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STATE OF LOUISIANA
 Department of Public Safety and Corrections
 Office of State Fire Marshal Code Enforcement and Building Safety
 8181 Independence Boulevard
 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70806
 225-925-4920

PAUL SMITH
 FIRE MARSHAL

NEW CONSTRUCTION

ROBERT WILTSE
 DAMMON ENGINEERING INC
 1095 FLORIDA AVE
 SLIDELL, LA 70458-0000

RE: P0339380
 BEULAH LAND BAPTIST CHURCH
 2436 ST. MAURICE AVE.
 NEW ORLEANS, LA 70112

NFPA 101, 2006

ASSEMBLY 300 OCCUPANTS OR LESS

Dear Applicant:

This is to advise that we have reviewed the drawings and specifications for the subject proposed construction and have determined that they appear to satisfactorily comply with the adopted laws, codes, rules and regulations of The State Fire Marshal subject to the following requirements:

1. **REVIEW FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LOUISIANA STATE UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE**, in accordance with Act 12 of the 2005 First Extraordinary Session of the Louisiana Legislature, **IS NOT INCLUDED IN THIS REVIEW**. Contact the building official of the applicable political subdivision to coordinate compliance with these requirements. LRS 40:1730.23 mandates the enforcement of building codes by municipalities and parishes in Louisiana, as described by LRS 40:1730.28.

Note: In accordance with the Louisiana State Construction Code Council rules, LAC 55:VI, Chapter 5, Section 505, until December 31, 2007, where a parish or municipality is not providing plan review, then architects, engineers, owners, parishes or municipalities on commercial projects may request International Building Code plan review by the Office of the State Fire Marshal. Also in accordance with LRS 40:1730.39.A, this office may establish contract agreements with municipalities and parishes in order to provide code enforcement on their behalf, as provided in LRS 40:1730.24. Please visit our web site at <http://www.dps.state.la.us/sfm/index.htm> for a current list of jurisdictions requesting plan review by this office, a fee schedule, and a checklist of information required for review.

NOTE: THE FOLLOWING COMMENTS IDENTIFY ISSUES FOR INFORMATIONAL AND CAUTIONARY PURPOSES OR ISSUES THAT COULD NOT BE VERIFIED IN THE SUBMITTED DOCUMENTS.

2. Section 36.102(e) of the Federal Register 28 CFR Part 36 states that "religious entities" are exempt from the requirements of title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act. Since it appears that the

facility is operated by a "religious entity", a review for ADAAG compliance has not been performed on this submittal.

Please return ALL reviewed documents with a written request for full ADAAG compliance review, if the exemption does NOT apply. A separate plan review application and fee will NOT be necessary.

3. 101:7.2.1.3.1 and 7.1.6.3 The floor elevation shall not change by more than 1/2" from one side of a door to the other.
4. 101:7.2.2.2.1 Stairs shall comply with the appropriate Stair table.
 - a) 44 inch minimum width.
 - b) 7" maximum and 4" minimum rise.
 - c) 11" minimum tread depth.
 - d) 6'-8" minimum headroom.
 - e) 12 feet maximum height between landings.
 - f) Landings (See 7.2.1.3, 7.2.1.4.4 and 7.2.2.3.2).
 - g) Stair treads shall be uniformly slip resistant.
5. 101:7.2.2.4.1 Stairs and ramps shall have handrails on both sides and shall be provided within 30 inches of all portions of the required egress width of stair.
6. 101:7.2.2.4.4.1 Handrails shall be no lower than 34" nor higher than 38" above the leading edge of the tread surface.
7. 101:7.2.2.4.4.10 Where a stair handrail is not continuous between landings, it shall continue to slope for a depth of one tread beyond the bottom riser and shall extend 12" level with the landing at the top riser. In addition, if a handrail is to provide for handicapped accessibility, an additional 12" extension is required at the bottom level with the landing in accordance with ADAAG 4.9.4(2).
8. 101:7.2.2.4.4.7 and 7.2.2.4.4.6(1) Handrails shall be continuously graspable along the entire length. Handrails shall be from 1-1/4" to 2" in diameter.
9. 101:7.2.2.4.4.5 Provide a minimum clearance of 2-1/4" between the handrails and the walls or guards to which they are attached.
10. 101:7.2.2.4.5.2 and 101:7.1.8 Guard rails shall be at least 42" high and are required when a change in elevation exceeds 30". Provide at the open side(s) of steps, ramps and landings.
11. 101:7.2.2.4.5.3 Guard rail openings shall be such that a 4" diameter sphere shall not pass through, up to a height of 34".
12. 101:7.2.1.5.9 Doors shall be capable of being opened with ONLY one releasing operation. A two-step release, such as a knob and an independent slide bolt, or an additional exit request button, is NOT acceptable.
13. 101:7.2.1.5 Locks on doors in means of egress shall not require the use of a key, special device or special knowledge to open in the direction of egress.

14. 101:12.2.2.2 Doors in a required means of egress serving the SANCTUARY may be provided with a latch or lock only if it is panic hardware.

NOTE: Provide at door B from Sanctuary to Foyer and at doors A and C.

15. NFPA 10:5.1.4 Provide portable fire extinguishers within the following travel distances; rectilinear route measure:

a) Travel distance to a fire extinguisher shall not exceed 75 feet for Class A, C and D fires. Table 10:5.2.1 and 10:5.5 and 10:5.6.

b) Travel distance to a fire extinguisher shall not exceed 30 feet for Class B fires (liquids). (May be increased to 50 feet for Light (low) Hazard fires with 10-B extinguisher, for Ordinary (moderate) Hazard fires with 20-B extinguisher, and for Extra (high) Hazard fires with 80-B extinguisher.) Table 10:5.3.1.

c) Travel distance to a fire extinguisher shall not exceed 30 feet for Class K fires (cooking appliances). NFPA 10:5.7

For classification of Hazards see 10:1.4.1 (Light/Low), 10:1.4.2 (Ordinary/Moderate): 10:1.4.3 (Extra/High)

16. NFPA 10:1.5.10 Top of fire extinguisher, having a gross weight less than 40 lb, shall be not more than 5 feet above the floor; if gross weight 40 lbs or greater, 3-1/2 feet above the floor.
17. Compliance with the 2005 NFPA 70, National Electrical Code (NEC), is mandated by RS 40:1730.28.A(7). Contact the local Building Official of the applicable local political subdivision or a Louisiana State Uniform Construction Code Council registered third-party provider to verify plan review and inspection requirements of the proposed electrical work.
18. HVAC system shall be constructed in accordance with 101:9.2.
19. 101:9.2.1 Install smoke detectors to automatically stop the fan in HVAC duct systems over 2000 cfm in accordance with NFPA 90A:6.4.2(1). Where fire alarm system is required, duct detectors shall be connected to building alarm system.
20. NFPA 90A:6.4.4.3 Where smoke detectors required by Section 6.4 are installed in a building NOT equipped with an approved protective signaling system as specified by 6.4.4.2:
- a. The smoke detector activation required by Section 6.4 shall cause a visual AND an audible signal in a normally occupied area, and
- b. Smoke detector trouble conditions shall be indicated visually OR audibly in a normally occupied area and shall be identified as air duct detector trouble.
- Provide a remote alarm indicator/annunciator in accordance with NFPA 72:6.10.2 for these conditions.
21. LRS 40:1730.45 and LAC 55:V:2601 The documentation provided for the subject facility appears to comply with The Commercial Building Energy Conservation Code based on ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1- 2004, or the International Energy Conservation Code, 2006 edition, as applicable.
22. NOTE: Please enclose a copy of this letter with future submittals or other correspondence pertaining to this project.

Changes to construction in the field which are not consistent with the reviewed documents are not authorized unless reviewed by this office for compliance with Code. Modifications to reviewed plans must be submitted to this office by the Architect/Civil Engineer for review prior to final inspection. If an Architect or Civil Engineer is not required by RS 37:155, revisions shall be submitted by the Owner. Submittals shall include plans, completed application, a minimum \$55.00 review fee, and a copy of the most current plan review letter.

Compliance with code requirements for fire protection systems, such as Fire Alarm, Sprinkler and Suppression Systems, is determined by separate shop drawing submittal and is not included in this review.

This review shall in no way permit and/or authorize any omissions or deviations from the specific requirements of the adopted codes, rules and regulations in accordance with R.S. 40:1574.1(B).

This review is valid for 180 days from the date of this letter. Construction permits must be issued and/or construction must commence within this time period.

This office requires certification of the completed project in accordance with the approved documents (certificate enclosed).

Occupancy of the project will not be permitted until we receive the completed certificate and a satisfactory inspection of the completed construction has been made by this office.

To arrange for inspection of the project, please contact the District Office at the phone number below two (2) to three (3) weeks in advance. The plans stamped reviewed by this office must be available on job site at time of inspection. Certificate of completion must be provided to the inspecting Deputy for final inspection.

REVIEWED BY:
OTIS RAMKE
ARCHITECT

CC:
Beulah Land Baptist Church
Bhola Dhume*
New Orleans Fire Department*
New Orleans District* 5042194600



State of Louisiana
Office of State Fire Marshal
8181 Independence Blvd.
Baton Rouge, LA 70806

Project #:	339380
Receipt #:	4130942
Amount:	55.00
Date:	2007-12-14

MAIL TO:

DAMMON ENGINEERING, INC
P.O.BOX2830
SLIDELL, LA 70459 -

This Receipt CANNOT BE USED TO OBTAIN A BUILDING PERMIT. Only the REVIEW LETTER from this office may serve for that purpose. Please provide the PROJECT NUMBER and DATE of this receipt when corresponding with this office regarding this project.

Invoice Number	Invoice Description	Proj. No.	Invoice Date	Amount Received	Balance Due
5571954	BEULAH LAND BAPTIST CHURCH	339380	2007-12-14	55.00	0.00

NOTE: ANY balance due shown above must be received by this office within 14 days from the date of this receipt. The final balance due will be included in the architect's final Plan Review Report.



COMcheck Software Version 3.4.1 Envelope Compliance Certificate

90.1 (2004) Standard

Report Date: 12/13/07

Data filename: J:\- CHURCHES\BEULAH LAND\Beulahland 2004.cck

Section 1: Project Information

Project Title: New Baptist Church

Construction Site:
Beulah Land Baptist Church
New Orleans, LA 70117

Owner/Agent:
Rev. Michael Zacharie
Beulah Land Baptist Church
P.O. Box 3218
Harvey, LA 70059
504.363.4165

Designer/Contractor:
Dammon Engineering, Inc.
1095 Florida Ave.
Slidell, LA 70458
985.649.5832
dammoneng.@bellsouth.net

Section 2: General Information

Building Location (for weather data): **Harvey, Louisiana**
Heating Degree Days (base 65 degrees F): **1316**
Cooling Degree Days (base 50 degrees F): **7343**
Building Type for Envelope Requirements: **Non-Residential**
Project Type: **New Construction**
Vertical Glazing / Wall Area Pct.: **7%**

Building Type **Floor Area**
Religious Building 2400

339380
REVIEWED FOR
STATE FIRE MARSHAL
AS PER REVIEW LETTER
BY: OUS V. RAMKE
O. V. Ramke, Jr.

Section 3: Requirements Checklist

Envelope PASSES: Design 11% better than code.

Climate-Specific Requirements:

Component Name/Description	Gross Area or Perimeter	Cavity R-Value	Cont. R-Value	Proposed U-Factor	Budget U-Factor
Roof 1: Attic Roof with Wood Joists	3510	30.0	45.0	0.013	0.034
Exterior Wall 1: Wood-Framed, 16" o.c.	3000	19.0	30.0	0.021	0.089
Window 1: Vinyl Frame:Double Pane with Low-E, Clear, Operable, SHGC 0.87, PF 1.00	180	---	---	1.000	1.270
Door 1: Insulated Metal, Swinging	42	---	---	1.000	0.700
Door 2: Glass, Clear, SHGC 0.87, PF 1.00	42	---	---	1.000	1.220
Floor 1: Slab-On-Grade:Unheated	200	---	---	---	---

(a) Budget U-factors are used for software baseline calculations ONLY, and are not code requirements.

Insulation:

- 1. Open-blown or poured loose-fill insulation has not been used in attic roof spaces with ceiling slope greater than 3 in 12.
- 2. Wherever vents occur, they are baffled to deflect incoming air above the insulation.
- 3. Recessed lights, equipment and ducts are not affecting insulation thickness.
- 4. No roof insulation is installed on a suspended ceiling with removable ceiling panels.
- 5. All exterior insulation is covered with protective material.
- 6. Cargo and loading dock doors are equipped with weather seals.

Fenestration and Doors:

- 7. Windows and skylights are labeled and certified by the manufacturer for U-factor and SHGC.
- 8. Fixed windows and skylights unlabeled by the manufacturer have been site labeled using the default U-factor and SHGC.
- 9. Other unlabeled vertical fenestration, operable and fixed, that are unlabeled by the manufacturer have been site labeled using the default U-factor and SHGC. No credit has been given for metal frames with thermal breaks, low-emissivity coatings, gas fillings, or insulating spacers.

Air Leakage and Component Certification:

- 10. All joints and penetrations are caulked, gasketed, weather-stripped, or otherwise sealed.
- 11. Windows, doors, and skylights certified as meeting leakage requirements.
- 12. Component R-values & U-factors labeled as certified.
- 13. Insulation installed according to manufacturer's instructions, in substantial contact with the surface being insulated, and in a manner that achieves the rated R-value without compressing the insulation.

Section 4: Compliance Statement

Compliance Statement: The proposed envelope design represented in this document is consistent with the building plans, specifications and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed envelope system has been designed to meet the 90.1 (2004) Standard requirements in COMcheck Version 3.4.1 and to comply with the mandatory requirements in the Requirements Checklist.

Name - Title

Signature

Date



Lighting and Power Compliance Certificate

90.1 (2004) Standard

Report Date: 12/13/07

Data filename: J:\- CHURCHES\BEULAH LAND\Beulahland 2004.cck

Section 1: Project Information

Project Title: New Baptist Church

Construction Site:
Beulah Land Baptist Church
New Orleans, LA 70117

Owner/Agent:
Rev. Michael Zacharie
Beulah Land Baptist Church
P.O. Box 3218
Harvey, LA 70059
504.363.4165

Designer/Contractor:
Dammon Engineering, Inc.
1095 Florida Ave.
Slidell, LA 70458
985.649.5832
dammoneng.@bellsouth.net

Section 2: General Information

Building Use Description by:
Project Type: **New Construction**

Building Type	Floor Area
Religious Building	2400

339380
REVIEWED FOR
STATE FIRE MARSHAL
AS PER REVIEW LETTER
BY: ODS V. RAMKE
[Signature]

Section 3: Requirements Checklist

Interior Lighting:

- 1. Total actual watts must be less than or equal to total allowed watts.

Allowed Watts	Actual Watts	Complies
3120	3088	YES

- 2. Exit signs 5 Watts or less per side.

Exterior Lighting:

- 3. Comply with Sections 9.4.4 and 9.4.5 of 90.1-2004 and attach documentation.

Controls, Switching, and Wiring:

- 4. Independent manual or occupancy sensing controls for each space (remote switch with indicator allowed for safety or security).

- 5. Occupant sensing control in class rooms, conference/meeting rooms, and employee lunch and break rooms.

Exceptions:

Spaces with multi-scene control; shop classrooms, laboratory classrooms, and preschool through 12th grade classrooms.

- 6. Automatic shutoff control for lighting in >5000 sq.ft buildings by time-of-day device, occupant sensor, or other automatic control.

Exceptions:

24 hour operation lighting; patient care areas; where auto shutoff would endanger safety or security.

- 7. Master switch at entry to hotel/motel guest room.

- 8. Separate control device for display/accent lighting, case lighting, task lighting, nonvisual lighting, lighting for sale, and demonstration lighting.

- 9. Photocell/astronomical time switch on exterior lights.

Exceptions:

Covered vehicle entrance/exit areas requiring lighting for safety, security and eye adaptation.

- 10. Tandem wired one-lamp and three-lamp ballasted luminaires (No single-lamp ballasts).

Exceptions:

- Electronic high-frequency ballasts;
- Luminaires not on same switch;
- Recessed luminaires 10 ft. apart or surface/pendant not continuous;
- Luminaires on emergency circuits.

Voltage Drop:

- 11. Feeder conductors have been designed for a maximum voltage drop of 2 percent.
- 12. Branch circuit conductors have been designed for a maximum voltage drop of 3 percent.

Section 4: Compliance Statement

Compliance Statement: The proposed lighting design represented in this document is consistent with the building plans, specifications and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed lighting system has been designed to meet the 90.1 (2004) Standard requirements in COMcheck Version 3.4.1 and to comply with the mandatory requirements in the Requirements Checklist.

Name - Title

Signature

Date

Section 5: Post Construction Compliance Statement



Lighting Application Worksheet

90.1 (2004) Standard

Report Date:

Data filename: J:\- CHURCHES\BEULAH LAND\Beulahland 2004.cck

Section 1: Allowed Lighting Power Calculation

A	B Floor Area	C Allowed Watts / ft2	D Allowed Watts
Religious Building	2400	1.3	3120
Total Allowed Watts =			3120

Section 2: Actual Lighting Power Calculation

A Fixture ID : Description / Lamp / Wattage Per Lamp / Ballast	B Lamps/ Fixture	C # of Fixtures	D Fixture Watt.	E (C X D)
Religious Building (2400 sq.ft.)				
Linear Fluorescent 1: 48" T8 32W (Super T8) / Electronic	3	9	32	288
Incandescent 1: Incandescent 50W	1	6	50	300
Incandescent 2: Incandescent 100W	1	12	100	1200
Incandescent 3: Incandescent 100W	1	13	100	1300
Total Actual Watts =				3088

Section 3: Compliance Calculation

If the Total Allowed Watts minus the Total Actual Watts is greater than or equal to zero, the building complies.

Total Allowed Watts = 3120
 Total Actual Watts = 3088
 Project Compliance = 32

Lighting PASSES: Design 1% better than code.



Mechanical Compliance Certificate

90.1 (2004) Standard

Report Date: 12/13/07

Data filename: J:\- CHURCHES\BEULAH LAND\Beulahland 2004.cck

Section 1: Project Information

Project Title: New Baptist Church

Construction Site:

Beulah Land Baptist Church
New Orleans, LA 70117

Owner/Agent:

Rev. Michael Zacharie
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P.O. Box 3218
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Designer/Contractor:

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dammoneng.@bellsouth.net

Section 2: General Information

Building Location (for weather data):

Harvey, Louisiana

Heating Degree Days (base 65 degrees F):

1316

Cooling Degree Days (base 50 degrees F):

7343

Project Type:

New Construction

339380
REVISED
STATE OF LOUISIANA
AS PER THE LETTER
12/13/07

Section 3: Mechanical Systems List

Quantity System Type & Description

- | Quantity | System Type & Description |
|----------|--|
| 2 | HVAC System 1: Heating: Central Furnace, Gas, Heating Capacity <65 kBtu/h / Cooling: Packaged Terminal Unit, Capacity 7000 Btu/h, Air-Cooled Condenser / Single Zone |
| 1 | HVAC System 2: Cooling: Packaged Terminal Unit, Capacity 7000 Btu/h, Air-Cooled Condenser / Single Zone |
| 2 | Storage Water Heater 1: Gas Storage Water Heater, Capacity: 30 gallons, Input Rating: 30000 Btu/h |

Section 4: Requirements Checklist

Requirements Specific To: HVAC System 1 :

1. Equipment minimum efficiency: Packaged Terminal DX Unit: 11.0 EER

Requirements Specific To: HVAC System 2 :

1. Equipment minimum efficiency: Packaged Terminal DX Unit: 11.0 EER

Requirements Specific To: Storage Water Heater 1 :

1. Hot water system sized per manufacturer's sizing guide
2. Gas Storage Water Heater efficiency ≥ 0.56 EF
3. First 8 ft of outlet piping is insulated
4. Hot water storage temperature adjustable down to 120 degrees F or lower
5. Heat traps provided on inlet and outlet of storage tanks

Generic Requirements: Must be met by all systems to which the requirement is applicable:

1. Load calculations per 2001 ASHRAE Fundamentals
2. Thermostatic controls has 5 degrees F deadband
- Exception: Thermostats requiring manual changeover between heating and cooling
3. Hot water pipe insulation: 1 in. for pipes ≤ 1.5 in. and 2 in. for pipes > 1.5 in. Chilled water/refrigerant/brine pipe insulation: 1 in. for pipes ≤ 1.5 in. and 1.5 in. for pipes > 1.5 in. Steam pipe insulation: 1.5 in. for pipes ≤ 1.5 in. and 3 in. for pipes > 1.5 in.

- Exception: Piping within HVAC equipment
 - Exception: Fluid temperatures between 55 and 105 degrees F
 - Exception: Fluid not heated or cooled
 - Exception: Runouts <4 ft in length
4. Piping, insulated to 1/2 in. if nominal diameter of pipe is <1.5 in.; Larger pipe insulated to 1 in. thickness
 5. Lavatory faucet outlet temperatures in public restrooms limited to 110 degrees F (43 degrees C)
 6. Where separate thermostats are used for heating and cooling, acceptable measures are used to prevent simultaneous heating and cooling
 7. Stair and elevator shaft vents are equipped with motorized dampers
 8. Acceptable measures used to prevent simultaneous humidification and dehumidification
 - Exception: Desiccant systems and systems for uses requiring specific humidity levels (approval required)
 9. Automatic controls for freeze protection systems present
 10. Automatic ventilation controls (e.g., CO2 controls) or exhaust air heat recovery present for high design occupancy areas (>100 person/1000 ft2) with >3,000 cfm outside air capacities
 11. Duct, plenum, and piping insulation surfaces suitably protected from weather, moisture, or likely damage
 12. Duct Sealing: Pressure sensitive tape is not used as the primary sealant Longitudinal and transverse seams for ducts in unconditioned spaces Longitudinal and transverse seams and duct wall penetrations for ducts outside the building Transverse seams on buried ducts
 13. R-6 for supply air ducts located outside the building, in ventilated attics and in unvented attic above insulated ceiling R-3.5 for supply air ducts in unvented attic with roof insulation, unconditioned and underground spaces R-3.5 for return air ducts located outside the building, in ventilated attics and in unvented attic above insulated ceiling
 14. Humidistat controls prevent reheating, recooling, and mixing of mechanically heated air with mechanically cooled air
 15. Exhaust air heat recovery included for systems 5,000 cfm or greater with more than 70% outside air fraction or specifically exempted
 16. Kitchen hoods >5,000 cfm provided with 50% makeup air that is uncooled and heated to no more than 60 degrees F unless specifically exempted
 17. Buildings with fume hood systems must have variable air volume hood design, exhaust heat recovery, or separate makeup air supply meeting the following: a) 75% make up air quantity, and /or b) within 2 degrees F of room temperature and/or c) no humidification d) no simultaneous heating and cooling

Section 5: Compliance Statement

Compliance Statement: The proposed mechanical design represented in this document is consistent with the building plans, specifications and other calculations submitted with this permit application. The proposed mechanical systems have been designed to meet the 90.1 (2004) Standard requirements in COMcheck Version 3.4.1 and to comply with the mandatory requirements in the Requirements Checklist.

Name - Title

Signature

Date

Section 6: Post Construction Compliance Statement

- HVAC record drawings of the actual installation and performance data for each equipment provided to the owner within 90 days after system acceptance.
- HVAC O&M documents for all mechanical equipment and system provided to the owner within 90 days after system acceptance.
- Written HVAC balancing report provided to the owner.



Mechanical Requirements Description

90.1 (2004) Standard

Report Date:

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The following list provides more detailed descriptions of the requirements in Section 4 of the Mechanical Compliance Certificate.

Requirements Specific To: HVAC System 1 :

1. The specified heating and/or cooling equipment is covered by the ASHRAE 90.1-2004 Standard and must meet the following minimum efficiency: Packaged Terminal DX Unit: 11.0 EER

Requirements Specific To: HVAC System 2 :

1. The specified heating and/or cooling equipment is covered by the ASHRAE 90.1-2004 Standard and must meet the following minimum efficiency: Packaged Terminal DX Unit: 11.0 EER

Requirements Specific To: Storage Water Heater 1 :

1. Service water heating system design loads for the purpose of sizing systems and equipment must be determined in accordance with manufacturers' published sizing guidelines.
2. Service water heating equipment used solely for heating potable water, pool heaters, and hot water storage tanks must meet the following minimum efficiency: Gas Storage Water Heater efficiency ≥ 0.56 EF
3. Insulation must be provided for the first 8 ft of outlet piping for a constant temperature nonrecirculating storage system and for the inlet pipe between the storage tank and a heat trap in a storage system.
4. Temperature controls must be provided that allow for storage temperature adjustment from 120 degrees F or lower to a maximum temperature compatible with the intended use except when the manufacturer's installation instructions specify a higher minimum thermostat setting to minimize condensation and resulting corrosion. Documentation of the installation instructions must be provided to be exempted from this requirement.
5. Heat traps must be provided on inlet and outlet vertical pipe risers serving storage water heaters and storage tanks not having integral heat traps and serving a nonrecirculating system. Heat traps must be installed as close as practical to the storage tank. Acceptable heat traps are either a) a device specifically designed for the purpose or b) an arrangement of tubing that forms a loop of 360 degrees F, or c) piping that from the point of connection to the water heater (inlet or outlet) includes a length of piping directed downwards before connection to the vertical piping of the supply water or hot water distribution system.

Generic Requirements: Must be met by all systems to which the requirement is applicable:

1. Design heating and cooling loads for the building must be determined using procedures in the ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals or an approved equivalent calculation procedure.
2. Thermostats controlling both heating and cooling must be capable of maintaining a 5 degrees F deadband (a range of temperature where no heating or cooling is provided).
 - Exception: Deadband capability is not required if the thermostat does not have automatic changeover capability between heating and cooling.
3. All pipes serving space-conditioning systems must be insulated as follows: Hot water piping for heating systems: 1 in. for pipes $\leq 1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. nominal diameter 2 in. for pipes $> 1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. nominal diameter. Chilled water, refrigerant, and brine piping systems: 1 in. insulation for pipes $\leq 1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. nominal diameter 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. insulation for pipes $> 1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. nominal diameter. Steam piping: 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. insulation for pipes $\leq 1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. nominal diameter 3 in. insulation for pipes $> 1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. nominal diameter.
 - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for factory-installed piping within HVAC equipment.
 - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for piping that conveys fluids having a design operating temperature range between 55 degrees F and 105 degrees F.
 - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for piping that conveys fluids that have not been heated or cooled through the use of fossil fuels or electric power.
 - Exception: Pipe insulation is not required for runout piping not exceeding 4 ft in length and 1 in. in diameter between the control valve and HVAC coil.
4. Service hot water piping, where required, must be insulated to $\frac{1}{2}$ in. if pipe less than 1.5 in. nominal diameter. Larger pipe must be insulated to 1 in.. Pipe insulation will have a conductivity of less than 0.28 Btu.in/(h-ft²-degrees F).

5. Temperature controlling means must be provided to limit the maximum temperature of water delivered from lavatory faucets in public facility restrooms to 110 degrees F.
6. Where zone heating and cooling are controlled by separate zone thermostats, means (such as limit switches, mechanical stops, or, for DDC systems, software programming) must be provided to prevent simultaneous heating and cooling to the zone.
7. Stair and elevator shaft vents must be equipped with motorized dampers capable of being automatically closed during normal building operation and interlocked to open as required by fire and smoke detection systems. All gravity outdoor air supply and exhaust hoods, vents, and ventilators must be equipped with motorized dampers that will automatically shut when the spaces served are not in use. Exceptions: - Gravity (non-motorized) dampers are acceptable in buildings less than three stories in height above grade. - Ventilation systems serving unconditioned spaces.
8. Where a zone is served by a system(s) with both humidification and dehumidification capability, means (such as limit switches, mechanical stops, or software programming) must be provided to prevent simultaneous operation of humidification and dehumidification equipment.
 - Exception: Zones served by desiccant systems, used with direct evaporative cooling in series; Systems serving zones where specific humidity levels are required.
9. All freeze protection systems, including self-regulating heat tracing, must include automatic controls capable of shutting off the systems when outside air temperatures are above 40 degrees F or when the conditions of the protected fluid will prevent freezing. Snow- and ice-melting systems must include automatic controls capable of shutting off the systems when the pavement temperature is above 50 degrees F and no precipitation is falling, and an automatic or manual control that will allow shutoff when the outdoor temperature is above 40 degrees F.
10. Systems with design outside air capacities >3,000 cfm serving areas having an average design occupancy density exceeding 100 people per 1000 ft² must include means to automatically reduce outside air intake below design rates when spaces are partially occupied. Ventilation controls must be in compliance with ASHRAE Standard 62 and local standards.
11. Duct and pipe insulation exposed to weather must be suitable for outdoor service; e.g., protected by aluminum, sheet metal, painted canvas, or plastic cover. Cellular foam insulation must be protected as above or painted with a coating that is water retardant and provides shielding from solar radiation that can cause degradation of the material. Insulation covering chilled water piping, refrigerant suction piping, or cooling ducts located outside the conditioned space must include a vapor retardant located outside the insulation (unless the insulation is inherently vapor retardant), all penetrations and joints of which must be sealed.
12. Duct Sealing Requirements: - Pressure sensitive tape prohibited as the primary sealant - Longitudinal and transverse seams for ducts in unconditioned spaces - Longitudinal and transverse seams and duct wall penetrations for ducts outside the building - Transverse seams on buried ducts
13. All supply and return ducts and plenum installed as part of an HVAC air distribution system must be thermally insulated: R-6 for supply air ducts located outside the building, in ventilated attics and in unvented attic above insulated ceiling, R-3.5 for supply air duct insulation in unvented attic with roof insulation, unconditioned and underground spaces, R-3.5 for return air ducts located outside the building, in ventilated attics and in unvented attic above insulated ceiling.
14. Where humidistatic controls are provided, such controls must prevent reheating, mixing of hot and cold air streams, or other means of simultaneous heating and cooling of the same air stream. Exceptions: - capability to first reduce flow rate - cooling capacity <80 kBtu/h and capability to unload cooling equipment - cooling capacity <40 kBtu/h - rigid humidity requirements - site-recovered or site-solar energy sources or - use of a desiccant systems.
15. Individual fan systems with a design supply air capacity of 5000 cfm or greater and minimum outside air supply of 70% or greater of the supply air capacity must have an energy recovery system with at least a 50% effectiveness. Exceptions: - Systems serving spaces that are not cooled and heated to <60 degrees F. - Commercial kitchen hoods (grease) classified as Type 1 by NFPA 96 - Systems exhausting toxic, flammable, paint, or corrosive fumes or dust If an air economizer is also required, heat recovery must be bypassed or controlled to permit air economizer operation.
16. Individual kitchen exhaust hoods larger than 5000 cfm must be provided with make-up air sized for at least 50% of exhaust air volume that is uncooled and either unheated or heated to no more than 60 degrees F Exceptions: - Where hoods are used to exhaust ventilation air that would otherwise exfiltrate or be exhausted by other fan systems. - Certified grease extractor hoods that require a face velocity no >60 fpm.
17. Buildings with fume hood systems having a total exhaust rate >15,000 cfm must either have variable air volume hood design, exhaust air heat recovery, or separate make up air supply meeting the following makeup air requirements: - at least 75% of exhaust flow rate - heated to no more than 2 degrees F below room setpoint temperature - cooled to no lower than 2 degrees F above room setpoint temperature - no humidification added - no simultaneous heating and cooling