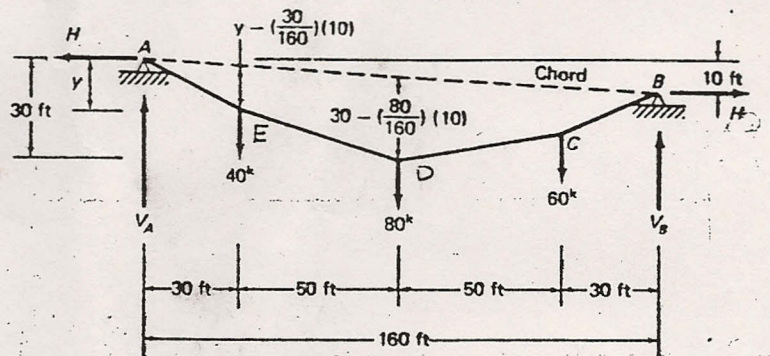


Problem: Determine the sag at points C and E on the cable (Given) and determine the tension in each segment.

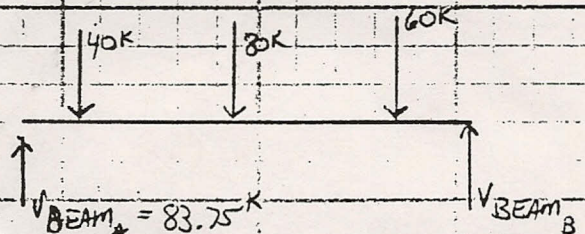


Solution:

Calculate the horizontal tension in the cable  $H$  using the beam analogy

$H y_p =$  Bending Moment of point  $p$  in a similarly loaded simple beam

where  $y_p$  is the distance from point  $p$  to the chord.



$$\sum M_B = V_{BEAM_A}(160) - 40(130) - 80(80) - 60(30) = 0$$

$$V_{BEAM_A} = 83.75^k \leftarrow \text{Note, this is not equal to reaction } V_A \text{ in top sketch. It is only used for calculation of Moments in beam analogy}$$

$$\sum F_y = 83.75 - 40 - 80 - 60 - V_{BEAM_B} = 0$$

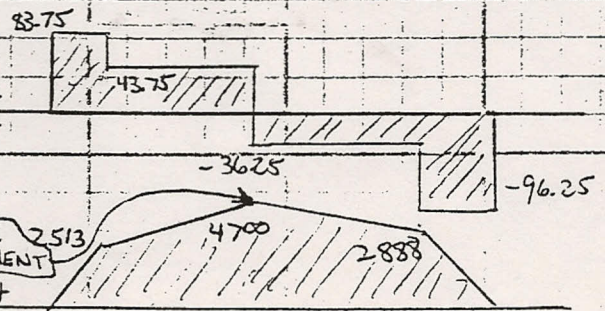
$$V_{BEAM_B} = 96.25^k$$

Draw Moment Diagram for beam

OR CREATE TABLE

POINT      MOMENT ON BEAM

C'	$+83.75[30] = 2512.5^k$
D'	$83.75[80] - 40[50] = 4700^k$
E'	$83.75[130] - 40[100] - 80[50] = 2833^k$



At point D

Sig  $y_D = 25$  ft (from initial diagram)

Beam Moment  $M_D = 4700$  ft-k, so

$$H = \frac{M_D}{y_D} = \frac{4700 \text{ ft-k}}{25 \text{ ft}}$$

$H = 188$  kips

Knowing  $H$ , the sags  $y_E$  and  $y_C$  may be determined

$$y_C = \frac{M_C}{H} = \frac{2888 \text{ ft-k}}{188 \text{ k}}$$

$y_C = 15.36$  ft

$$y_E = \frac{M_E}{H} = \frac{2513}{188}$$

$y_E = 13.37$  ft

The vertical reactions  $V_A$  and  $V_B$  can be solved using  $\sum F_y$  and  $\sum M_B$  knowing  $H = 188$  k

$$\sum M_B = -H(10) + V_A(160) - 40(130) - 80(80) - 60(30) = 0$$

$V_A = 95.5$  k

$$\sum F_y = 95.5 - 40 - 80 - 60 + V_B = 0$$

$V_B = 84.5$

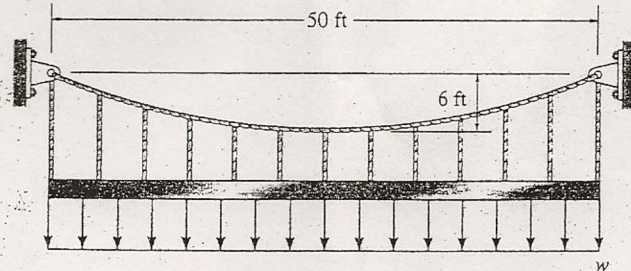
The tension in each of the segments can be calculated by

$T = \sqrt{H^2 + V^2}$  where  $H$  and  $V$  are horizontal/vertical components of force in each segment

Segment	Horizontal Component (k)	Vertical Component (k)	Resultant Tension (k)
AE	188	95.5	$\sqrt{188^2 + 95.5^2} = 210.9$
ED	188	$95.5 - 40 = 55.5$	$\sqrt{188^2 + 55.5^2} = 196.0$
DC	188	$95.5 - 40 - 80 = -24.5$	$\sqrt{188^2 + (-24.5)^2} = 189.6$
CB	188	$95.5 - 40 - 80 - 60 = -84.5$	$\sqrt{188^2 + (-84.5)^2} = 206.1$

ENCE 3356  
Homework 10

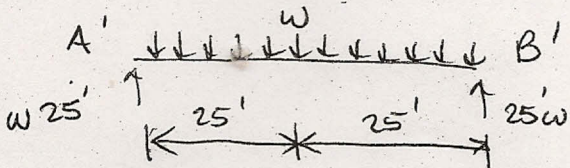
Determine the maximum uniform loading  $w$  that the cable can support if it is capable of sustaining a maximum tension of 3000 lb before it will break.



CALCULATIONS:

SAG KNOWN AT MIDSPAN  $y_{25'} = 6'$

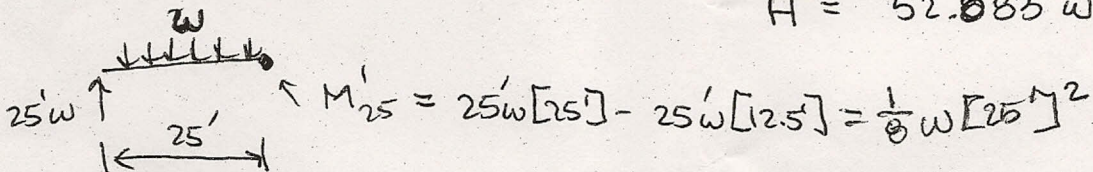
ANALOGOUS BEAM:



$$H y_{25'} = M'_{25'}$$

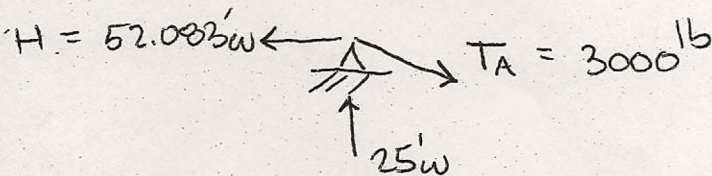
$$H (6') = \frac{1}{8} w (25')^2$$

$$H = 52.083' w$$



$$M'_{25'} = 25w [25'] - 25w [12.5'] = \frac{1}{8} w [25']^2$$

CABLE:



$$T = \sqrt{H^2 + Ay^2}$$

$$3000 \text{ lb} = \sqrt{(52.083w)^2 + (25w)^2}$$

$$w^2 = 2696.5 \text{ lb}^2/\text{ft}$$

$$w = 51.93 \text{ lb/ft}$$

$w = 51.9 \text{ lb/ft}$