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11/12/07

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ENCE 3300 COMPUTATIONAL METHODS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

TEST 3

1. The tensile strength of paper is modeled by a normal distribution with a mean of 35 pounds per square inch and a standard deviation of 2 pounds per square inch.

Normal Dist.

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- (a) What is the probability that the strength of a sample is less than 39 lb/in²?
- (b) If the specifications require the tensile strength to exceed 29 lb/in², what proportion of the sample is scrapped?

(A) $P(X < 39)$

(B) $P(X > 29)$

$\sigma = 2$

Standard Deviation
mean

$\mu = 35$

$\sigma = 2$

$\mu = 35$

$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$

$z = \frac{\text{quantity} - \text{mean}}{\text{standard deviation}}$

$z = \frac{29 - 35}{2}$

$= \frac{39 - 35}{2}$

$z = -3$

$z = 2$

$P(z < -3) = \text{scrapped}$

$P(z < 2) = 0.9772$
 $= 97.72\%$

$P(z < -3) = 0.0013$
 $= 0.13\%$

p.549

Not Scrapped :

$P(z > -3) = 1 - P(z < -3)$

$= 1 - 0.0013$

$= 0.9987$

normal distribution probability

2.

The weight of a certain box of floor tile is modeled by a normal distribution with a mean of 20 pounds and a standard deviation of 0.5 pounds. You want to transport the tile in a mini-van with a cargo load capacity of 2000 lb. Determine the maximum number of boxes allowed in the mini-van so that the total cargo load exceeds the 2000 lb weight limit with a probability less than 10%.

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$\sigma = 0.5$ lbs

$\mu = 20$ lbs

$X \sim N(20, 0.25)$

X follows normal dist for N (mean, variance)

Cargo Capacity = 2000 lbs.

boxes allowed = ? such that prob. cargo > 2000 = 0.01
(a)

$$P(W_N > 2000) = P\left(\frac{W_N - N \times 20}{\sqrt{N \times 0.25}} > \frac{2000 - N \times 20}{\sqrt{N \times 0.25}}\right) = 0.1$$

10%

FROM TABLE

$P(X > a) = 0.1 \quad a = -1.285$

So...

$$\frac{2000 - N \times 20}{0.5 \sqrt{N}} = 1.285$$

$$2000 - 20N = 0.6425 \sqrt{N}$$

$$0.6425 \sqrt{N} + 20N - 2000 = 0$$

SUBSTITUTE $x = \sqrt{N}$

$$(0.6425 x) + (20 x^2) - 2000 = 0$$

$$\left[-0.6425 \pm \sqrt{0.6425^2 - 4(20)(-2000)} \right] / 2(20) \Rightarrow \frac{-0.6425 \pm 400}{40} = 9.98 = X$$

(only + int)

$N = X^2$

$N = 99.68$ boxes

Cannot have 0.68 boxes

99

$N = 100$ boxes

Definition prob

3. The tensile strength S (measured in grams per square centimeter) of a fiber thread has a pdf given by

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) x^2 (2-x), \quad 0 < x < 2$$
$$f(x) = 0, \quad \text{elsewhere.}$$

Find $E(X)$ and $V(X)$.

$$E(X) = \int_0^2 x \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) x^2 (2-x) dx$$
$$= \int_0^2 x \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) (2x^2 - x^3) dx = \frac{3}{4} \int_0^2 (2x^3 - x^4) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{4} \left[\frac{2x^4}{4} - \frac{x^5}{5} \right]_0^2$$
$$= \frac{3}{4} \left[8 - \frac{32}{5} \right] - 0$$

$$= 1.2 - 0$$

$$\boxed{E(X) = 1.2}$$

$$E(X^2) = \int_0^2 x^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) x^2 (2-x) dx = \frac{3}{4} \int_0^2 (2x^4 - x^5) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \left[\frac{2x^5}{5} - \frac{x^6}{6} \right]_0^2 = \frac{3}{4} \left[\frac{64}{5} - \frac{64}{6} \right] - 0 \Rightarrow E(X^2) = 1.6$$

$E(X)$ $V(X)$
PDF
Tensile Strength
derivative/integral

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 = 1.6 - 1.44 = 0.16 = V(X)$$

$$\boxed{0.16 = V(X)}$$

$$N(175, 400)$$

4. A ski lift has a weight capacity of 500 lb. Assume that the weight X of a randomly selected person is $N(175, 400)$ distributed. What is the maximum number N of people allowed on the ski lift such that the probability of their combined weight exceeding 500 lb load limit is less than 5%?

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$$P(W_N > 500) = P\left(\frac{W_N - N \times 175}{\sqrt{N \times 400}} > \frac{500 - N \times 175}{\sqrt{N \times 400}}\right) = 0.05$$

$$P(x > a) = 0.05$$

$$a = 1.645$$

p. 550 A.4

$$\rightarrow \frac{500 - 175N}{20\sqrt{N}} = 1.645$$

$$1.645(20)\sqrt{N} + 175N - 500 = 0$$

$$x = \sqrt{N}$$

(sub in x for \sqrt{N})

$$32.9x + 175x^2 - 500 = 0$$

$$\frac{-32.9 \pm \sqrt{32.9^2 - 4(175)(-500)}}{2(175)}$$

$$\frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - 4AC}}{2A}$$

$$\frac{-32.9 \pm 592.52}{2(175)}$$

$$x = 1.5989$$

$$N = x^2 \Rightarrow N = 2.556 \text{ people}$$

cannot have 0.556 of a person
 $\Rightarrow N = 2 \text{ people}$

Max #