contractor a single set of necessary tools to interface to control system for testing and balancing.
 - 2. Train Test and Balance Contractor to use control system interface tools.

3. Provide a qualified technician to assist with testing and balancing the first 20 terminal units.
 4. Test and Balance Contractor shall return tools undamaged and in working condition at completion of testing and balancing.
- D. Coordination with Other Controls. Integrate with and coordinate controls and control devices furnished or installed by others as follows.
1. Communication media and equipment shall be provided as specified in Section 15950 Article 2.2 (Communication).
 2. Each supplier of a controls product shall configure, program, start up, and test that product to meet the sequences of operation described in Section 15950 regardless of where within the contract documents those products are described.
 3. Coordinate and resolve incompatibility issues that arise between control products provided under this section and those provided under other sections or divisions of this specification.
 4. Contractor shall be responsible for integration of control products provided by multiple suppliers regardless of where integration is described within the contract documents.

3.4 General Workmanship

- A. Install equipment, piping, and wiring or raceway horizontally, vertically, and parallel to walls wherever possible.
- B. Provide sufficient slack and flexible connections to allow for piping and equipment vibration isolation.
- C. Install equipment in readily accessible locations as defined by National Electrical Code (NEC) Chapter 1 Article 100 Part A.
- D. Verify wiring integrity to ensure continuity and freedom from shorts and ground faults.
- E. Equipment, installation, and wiring shall comply with industry specifications and standards and local codes for performance, reliability, and compatibility.

3.5 Field Quality Control

- A. Work, materials, and equipment shall comply with rules and regulations of applicable local, state, and federal codes and ordinances as identified in Section 15950 Article 1.8 (Codes and Standards).
- B. Continually monitor field installation for code compliance and workmanship quality.
- C. Contractor shall arrange for work inspection by local or state authorities having jurisdiction over the work.

3.6 Wiring

- A. Control and interlock wiring and installation shall comply with national and local electrical codes and manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. NEC Class 1 (line voltage) wiring shall be UL listed in approved raceway as specified by NEC and Section 16050.
- C. Low-voltage wiring shall meet NEC Class 2 requirements. Subfuse low-voltage power circuits as required to meet Class 2 current limit.
- D. NEC Class 2 (current-limited) wires not in raceway but in concealed and accessible locations such as return air plenums shall be UL listed for the intended application.

- E. Install wiring in raceway where subject to mechanical damage and at levels below 3 m (10ft) in mechanical, electrical, or service rooms.
- F. Install Class 1 and Class 2 wiring in separate raceways. Boxes and panels containing high-voltage wiring and equipment shall not be used for low-voltage wiring except for the purpose of interfacing the two through relays and transformers.
- G. Do not install wiring in raceway containing tubing.
- H. Run exposed Class 2 wiring parallel to a surface or perpendicular to it and tie neatly at 3 m (10 ft) intervals.
- I. Use structural members to support or anchor plenum cables without raceway. Do not use ductwork, electrical raceways, piping, or ceiling suspension systems to support or anchor cables.
- J. Secure raceways with raceway clamps fastened to structure and spaced according to code requirements. Raceways and pull boxes shall not be hung on or attached to ductwork, electrical raceways, piping, or ceiling suspension systems.
- K. Size raceway and select wire size and type in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and NEC requirements.
- L. Include one pull string in each raceway 2.5 cm (1 in.) or larger.
- M. Use color-coded conductors throughout.
- N. Locate control and status relays in designated enclosures only. Do not install control and status relays in packaged equipment control panel enclosures containing Class 1 starters.
- O. Conceal raceways except within mechanical, electrical, or service rooms. Maintain minimum clearance of 15 cm (6 in.) between raceway and high-temperature equipment such as steam pipes or flues.
- P. Adhere to requirements in Section 16050 where raceway crosses building expansion joints.
- Q. Install insulated bushings on raceway ends and enclosure openings. Seal top ends of vertical raceways.
- R. Terminate control and interlock wiring related to the work of this section. Maintain at the job site updated (as-built) wiring diagrams that identify terminations.
- S. Flexible metal raceways and liquid-tight flexible metal raceways shall not exceed 1 m (3 ft) in length and shall be supported at each end. Do not use flexible metal raceway less than ½ in. electrical trade size. Use liquid-tight flexible metal raceways in areas exposed to moisture including chiller and boiler rooms.
- T. Install raceway rigidly, support adequately, ream at both ends, and leave clean and free of obstructions. Join raceway sections with couplings and according to code. Make terminations in boxes with fittings. Make terminations not in boxes with bushings.

3.7 Communication Wiring

- A. Communication wiring shall be low-voltage Class 2 wiring and shall comply with Article 3.7 (Wiring).
- B. Install communication wiring in separate raceways and enclosures from other Class 2 wiring.
- C. During installation do not exceed maximum cable pulling, tension, or bend radius specified by the cable manufacturer.
- D. Verify entire network's integrity following cable installation using appropriate tests for each cable.
- E. Install lightning arrestor according to manufacturer's recommendations between cable and ground where a cable enters or exits a building.

- I. Smoke detectors, freezestats, high-pressure cut-offs, and other safety switches shall be hard-wired to de-energize equipment as described in the sequence of operation. Switches shall require manual reset. Provide contacts that allow DDC software to monitor safety switch status.

3.10 Flow Switch Installation

- A. Use correct paddle for pipe diameter.
- B. Adjust flow switch according to manufacturer's instructions.

3.11 Actuators

- A. General. Mount actuators and adapters according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Electric and Electronic Damper Actuators. Mount actuators directly on damper shaft or jackshaft unless shown as a linkage installation. Link actuators according to manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 1. For low-leakage dampers with seals, mount actuator with a minimum 5° travel available for damper seal tightening.
 - 2. To compress seals when spring-return actuators are used on normally closed dampers, power actuator to approximately 5° open position, manually close the damper, then tighten linkage.
 - 3. Check operation of damper-actuator combination to confirm that actuator modulates damper smoothly throughout stroke to both open and closed positions.
 - 4. Provide necessary mounting hardware and linkages for actuator installation.
- C. Valve Actuators. Connect actuators to valves with adapters approved by actuator manufacturer.

3.12 Warning Labels

- A. Affix permanent warning labels to equipment that can be automatically started by the control system.
 - 1. Labels shall use white lettering (12-point type or larger) on a red background.
 - 2. Warning labels shall read as follows.

CAUTION

This equipment is operating under automatic control and may start or stop at any time without warning. Switch disconnect to "Off" position before servicing.

- B. Affix permanent warning labels to motor starters and control panels that are connected to multiple power sources utilizing separate disconnects.
 - 1. Labels shall use white lettering (12-point type or larger) on a red background.
 - 2. Warning labels shall read as follows.

CAUTION

This equipment is fed from more than one power source with separate disconnects. Disconnect all power sources before servicing.

3.13 Identification of Hardware and Wiring

- A. Label wiring and cabling, including that within factory-fabricated panels, with control system address or termination number at each end within 5 cm (2 in.) of termination.
- B. Label pneumatic tubing at each end within 5 cm (2 in.) of termination with a descriptive identifier.
- C. Permanently label or code each point of field terminal strips to show instrument or item served.
- D. Label control panels with minimum 1 cm (½ in.) letters on laminated plastic nameplates.
- E. Label each control component with a permanent label. Label plug-in components such that label remains stationary during component replacement.
- F. Label room sensors related to terminal boxes or valves with nameplates.
- G. Manufacturers' nameplates and UL or CSA labels shall be visible and legible after equipment is installed.
- H. Label identifiers shall match record documents.

3.14 Programming

- A. Point Naming. Name points as shown on the equipment points list provided with each sequence of operation. See Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation). Where multiple points with the same name reside in the same controller, each point name may be customized with its associated Program Object number. For example, "Zone Temp 1" for Zone 1, "Zone Temp 2" for Zone 2.
- B. Software Programming. Programming shall provide actions for each possible situation. Graphic- or parameter-based programs shall be documented. Text-based programs shall be modular, structured, and commented to clearly describe each section of the program.
 - 1. Application Programming. Provide application programming that adheres to sequences of operation, Article 3.19, specified in Section 15950. Program documentation or comment statements shall reflect language used in sequences of operation.
 - 2. System Programming. Provide system programming necessary for system operation.
- C. Operator Interface.
 - 1. Standard Graphics. Provide graphics as specified in Section 15950 Article 2.3 Paragraph E.2 (System Graphics). Show on each equipment graphic input and output points and relevant calculated points such as indicated in Section 15950, Article 3.19 (Sequences of Operation). Point information on graphics shall dynamically update.
 - 2. Install, initialize, start up, and troubleshoot operator interface software and functions (including operating system software, operator interface database, and third-party software installation and integration required for successful operator interface operation) as described in Section 15950.

3.15 Control System Checkout and Testing

- A. Startup Testing. Complete startup testing to verify operational control system before notifying University of system demonstration. Provide University with schedule for startup testing. University may have representative present during any or all startup testing.
 - 1. Calibrate and prepare for service each instrument, control, and accessory equipment furnished under Section 15950.

2. Verify that control wiring is properly connected and free of shorts and ground faults. Verify that terminations are tight.
3. Enable control systems and verify each input device's calibration. Calibrate each device according to manufacturer's recommendations.
4. Verify that binary output devices such as relays, solenoid valves, two-position actuators and control valves, and magnetic starters, operate properly and that normal positions are correct.
5. Verify that analog output devices such as I/Ps and actuators are functional, that start and span are correct, and that direction and normal positions are correct. Check control valves and automatic dampers to ensure proper action and closure. Make necessary adjustments to valve stem and damper blade travel.
6. Prepare a log documenting startup testing of each input and output device, with technician's initials certifying each device has been tested and calibrated.
7. Verify that system operates according to sequences of operation. Simulate and observe each operational mode by overriding and varying inputs and schedules. Tune PID loops and each control routine that requires tuning.
8. Alarms and Interlocks.
 - a. Check each alarm with an appropriate signal at a value that will trip the alarm.
 - b. Trip interlocks using field contacts to check logic and to ensure that actuators fail in the proper direction.
 - c. Test interlock actions by simulating alarm conditions to check initiating value of variable and interlock action.

3.16 Control System Demonstration and Acceptance

- A. Demonstration. Prior to acceptance, perform the following performance tests to demonstrate system operation and compliance with specification after and in addition to tests specified in Article 3.17 (Control System Checkout and Testing). Provide University Representative with log documenting completion of startup tests.
1. Engineer will be present to observe and review system demonstration. Notify Engineer at least 10 days before system demonstration begins.
 2. Demonstration shall follow process submitted and approved under Section 15950 Article 1.10 (Submittals). Complete approved checklists and forms for each system as part of system demonstration.
 3. Demonstrate actual field operation of each sequence of operation as specified in Section 15950, Article 3.19. Provide at least two persons equipped with two-way communication. Demonstrate calibration and response of any input and output points requested by University Representative. Provide and operate test equipment required to prove proper system operation.
 4. Demonstrate compliance with Section 15950 Part 1 (System Performance).
 5. Demonstrate compliance with sequences of operation through each operational mode.
 6. Demonstrate complete operation of operator interface.
 7. Demonstrate each of the following.
 - a. DDC loop response. Supply graphical trend data output showing each DDC loop's response to a setpoint change representing an actuator position change of at least 25% of full range. Trend sampling rate shall be from 10 seconds to 3 minutes, depending on loop speed. Each sample's trend data shall show setpoint, actuator position, and controlled

variable values. Engineer will require further tuning of each loop that displays unreasonably under- or over-damped control.

- b. Demand limiting. Supply trend data output showing demand-limiting algorithm action. Trend data shall document action sampled each minute over at least a 30-minute period and shall show building kW, demand-limiting setpoint, and status of setpoints and other affected equipment parameters.
 - c. Building fire alarm system interface.
 - d. Trend logs for each system. Trend data shall indicate setpoints, operating points, valve positions, and other data as specified in the points list provided with each sequence of operation in Section 15950, Article 3.19. Each log shall cover three 48-hour periods and shall have a sample frequency not less than 10 minutes or as specified on its points list. Logs shall be accessible through system's operator interface and shall be retrievable for use in other software programs as specified in Section 15950, Article 2.3 Paragraph E.11 (Trend Configuration).
8. Tests that fail to demonstrate proper system operation shall be repeated after Contractor makes necessary repairs or revisions to hardware or software to successfully complete each test.

B. Acceptance.

1. After tests described in this specification are performed to the satisfaction of the University Representative, the University Representative will accept control system as meeting completion requirements. University Representative may exempt tests from completion requirements that cannot be performed due to circumstances beyond Contractor's control. University Representative will provide written statement of each exempted test. Exempted tests shall be performed as part of warranty.
2. System shall not be accepted until completed demonstration forms and checklists are submitted and approved as required in Section 15950 Article 1.10 (Submittals).

3.17 Cleaning

- A. Each day clean up debris resulting from work. Remove packaging material as soon as its contents have been removed. Collect waste and place in designated location.
- B. On completion of work in each area, clean work debris and equipment. Keep areas free from dust, dirt, and debris.
- C. On completion of work, check equipment furnished under this section for paint damage. Repair damaged factory-finished paint to match adjacent areas. Replace deformed cabinets and enclosures with new material and repaint to match adjacent areas.

3.18 Training

- A. Provide training for a designated staff of University's representatives. Training shall be provided via self-paced training, web-based or computer-based training, classroom training, or a combination of training methods.
- B. Training shall enable students to accomplish the following objectives.
 1. Proficiently operate system
 2. Understand control system architecture and configuration
 3. Understand DDC system components

4. Understand system operation, including DDC system control and optimizing routines (algorithms)
 5. Operate workstation and peripherals
 6. Log on and off system
 7. Access graphics, point reports, and logs
 8. Adjust and change system setpoints, time schedules, and holiday schedules
 9. Recognize common HVAC system malfunctions by observing system graphics, trend graphs, and other system tools
 10. Understand system drawings and Operation and Maintenance manual
 11. Understand job layout and location of control components
 12. Access data from DDC controllers
 13. Operate portable operator's terminals
 14. Create and change system graphics
 15. Create, delete, and modify alarms, including configuring alarm reactions
 16. Create, delete, and modify point trend logs (graphs) and multi-point trend graphs
 17. Configure and run reports
 18. Add, remove, and modify system's physical points
 19. Create, modify, and delete application programming
 20. Add operator interface stations
 21. Add a new controller to system
 22. Download firmware and advanced applications programming to a controller
 23. Configure and calibrate I/O points
 24. Maintain software and prepare backups
 25. Interface with job-specific, third-party operator software
 26. Add new users and understand password security procedures
- C. Divide presentation of objectives into three sessions (1-13, 14-23, and 24-26). Participants will attend one or more of sessions, depending on knowledge level required.
1. Day-to-day Operators (objectives 1-13)
 2. Advanced Operators (objectives 1-13 and 14-23)
 3. System Managers and Administrators (objectives 1-13 and 24-26)
- D. Provide course outline and materials according to Section 15950 Article 1.8 (Submittals). Provide one copy of training material per student.
- E. Instructors shall be factory-trained and experienced in presenting this material.
- F. Perform classroom training using a network of working controllers representative of installed hardware.

3.19 Sequences of Operation

- A. Variable Air Volume - AHU (typical of 3)

Run Conditions - Scheduled:

The unit shall run based upon an operator adjustable schedule.

Freeze Protection:

The unit shall shut down and generate an alarm upon receiving a freeze stat status.

High Static Shutdown:

The unit shall shut down and generate an alarm upon receiving an high static shutdown signal.

Return Air Smoke Detection:

The unit shall shut down and generate an alarm upon receiving a return air smoke detector status.

Supply Air Smoke Detection:

The unit shall shut down and generate an alarm upon receiving a supply air smoke detector status.

AHU Optimal Start:

The unit shall start prior to scheduled occupancy based on the time necessary for the zones to reach their occupied setpoints. The start time shall automatically adjust based on changes in outside air temperature and zone temperatures.

Supply Fan:

The supply fan shall run anytime the unit is commanded to run, unless shutdown on safeties. To prevent short cycling, the supply fan shall have a user definable (adj.) minimum runtime.

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- a. Supply Fan Failure: Commanded on, but the status is off.
- b. Supply Fan in Hand: Commanded off, but the status is on.
- c. Supply Fan Runtime Exceeded: Status runtime exceeds a user definable limit (adj.).

Supply Air Duct Static Pressure Control:

The controller shall measure duct static pressure and modulate the supply fan VFD speed to maintain a duct static pressure setpoint. The speed shall not drop below 30% (adj.). The static pressure setpoint shall be reset based on zone cooling requirements.

- d. The initial duct static pressure setpoint shall be 1.5in H₂O (adj.).
- e. As cooling demand increases, the setpoint shall incrementally reset up to a maximum of 1.8in H₂O (adj.).
- f. As cooling demand decreases, the setpoint shall incrementally reset down to a minimum of 1.3in H₂O (adj.).

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- g. High Supply Air Static Pressure: If the supply air static pressure is 25% (adj.) greater than setpoint.
- h. Low Supply Air Static Pressure: If the supply air static pressure is 25% (adj.) less than setpoint.
- i. Supply Fan VFD Fault.

Supply Air Temperature Setpoint - Optimized:

The controller shall monitor the supply air temperature and shall maintain a supply air temperature setpoint reset based on zone cooling requirements.

The supply air temperature setpoint shall be reset based on zone cooling requirements as follows:

- j. The initial supply air temperature setpoint shall be 55°F (adj.).
- k. As cooling demand increases, the setpoint shall incrementally reset down to a minimum of 53°F (adj.).
- l. As cooling demand decreases, the setpoint shall incrementally reset up to a maximum of 58°F (adj.).

Cooling Coil Valve:

The controller shall measure the supply air temperature and modulate the cooling coil valve to maintain its cooling setpoint.

The cooling shall be enabled whenever:

- m. Outside air temperature is greater than 55°F (adj.).
- n. AND the supply fan status is on.
- o. AND the heating (if present) is not active.

The cooling coil valve shall open to 50% (adj.) whenever the freezestat (if present) is on.

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- p. High Supply Air Temp: If the supply air temperature is 5°F (adj.) greater than setpoint.

Low Supply Air Temperature Alarm:

The controller shall alarm if the supply air temperature is less than 45°F (adj.).

Dehumidification:

The controller shall measure the return air humidity and override the cooling sequence to maintain return air humidity at or below 60% rh (adj.). The supply air temperature shall be reset down to 52°F (adj.) on an increase in humidity above setpoint. Dehumidification shall be enabled whenever the supply fan status is on.

Pre-filter Differential Pressure Monitor:

The controller shall monitor the differential pressure across the pre-filter.

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- q. Pre-filter Change Required: Pre-filter differential pressure exceeds a user definable limit (adj.).

Mixed Air Temperature:

The controller shall monitor the mixed air temperature and use as required for economizer control (if present) or preheating control (if present).

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- r. High Mixed Air Temp: If the mixed air temperature is greater than 90°F (adj.).
- s. Low Mixed Air Temp: If the mixed air temperature is less than 45°F (adj.).

Humidity:

The controller shall monitor the humidity and use as required for humidity control.

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- t. High Return Air Humidity: If the return air humidity is greater than 70% (adj.).
- u. Low Return Air Humidity: If the return air humidity is less than 35% (adj.).

Return Air Temperature:

The controller shall monitor the return air temperature and use as required for setpoint control or economizer control (if present).

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- v. High Return Air Temp: If the return air temperature is greater than 90°F (adj.).
- w. Low Return Air Temp: If the return air temperature is less than 45°F (adj.).

Supply Air Temperature:

The controller shall monitor the supply air temperature.

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- x. High Supply Air Temp: If the supply air temperature is greater than 120°F (adj.).
- y. Low Supply Air Temp: If the supply air temperature is less than 45°F (adj.).

Point Name	Hardware Points				Software Points					Show On Graphic
	AI	AQ	BI	BO	AV	BV	Sched	Trend	Alarm	
Supply Air Static Pressure	x							x	x	
Prefilter Differential Pressure	x							x		
Mixed Air Temp	x							x		
Return Air Humidity	x							x		
Return Air Temp	x							x		
Supply Air Temp	x							x		
Supply Fan VFD Speed		x						x		
Cooling Valve		x						x		
Freezestat			x					x	x	

Variable Air Volume - Terminal Unit (typical of 20)

Run Conditions - Scheduled:

The unit shall run according to a user definable time schedule in the following modes:

- z. Occupied Mode: The unit shall maintain
 - i. A 74°F (adj.) cooling setpoint
 - ii. A 70°F (adj.) heating setpoint.
- aa. Unoccupied Mode (night setback): The unit shall maintain
 - i. A 78°F (adj.) cooling setpoint.
 - ii. A 65°F (adj.) heating setpoint.

Alarms shall be provided as follows:

- bb. High Zone Temp: If the zone temperature is greater than the cooling setpoint by a user definable amount (adj.).
- cc. Low Zone Temp: If the zone temperature is less than the heating setpoint by a user definable amount (adj.).

Zone Setpoint Adjust:

The occupant shall be able to adjust the zone temperature heating and cooling setpoints at the zone sensor.

Zone Optimal Start:

The unit shall use an optimal start algorithm for morning start-up. This algorithm shall minimize the unoccupied warm-up or cool-down period while still achieving comfort conditions by the start of scheduled occupied period.

Zone Unoccupied Override:

A timed local override control shall allow an occupant to override the schedule and place the unit into an occupied mode for an adjustable period of time. At the expiration of this time, control of the unit shall automatically return to the schedule.

Variable Volume Terminal Unit - Flow Control:

The unit shall maintain zone setpoints by controlling the airflow through one of the following:

Occupied:

- dd. When zone temperature is greater than its cooling setpoint, the zone damper shall modulate between the minimum occupied airflow (adj.) and the maximum cooling airflow (adj.) until the zone is satisfied.
- ee. When the zone temperature is between the cooling setpoint and the heating setpoint, the zone damper shall maintain the minimum required zone ventilation (adj.).
- ff. When zone temperature is less than its heating setpoint, the controller shall enable heating to maintain the zone temperature at its heating setpoint. Additionally, if warm air is available from the AHU, the zone damper shall

modulate between the minimum occupied airflow (adj.) and the maximum heating airflow (adj.) until the zone is satisfied.

Unoccupied:

- gg. When the zone is unoccupied the zone damper shall control to its minimum unoccupied airflow (adj.).
- hh. When the zone temperature is greater than its cooling setpoint, the zone damper shall modulate between the minimum unoccupied airflow (adj.) and the maximum cooling airflow (adj.) until the zone is satisfied.
- ii. When zone temperature is less than its unoccupied heating setpoint, the controller shall enable heating to maintain the zone temperature at the setpoint. Additionally, if warm air is available from the AHU, the zone damper shall modulate between the minimum unoccupied airflow (adj.) and the auxiliary heating airflow (adj.) until the zone is satisfied.

Reheating Coil Valve:

The controller shall measure the zone temperature and open the reheating coil valve on dropping temperature to maintain its heating setpoint. If the space humidity rises above setpoint and the cooling valve opens to lower the supply air setpoint, the reheat coil valve in the terminal unit shall open to maintain space temperature and prevent overcooling.

Point Name	Hardware Points				Software Points					Show On Graphic
	AI	AO	BI	BO	AV	BV	Sched	Trend	Alarm	
Zone Temp	×							×		×
Zone Setpoint Adjust	×									×
Airflow	×							×		×
Zone Damper		×								×
Reheating Valve		×						×		×
Zone Override			×					×		×
Airflow Setpoint					×			×		×
Heating Mode						×		×		

Point Name	Hardware Points				Software Points					Show On Graphic
	AI	AO	BI	BO	AV	BV	Sched	Trend	Alarm	
Schedule							x			
Heating Setpoint								x		x
Cooling Setpoint								x		x
High Zone Temp									x	
Low Zone Temp									x	

MISCELLEANEOUS

UNO shall provide the contractor with a JCI FX60 controller. The FX60 shall be installed in one of the 2nd floor mechanical rooms where work is being performed. All new air units, valves, VAV boxes, etc. shall be tied into the FX60. UNO shall provide a dedicated IP address for the FX60. The existing N2 bus for the remainder of the building shall remain in operation for all other equipment. The contractor shall tie the existing N2 bus into the FX60.

END OF SECTION 15950

SECTION 16010-- ELECTRICAL GENERAL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Furnish all labor, tools, materials, fixtures, equipment, accessories, transportation, etc., required for complete electrical lighting and power systems, complete with necessary auxiliaries as indicated on drawings and as hereinafter specified.
- B. The GENERAL CONDITIONS of the Contract, Drawings and Specifications shall apply to all work under this Section. Separation of Specifications into Sections is for convenience only and is not intended to establish limits of work or liability.
- C. In general, the work shall consist of the following installations:
 - 1. Power wiring and connection to new mechanical equipment.
- D. Prior to submitting quotation for electrical work, Contractor shall visit and examine the job site in order to become familiar with all existing conditions pertinent to the work to be performed thereon. No additional compensation will be allowed for failure to be so informed.
- E. It is the intent of these specifications that in all particulars, the materials and workmanship shall conform to the best practice and that the equipment and accessories as furnished and installed shall be complete and ready to operate.
- F. All materials shall be new, except where otherwise indicated, and shall conform with the standards of underwriters' Laboratories in every case where such a standard has been established for the particular type of material in question.
- G. The drawings showing the layout of electrical work indicate approximate location of the outlets, receptacles, panelboards and other electrical equipment, unless noted otherwise. The runs of feeders and branches are schematic only and are not intended to show the exact routing of conduits. Certain routings are as shown to avoid areas with asbestos materials, and may not allow for deviation. The final determination of the routing shall be governed by structural conditions, other conditions and other construction. The Contractor shall consult all drawings which may affect the location of any outlet, apparatus, or equipment to avoid possible interference and any reasonable changes in the location of an outlet, apparatus or equipment, up to the time of rough-in, is reserved by the University Representative, and any minor deviations shall be made without additional cost. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to see that all equipment such as junction boxes, panelboards, switches, and other apparatus, as may require maintenance from time to time, are made easily accessible. Although the location of the equipment may be shown on the drawings, the construction may disclose the fact that such location does not make its position readily accessible, in which case the Contractor shall call the University Representative's attention to the condition before advancing the construction to a point where a change in location would require additional cost.

1.2 MEASUREMENTS

Because of the small scale of the drawings, it is not possible to indicate all offsets, fittings, and accessories necessary. The Contractor shall carefully investigate structural conditions, walls, furring and chase locations and room finishes and shall make actual measurements on the job so that the panelboards, switches, receptacles, lighting fixtures and accessories shall fit.

1.3 LAWS, CODES AND PERMITS

- A. Latest edition of the following listed established standards constitute part of the specification requirements.

National Electrical Code - 2005 (NFPA No. 70)
Applicable State Requirements
Underwriters' Laboratories (UL)
Electrical Testing Laboratories (ETL)
American National Standard Institute (ANSI)
NFPA 101 Life Safety Code - 2007

1.4 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Accompanying drawings, including plans, details, diagrams, notes, etc., are shown to limit and explain structural conditions, construction requirements, sizes, capacities and method of installation and erection. Structural and other conditions may require certain modifications and adjustments from conditions shown. Such deviations are permissible; however, specific sizes capacities and requirements affecting the satisfactory performance and operation of the installation shall remain unchanged. Make allowance for normal job conditions and interferences.
- B. Ask for details whenever uncertain about method of installation. Lack of details not requested shall not excuse improper installation and correction shall be responsibility of the Contractor.
- C. Schedule and perform all electrical work to avoid delays to the Contractor and other trades.
- D. In addition to the basic work covered under this contract, the Contractor shall plan and schedule the work to permit continuous operation of essential services of existing facilities. Planning shall also include scheduling necessary interruptions of electrical service to existing building at times when such interruptions will cause minimum interference with existing routine and services. All such interruptions shall be made only after consultation with the University. This is extremely important since included in the work is a relocation and rerouting of and connecting to existing facilities. No additional compensation will be allowed for failure to be so informed. Contractor shall provide temporary power connections as required to execute work as shown on drawings.
- E. It is essential that all adjacent areas of the building be kept in operation at all times, except when specific permission is given to contrary. Before any power or equipment is shut down

for disconnecting, tie-ins, or rearranging of services, make arrangements with University representative to do this work at night, or Sunday, or at special time of day or year with length of shutdown agreed upon before work is begun. Contractor to bear any overtime or work costs in this connection.

- F. All piping, conduits, conductors and other electrical items in way of construction, shall be rerouted, relocated or otherwise adjusted to work out with such construction or changes shown or specified in any or all of various sections of specifications. Unknown electrical devices that are encountered will be referred immediately to University Representative for method of disposition before continuation of work.
- G. The Contractor shall review the drawings to become familiar with the phasing of construction required for this project.

PART 2 PRODUCTS AND INSTALLATION

2.1 APPROVALS

- A. Name of manufacturer or catalog numbers are mentioned herein in order to establish a standard as to design and quality. Other products similar in design and of equal quality may be used if submitted to the University Representative and approved by him.
- B. Within twenty-one (21) days after award of General Contract, Contractor shall submit complete dimensional shop drawings and descriptive literature covering the following equipment and materials. Written approval thereof must be obtained before ordering or installation.

Safety Switches
Wiring
Circuit Breakers

Conduit and Fittings
Fire Alarm Devices

- C. Comply with requirements regarding submittals, number of copies, and procedures.

2.2 PROTECTION OF FIXTURES, MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Contractor shall continuously maintain adequate protection of all his work from damage and shall protect the University's property from injury or loss, except as may be caused by agents or employees of the University. He shall adequately protect adjacent property as provided by law.
- B. Conduit openings shall be capped or plugged during installation. Fixtures and equipment shall be tightly covered and protected against dirt, moisture, chemical and mechanical injury. At the completion of the work, the fixtures, material and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and delivered in condition satisfactory to the University Representative.

2.3 CUTTING, PATCHING, AND SEALING

- A. All cutting and patching for the work of this Section shall be in accordance with the requirements of the GENERAL CONDITIONS. The Contractor shall perform all necessary cutting and patching required for the installation of work. Where floor or roof is cut or penetrated the structural integrity shall be maintained or restored. Cutting of structural members is prohibited except with prior approval of the University Representative.
- B. Penetrations of all walls, floors, and ceilings shall be sealed with a material capable of preventing the passage of flames and gases in accordance with the requirements of the test standard ASTM-E-814 for fire stops. The integrity of the fire rating, as indicated on the architectural drawings, shall be maintained.

2.4 CLEANING UP

- A. This Contractor shall promptly remove from the jobsite all debris, surplus and waste materials, empty crates and cartons resulting from his work.
- B. This Contractor shall remove all oil, grease or other stains resulting from his work performed in the building or the exterior thereof.

2.5 TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Make tests which may be required by the University or the University Representative in connection with the operation of the electrical system in the building.
- B. All tests shall be made in accordance with the latest standards of the IEEE and the NEC.
- C. The installation shall be tested for performance, grounds, and insulation resistance. "Megger" type instrument shall be used. Circuit continuity tests and operational tests on all equipment furnished and/or connected by him shall be made by the Contractor after such equipment has been installed.
- D. The tests shall be made in the presence of the University Representative. The Contractor shall notify the University or his representative. The Contractor shall notify the University and the University Representative at least seventy-two (72) hours in advance of tests. The Contractor shall provide all testing equipment and all costs shall be borne by him. Written reports shall be made of all tests. All faults shall be corrected immediately.

2.6 PAINTING

- A. Contractor shall touch-up or refinish all items of electrical equipment furnished with a factory finish coat of paint and which may have been damaged regardless of cause.
- B. All electrical equipment such as switches, panelboards, motor controllers, etc., shall be suitably identified with mica nameplates.

2.7 GUARANTEE

Upon completion of all tests and acceptance, the Contractor shall furnish the University a written guarantee covering all electrical work under this Contract for a period of one (1) year from date of final acceptance. Upon notice from the University or University Representative during the Guarantee period, the Contractor shall replace defective materials and correct faults of workmanship and repair any damage caused thereby promptly and free of any charge. Fuses and lamps are excluded from the guarantee.

2.8 CONTRACTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

The Contractor must be licensed to perform such work as required by State and Local laws.

2.9 DIRECTORY CARDS, NAMEPLATES AND EQUIPMENT LABELS

Provide in the directory frame of each panelboard and for each feeder switch or circuit breaker, neatly typed directory cards indicating the general area and type of electrical load.

2.10 SUBSTITUTION

- A. All specified material, equipment, fixtures, etc., entering into the work under this section of contract are subject to the prior approval or disapproval of the University Representative. Refer to Section 3.3 (Substitutions) in Instructions to Bidders for approval procedures.
- B. Materials, equipment, fixtures, etc., herein named or indicated on drawings establish the type, size, appearance and quality required of products other manufacturers must meet to be acceptable.
- C. Requests for substitutions must include necessary data to conclusively demonstrate equality in type, size, appearance, quality, etc. Any deviation in the opinion of University Representative may be cause for rejection.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 COMMISSIONING

- A. Contractor shall install all items of equipment as identified in this specification in strict accordance with manufacturer's requirements (whether identified in this specification or not), shop drawings and contract documents. Contractor shall insure a complete installation. Start-up of all equipment shall be by manufacturer authorized representative. Start-up services shall be provided for as long a period of time as is necessary to insure proper operation of the equipment items. The start-up technician shall conduct all operating tests as required to insure the equipment is operating in accordance with design parameters. Complete testing of all safety and emergency control devices shall be made. The start-up technician shall submit a written report to the University Representative (prior to final punch list inspection) containing all test data recorded as required above and a letter certifying that the equipment is operating properly.
- B. Other specific items of commissioning shall be as follows:

1. Test and balance all new power feeders over 50 amps in accordance with Section 16010, Article 2.5.

2. Provide written reports for all tests described above prior to final punch list inspection.

END OF SECTION - 16010

SECTION 16050 – ELECTRICAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Applicable items of this Section shall apply to all sections of ELECTRICAL.

PART 2 PRODUCTS AND INSTALLATION

2.1 METHODS OF WIRING

- A. No wire shall be smaller than No. 12 except those for fixture drops and for control circuits of equipment. All wire shall have 600-volt insulation equivalent to type THHN/THWN unless otherwise noted on the drawings.
- B. Conductors shall be continuous from outlet to outlet and no splices shall be made except in outlet or junction boxes.
- C. Homeruns to panelboards may be collected in one or more conduits provided all circuiting is done in accordance with Code requirements and the maximum unbalanced current does not exceed the capacity of the neutral conductors.
- D. Powdered soapstone or approved pulling compound shall be used as a pulling lubricant for all non-lead covered conductors. Use Thomas and Betts Wireslick, Ideal 77 or equal.
- E. All empty conduits installed shall contain a #14 fish wire.
- F. Conduit sizes shall conform to the requirements of the National Electric Code and/or sizes shown on the drawings. Minimize size conduit shall be 1/2".
- G. Vertical penetrations of concrete slabs shall be cored and sealed with fire stop. Size and location of all sleeves are subject to the approval of the structural engineer. Conduits routed below the first floor slab shall be rigid galvanized conduit, supported using 3/8" stainless steel threaded rods and steel framing, hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Supports shall be spaced in accordance with NEC-346-12. Any exposed conduits on exterior of building, shall be heavy wall hot dipped galvanized rigid conduit.
- H. Conduits in metal stud walls, exposed within mechanical and electrical rooms, and above ceilings shall be EMT. Conduits in hollow cmu walls shall be EMT with concrete tight set screw fittings. Conduits in solid, infilled cmu walls shall be Schedule 40 PVC.
- I. All raceways shall be concealed unless otherwise indicated.
- J. All conduit and tubing shall be Armco, Plastic Wire & Cable, Steelduct, Republic, Allied, or approved equal.

- K. Branch circuit conduits feeding outlets in masonry walls shall be concealed in masonry. Where outlet boxes are indicated in bare masonry walls, the box shall be mounted so that two edges of the box or plaster cover will fall in a mortar joint. Where switchboxes will not accommodate the number of conductors required and 4" square or larger boxes are installed, the device covers shall be manufactured by Steel City Manufacturing Co., or Appleton, 1" minimum in depth, with straight rectangular openings for dry wall construction. Where grouting is required to fill up improperly cut openings in the masonry, the work will be rejected. Contractor shall cooperate with the bricklayer to insure a neat and workmanlike job.
- L. Solderless Fixed spring connectors (T & B 10-100, Ideal wrap-cap, or equal) shall be used for all branch circuit wiring and fixture connections on all conductors #10 AWG and smaller. Split bolt or 2 bolt connectors (T & B 6 HPW, O-Z Gedney PMX, or equal) shall be used for connections and splices on all conductors #8 AWG or larger.
- M. Connections to all motors not equipped with a portable cord shall be made with a short piece of flexible metal conduit between rigid conduit system and motor terminal box. Ground bond of separate copper conductor shall be made between motor frame and rigid conduit system. In all outdoor locations, liquid tight flexible metal conduit shall be used.
- N. All recessed fixtures, unless they contain a box approved for THW wire shall be wired with THHN, in three feet (3') maximum of flexible metal conduit from a box at least one foot (1') from the fixture. Not more than two individual or two rows of continuous fixtures shall be connected to any one of these outlet boxes. This box shall be located above the ceiling and shall be accessible by removing fixture. Installation of blank covers on ceilings to provide access to such boxes will not be acceptable.
- O. Splices in all low voltage wiring shall be made at terminal blocks furnished with the equipment. At junction boxes or where other splices are required, these splices shall be soldered.
- P. Other routings than those indicated may not be used without the approval of the University Representative, but Contractor shall make allowance for possible obstructions to routes indicated. Conduits shall be grouped together and run on common hangers parallel to building lines in areas of open ceilings.

2.2 WIRING IN RACEWAYS

- A. Conduit sizes shall conform to requirements of the National Electrical Code and/or sizes shown on drawings.
- B. It is not mandatory that all conduits be routed as shown on the drawings. Other routings facilitating speed and ease of installation may be used, provided the general intent of these specifications is followed and the specific intent of the particular circuit or circuits and the National Electrical Code are not violated; such changes and must be approved by the Engineer before work is done. Contractor shall make full allowances for possible obstructions to these routes, as no extra charges will be allowed for added lengths that may be necessary.

- C. Conduits shall be installed in a neat appearing manner and shall be rigidly secured in place. The use of wooden plugs in masonry or concrete as a base to fasten raceways will not be permitted. Approved anchors only shall be used for this purpose. Exposed conduits shall be installed with runs arranged parallel or perpendicular to walls and ceilings, with rigid angle turns consisting of symmetrical bends, conduitlets and junction boxes. Bends and offsets shall be held to a minimum. Conduits shall be kept at least six (6") inches from parallel runs of hot piping, flues, or other hot objects.
- D. Conduits shall be cut with a hacksaw; ends must be square, threads cut and cleaned before reaming. Conduits must be securely fastened to all outlet and junction boxes with two locknuts and one bushing of approved make, care being exercised to see that full number of threads project through to permit bushings to butt up tight against the end of the conduit, after which the locknuts shall be screwed tight. Conduit shall be joined by approved conduit couplings and shall have ends butted in all cases where couplings are used. Use three piece threaded electrical unions where standard couplings cannot be used. The use of running threads will not be permitted. Where conduitlets cannot be joined by standard thread couplings, approved type conduit unions shall be used. Connectors and couplings for electric metallic tubing shall be of the set screw type. Couplings for rigid heavy-wall conduit shall be of the threaded type.
- E. Conduit fittings shall be Crouse-Hinds or Appleton grounding type, or approved equal.
- F. Insulated bushings shall be provided for all conductors #4 and larger.
- G. No wire shall be pulled in until the conduit system is complete and plastering dried. This does not include the white finish coat of plaster.
- H. During Construction, all outlet boxes and conduit stub-ins shall be suitably protected against the entrance of foreign material.

2.3. BOXES AND FITTINGS

- A. Boxes and fittings shall conform to requirements of Article 370 of the N.E.C.
- B. Junction and pull boxes required by field conditions shall be installed whether indicated on drawings or not.
- C. The location of outlets not specifically dimensioned on the drawings should be considered as approximate only. The Contractor shall study the general plans with relation to the spaces surrounding each outlet in order that his work fit the work of others so that when fixtures or other fittings are installed, they will be symmetrically located according to design requirements.
- D. Use only galvanized outlet and junction boxes, conduit fittings, covers, and supports for interior wiring and cast fittings and boxes with gasketed covers for exterior wiring. The Contractor shall provide all necessary structural supports for boxes and cabinets. Kindorf or Unistrut channels shall be used where applicable.

- E. Boxes for concealed outlets shall be 4" square by 1-1/2" deep, or larger, with raised device covers as required, except that 2-3/4" deep switch boxes may be used where only one conduit enters a box.
- F. Boxes for concealed ceiling outlets shall be 4" octagonal by 1-1/2" deep, or larger. Boxes in plaster ceilings shall have plaster covers. Fixture outlet boxes shall be equipped with fixture studs secured to the boxes.
- G. Outlet boxes for exposed work shall be 4" square by 1-1/2" deep, or larger. Boxes shall have Appleton 1/2" deep surface metal covers to accommodate the devices indicated, or approved equal.
- H. In walls or ceilings of concrete, tile or other non-combustible material, boxes and fittings shall be so installed that the front edge of the box or fitting will not set back of the finished surface more than 1/4". In walls or ceilings constructed of wood or other combustible material, outlet boxes and fittings shall be set flush with the finished surface.
- I. If a fixture, canopy or pan is used as an outlet box cover, any combustible wall or ceiling finish between the edge of the canopy and the outlet box shall be covered with non-combustible material.
- J. Fixture studs shall be installed in all fixture outlets. In each case, the maximum permissible number of conductors shall be reduced by one.
- K. Appropriate galvanized blank covers, subject to approval of the Engineer, shall be installed over outlet or junction boxes which do not house a device. Multiple devices shall be installed in one-piece multi-gang box with one-piece multi-gang cover plates. On surface mounted switch and receptacle outlets, provide raised covers to permit mounting devices without additional device plates.
- L. For junction and pull boxes, 14 gauge or thicker sheet metal. Attach covers by means of 1/4" X 20 round head machine screws. In damp locations, provide rubber or neoprene gaskets.
- M. Attention is called to National Electrical Code, Article 370, Paragraph 370-16, Sub-paragraph (a) and (b) relative to allowable number of conductors in outlet boxes. Contractor shall make provisions to prevent overcrowding outlet and junction boxes regardless of number of conductors shown on the drawings at the outlets. There shall be no deviations from Code requirements on this subject.

2.4 CONDUCTORS

- A. All conductors shall be copper and no wire shall be less than #12 AWG except as otherwise noted herein and or indicated on drawings.
- B. All conductors, except as herein noted and/or as indicated on drawings, shall have 600 volt insulation type THHN/THWN. Wiring through channels of continuous surface or suspended fluorescent fixtures shall be Type RHH, or THHN.

- C. Recessed fluorescent fixtures shall be fed with type THHN, or RHH conductors and recessed incandescent fixtures shall be fed with Type THHN conductors.
- D. Conductors #8 and larger shall be stranded. Feeders shall be of the size and type indicated on drawings.
- E. Type MC cable shall not be used.

2.5 GROUNDING

- A. Grounding shall conform to the requirements of Article 250 of the N.E.C.
- B. Contractor shall provide grounding as indicated on drawings, or as required by the modifications to the distribution system.
- C. A grounding conductor shall be provided in all conduit. The grounding conductor shall be green insulated, with a minimum size of #12 AWG, or as indicated on the drawings or per NEC-250. Grounding conductors routed entirely in soil as part of the ground loop shall be bare copper. The grounding conductor connecting the electrical service to the ground system shall be green insulated copper.
- D. Bond jumpers shall be used around concentric or eccentric knockouts on service equipment.
- E. Grounding pole of each polarized receptacle shall be bonded to its outlet box with copper wire and machine or self-tapping screw.

2.6 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

All electrical switches, panels, appurtenances, etc., shall be rigidly supported on Unistrut or equal steel framing which shall be securely fastened to walls, floors, ceilings, etc., as required. Details of framing must be submitted to Engineer for approval before installation.

2.7 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- A. If not otherwise indicated in the drawings, mounting heights to centerline of outlets shall be as follows:
- B. Receptacles - 18" above finished floor except above counter where indicated, or as directed by Owner.
- C. Light Switches - 48" above finished floor.
- D. Panelboard - Not more than 6'-0" from topmost operating handle to floor.
- E. Bracket Fixtures - 8'-0" above floor, or where mounted above exterior door, mirror, medicine cabinet, at a height just sufficient to clear the swing of the door or medicine cabinet.

- F. The above mounting heights may be adjusted as required to permit bottom or top of plate to align with mortar joints in unfinished masonry walls, provided joints are not raked. Where joints are raked, adjust height as required to insure that center of outlet box will be in center of a masonry unit.

2.8 SAFETY SWITCHES

- A. Safety switches shall be of the visible blade, heavy duty knife switch type. They shall be of the fused or unfused type as required. Fused switches shall have positive pressure fuse clips. Switches shall be fully interlocked with provision to neutralize the interlock by a screwdriver while under load without interrupting the circuit. Switches shall be complete with insulated base and pressure or solderless lugs. All switches shall be horsepower rated, capable of breaking stalled-rotor motor current at these ratings. Outdoor locations shall have NEMA Type 3R enclosures, indoor locations shall have NEMA 1 enclosures.
- B. Switches shall have provision for padlocking in the "ON" or "OFF" positions. Safety switches, as indicated on plans, shall be Siemens, General Electric, Cutler-Hammer, or Square D.

2.9 FUSES

- A. Fuses utilized shall provide type 2 "no damage" as defined by IEC 947. All fuses shall have a minimum interrupting rating of 200,000 A. Fuses protecting transformers shall be Class J or RK5 time delay. Fuses protecting motor loads shall be Class J or RK1 current limiting. Provide one set of spare fuses for each load protected. Fuses shall be manufactured by Ferraz-Shawmut, Cooper Bussman, or approved equal.

2.10 TERMINATIONS

All termination lugs shall be rated 75 degrees C or higher, and shall be compatible with number and size of wires to be terminated.

2.11 DUCT DETECTORS

- A. Duct Detector, Intelligent shall use a photoelectric detectors for the sampling.
1. The duct detector shall be capable of multi colored LED remote indicator light.
 2. The detector shall be supplied with the appropriate sampling tubes to fit the duct shall be monitored.
 3. Where indicated on drawings provide duct detector with remote relay that shall be operated from the control panel.
 4. HVAC and fans shall shutdown when either the duct detector for that unit is alarmed or when any device of the fire alarm system is activated. The FACP and remote annunciator shall be programmed with buttons for manual operation of each air-handling unit and smoke control fan.
 5. Wire to existing fire alarm system.

2.12 CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Circuit breakers shall be bolted to the bus bar, and be quick-make, quick-break, using over-center toggle mechanism. Breakers shall indicate tripped position by assuming the center toggle position. Breakers shall have defon arc extinguisher principle. All two and three-pole breakers shall have single handle and the common trip. No bail handle ties will be acceptable. Circuit breaker shall match existing distribution panel board. Provide mounting brackets and cover plates as required.

END OF SECTION - 16050