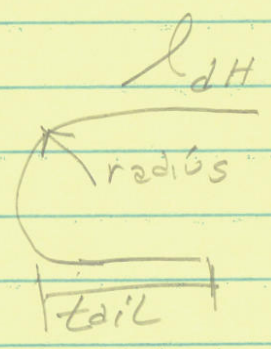


Exam 2
 Next Wedn.
 Covers
 Shear/Stirrups
 Development
 Lengths
 Doubly Reinforced
 hooks



Column Slenderness

A column is short if:

non-sway (braced) frame [10.10.1]

$$\frac{k l_u}{r} \leq 34 - 12 \left(\frac{m_1}{m_2} \right) \leq 40$$

- assume k (unless specified)

$l_u =$ unbraced

radius of gyration

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{I_g}{A_g}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{12} b h^3}{b h}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{12}} h$$

$m_1 \equiv$ minimum moment

$m_2 \equiv$ maximum moment

$\left(\frac{m_1}{m_2} \right) = (+)$ single curvature D

$(-)$ double curvature S

Columns

Slenderness

Sway

Design

Gross Area

Details

Example

Eccentric loads

Example

SWAY (unbraced) [10.10.1]

$$\frac{k l_u}{r} \leq 22$$

* The focus in this class is NON-SWAY Frames with short columns *

Short \equiv Non-Slender

Column Design

- Structural Analysis

- Estimate column cross section [2-4]

- Analyze using interaction diagram [5-7]

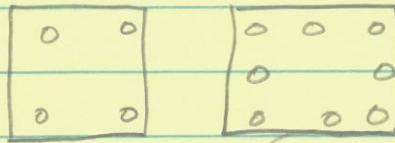
- Iterate

- Detail Column [8-12]

* Focus on tied columns *

- Estimate Gross AREA
 - Assume column is square & has steel on all faces

symmetric



$A_g \xi$

can vary

reinforcement ratio

$$A_g \geq \frac{P_u}{0.45 (f_c + f_y \rho_{TRIAL})}$$

ρ_g = reinforcement ratio

$$\rho_g = \frac{A_s}{A_g} = \frac{A_s}{bh} \quad \text{0.01 - 0.03 typically}$$

$$0.01 \leq \rho_g \leq 0.08 \quad [10.9.1]$$

- Column Details

TIES [7.10.5]

longitudinal bars \leq #10, #3

"

" , 14, 18, #4

Maximum spacing of ties.

$$\text{min} \begin{cases} 16d_p \text{ of longitud. bars} \\ 48d_b \text{ of ties} \\ \text{min } b, h \end{cases}$$

See [7.10.5.4] if near slab

- Shear [11.2.1.2]
ties act as shear stirrups

- Example Design a rectangular column (tied)
with long side equal to two times the short side.

$$P_D = 650 \text{ k}$$

$$P_L = 400 \text{ k}$$

$$f'_c = 3 \text{ ksi}$$

$$f_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$$

initially assume $e_{\text{gross}} = 0.02$

Select column size

$$A_{\text{steel}} = e A_g$$

$$P_u = 1.2(650 \text{ k}) + 1.6(400 \text{ k}) = 1420 \text{ k}$$

$$\phi P_n = 0.80 \phi [0.85 f'_c (A_g - A_{st}) + f_y A_{st}]$$

$$\rightarrow 1420 = 0.80(0.65) [0.85(3)(A_g - 0.02 A_g) + 60(0.02 A_g)]$$

$$A_g = 738.25 \text{ in}^2$$

↳ use 20x40 column ($A_g = 800 \text{ in}^2$)

Select reinforcement bars

$$1420 = 0.80(0.65) [0.85(3)(800 - A_{st}) + 60(A_{st})]$$

$$A_{st} = 12.02 \text{ in}^2$$

use 8 #11 bars (12.50 in^2)

Design TIES

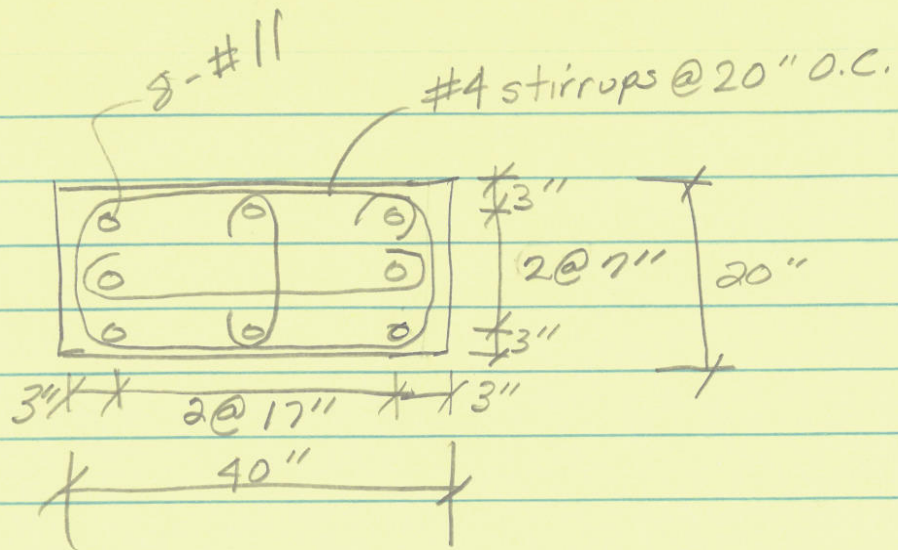
max spacing = min

$$16d_b \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{longitudinal} \\ \text{bars} \end{matrix} = 16(1.41) = 22.56 \text{ ''}$$

$$48d_b = 48(0.5) = 24 \text{ ''}$$

least column dim = 20''

use #4 ties
@ 20" o.c.



Check code 7.10.5 for maximum spacing of vertical bars