



Standard Specification for Magnesium-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Shapes, Tubes, and Wire¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 107/B 107M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope *

1.1 This specification covers magnesium-alloy extruded bars, rods, shapes, tubes, and wire of the composition given in Table 1.

1.2 The values stated in either inch-pound or SI units are to be regarded separately as standards. The SI units are shown in brackets or in separate tables or columns. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independent of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.

1.3 Unless the order specifies the “M” specification designation, the material shall be furnished to the inch-pound units.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of order acceptance form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

2.2 ASTM Standards:

B 275 Practice For Codification of Certain Nonferrous Metals and Alloys, Cast and Wrought²

B 296 Practice for Temper Designations of Magnesium Alloys, Cast and Wrought²

B 557 Test Methods of Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products²

B 557M Test Methods of Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products (Metric)²

B 660 Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products²

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications³

E 35 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Magnesium and Magnesium Alloys⁴

E 55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys For Determination of Chemical Composition⁴

E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)⁵

2.3 *Federal Standards:*⁶

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)

Fed. Std. No. 184 Identification Marking of Aluminum, Magnesium and Titanium

2.4 *Military Standard:*⁶

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage (Military Agencies)

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *extruded bar*—an extruded solid section, long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, having a symmetrical cross section that is square or rectangular with sharp or rounded corners or edges, or is a regular hexagon or octagon, and whose width or greatest distance between faces is 0.375 in. [10 mm] or greater.

3.1.2 *extruded rod*—a solid extruded product 0.375 in. [10 mm] or greater in diameter that is long in relation to cross section.

3.1.3 *extruded shape*—a hollow or solid extruded section, long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, whose cross section is other than that of wire, rod, bar, or tube.

3.1.4 *extruded tube*—an extruded hollow section, long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, which is symmetrical and is round, square, rectangular, hexagonal, octagonal or elliptical with sharp or rounded corners, and has a uniform wall thickness except as affected by corner radii.

3.1.5 *extruded wire*—an extruded solid sectional long in relation to its cross-sectional dimensions, having a symmetrical cross section that is square or rectangular with sharp or rounded corners or edges, or is round, hexagonal or octagonal, and whose diameter, width or greatest distance between parallel faces is less than 0.375 in. [through 10 mm].

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *producer*—the primary manufacturer of the material.

3.2.2 *supplier*—includes only the category of jobbers and distributors as distinct from producers.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the

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² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 02.02.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 14.02.

⁴ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 03.05.

⁵ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 01.01.

⁶ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094. Attn: NPODS.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements^A

NOTE 1—Analysis shall regularly be made only for the elements specifically mentioned in this table. If, however, the presence of other elements is suspected or indicated in the course of routine analysis to be in amounts greater than the specified limits, further analysis shall be made to determine that the total of these other elements is not in excess of the limits specified in the last column of the table.

NOTE 2—The following applies to all specified limits in this table: For purposes of acceptance and rejection, an observed value or a calculated value obtained from analysis should be rounded-off to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the specified limit.

Alloy ^B		Composition, %										
UNS No.	ASTM No.	Magnesium	Aluminum	Manganese	Zinc	Zirconium, min	Silicon	Copper	Nickel	Iron	Calcium	Other ^C Impurities
M11311	AZ31B	remainder	2.5–3.5	0.20–1.0	0.6–1.4	...	0.10	0.05	0.005	0.005	0.04	0.30
M11312	AZ31C	remainder	2.4–3.6	0.15–1.0 ^D	0.50–1.5	...	0.10	0.10	0.03	...	...	0.30
M11610	AZ61A	remainder	5.8–7.2	0.15–0.5	0.40–1.5	...	0.10	0.05	0.005	0.005	...	0.30
M11800	AZ80A	remainder	7.8–9.2	0.12–0.5	0.20–0.8	...	0.10	0.05	0.005	0.005	...	0.30
M15100	M1A	remainder	...	1.2–2.0	...	...	0.10	0.05	0.01	...	0.30	0.30
M16400	ZK40A	remainder	...	...	3.5–4.5	0.45	...	...	...	...	...	0.30
M16600	ZK60A	remainder	...	...	4.8–6.2	0.45	...	...	...	...	...	0.30

^A Limits are in weight percent maximum unless shown as a range or otherwise stated.

^B These alloy designations were established in accordance with Practice B 275 (see also Practice E 527).

^C Includes listed elements for which no specific limit is shown.

^D Manganese minimum limit need not be met if iron is 0.005 %, or less.

following information:

- 4.1.1 This specification number,
- 4.1.2 Quantity in pieces or pounds [kilograms],
- 4.1.3 Alloy (Section 6),
- 4.1.4 Temper (Section 7),
- 4.1.5 Nominal cross-sectional dimensions as follows:
 - 4.1.5.1 For rod and round wire—diameter,
 - 4.1.5.2 For square corner bars and wire—depth and width,
 - 4.1.5.3 For sharp cornered hexagonal or octagonal bars and wire—distance across flats,
 - 4.1.5.4 For round tube—outside or inside diameter and wall thickness,
 - 4.1.5.5 For square or sharp cornered other than round tube—distance across flats and wall thickness,
 - 4.1.5.6 For round cornered bars and wire; shapes; tube other than round, square, rectangular, hexagonal or octagonal with sharp corners—drawing required,
- 4.1.6 Length,
- 4.1.7 Surface finish (see 9.2),
- 4.1.8 Whether inspection or witness of inspection and tests by the purchaser's representative is required prior to material shipment (Section 10),
- 4.1.9 Whether certification is required (Section 12),
- 4.1.10 Whether marking for identification is required (Section 13 and Practices B 660), and
- 4.1.11 Whether special packaging is required for shipment (Section 14).

5. Quality Assurance

5.1 *Responsibility for Inspection*— Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer or supplier is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or order, the producer or supplier may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the purchaser at the time the order is placed. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification where such inspections

are deemed necessary to assure that material conforms to prescribed requirements.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 *Limits*—The bars, rods, shapes, tubes, or wire shall conform to the chemical requirements in Table 1.

6.2 *Number of Samples*—The number of samples taken for determination of chemical composition shall be as follows:

6.2.1 When samples are taken at the time the ingots are poured, at least one sample shall be taken for each group of ingots poured simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.

6.2.2 Unless compliance is established by 6.2.1, sampling of the finished product shall be in accordance with Practice E 55. One sample shall be taken for each 4000 lb (2000 kg) or less of material comprising the lot, except that not more than one analysis shall be required per piece.


6.3 *Methods of Chemical Analysis*—Any suitable method of chemical analysis may be used. In case of dispute, the analysis shall be made by methods given in Test Methods E 35 or any other standard methods of analysis approved by ASTM unless some other method is agreed upon.

7. Tensile Requirements

7.1 *Limits*—The bars, rods, shapes, tubes, and wire shall conform to the tensile properties requirements in Table 2 unless other agreement is made between producer or supplier and purchaser. Properties for sizes and tempers not shown in Table 2 shall be as agreed by producer or supplier and purchaser.

7.2 *Number of Specimens*—From material having nominal weight of less than 1 lb/linear ft [through 1.7 kg/linear m], one tension test sample shall be taken for each 1000 lb [500 kg] or fraction thereof in the shipment. For material having a nominal weight of 1 lb/linear ft [over 1.7 kg/linear m] or more, one tension test shall be taken for each 1000 ft [300 m] or fraction thereof in the shipment. Other procedures for selecting samples may be employed if agreed upon by the seller and the purchaser.

7.3 Geometry of test specimens and the location in the

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product from which they are taken shall be as specified in Test Methods B 557 and B 557M.

7.4 *Test Methods*—The tension tests shall be made in accordance with Test Methods B 557 and B 557M.

7.5 *Retests*—If any tension specimen fails to conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 2, two additional specimens shall be selected and tested from other bars, rods, shapes, tubes,

or wire in the lot. If either of these specimens fails to conform to the applicable requirements, the material may be rejected. If, however, the failure of the specimens to conform to the requirements is the result of an inadequate thermal treatment, the material may be reheat treated and resampled in accordance with 7.2.

TABLE 2 Tensile Requirements

NOTE—For purposes of determining conformance with this specification, each value for tensile strength and yield strength shall be rounded to the nearest 100 psi and each value for elongation shall be rounded to the nearest 0.5 %, both in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E 29.

Alloy ^A		Temper ^A	Form	Specified Diameter or Thickness	Over-Through	Specified Cross-Sectional Area, in. ² or OD of Tube, in.	Tensile Strength, min		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min		Elongation in 2 in. [50 mm] or 4 × Dia., min, % ^{B,C}
UNS No.	ASTM No.			in. ^{D,E}	[mm]		ksi	[MPa]	ksi	[MPa]	
M11311	AZ31B	F	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	0.249 and under	[...-6.30]	all	35.0	[240]	21.0	[145]	7
				0.250-1.499	[6.30-40.00]	all	35.0	[240]	22.0	[150]	7
				1.500-2.499	[40.00-60.00]	all	34.0	[235]	22.0	[150]	7
				2.500-4.999	[60.00-130.00]	all	32.0	[220]	20.0	[140]	7
			hollow shapes	all	all	32.0	[220]	16.0	[110]	8	
			tubes	0.028-0.250	[0.70-6.30]	6.000 [150.00] and under	32.0	[220]	20.0	[140]	8
				0.250-0.750	[6.30-20.00]		32.0	[220]	16.0	[110]	4
M11610	AZ61A	F	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	0.249 and under	[...-6.30]	all	38.0	[260]	21.0	[145]	8
				0.250-2.499	[6.30-60.00]	all	40.0	[275]	24.0	[165]	9
				2.500-4.999	[60.00-130.00]	all	40.0	[275]	22.0	[150]	7
				hollow shapes	all	all	36.0	[250]	16.0	[110]	7
			tubes	0.028-0.750	[0.70-20.00]	6.000 [150.00] and under	36.0	[250]	16.0	[110]	7
M11800	AZ80A	F	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	0.249 and under	[...-6.30]	all	43.0	[295]	28.0	[195]	9
				0.250-1.499	[6.30-40.00]	all	43.0	[295]	28.0	[195]	8
				1.500-2.499	[40.00-60.00]	all	43.0	[295]	28.0	[195]	6
				2.500-4.999	[60.00-130.00]	all	42.0	[290]	27.0	[185]	4
M11800	AZ80A	T5	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	0.249 and under	[...-6.30]	all	47.0	[325]	30.0	[205]	4
				0.250-2.499	[6.30-60.00]	all	48.0	[330]	33.0	[230]	4
				2.500-4.999	[60.00-130.00]	all	45.0	[310]	30.0	[205]	2
M15100	M1A	F	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	0.249 and under	[...-6.30]	all	30.0	[205]	^F	[13]	2
				0.250-1.499	[6.30-40.00]	all	32.0	[220]	^F	[13]	3
				1.500-2.499	[40.00-60.00]	all	32.0	[220]	^F	[13]	2
				2.500-4.999	[60.00-130.00]	all	29.0	[200]	^F	[13]	2
			hollow shapes	all	all	28.0	[195]	^F	[13]	2	
			tubes	0.028-0.750	[0.70-20.00]	6.000 [150.00] and under	28.0	[195]	^F	[13]	2
M16400	ZK40A	T5	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	all		4.999 [3200] and under	40.0	[275]	37.0	[255]	4.0
			hollow shapes	all	all	40.0	[275]	37.0	[255]	4.0	
			tubes	0.062-0.500	[1.60-12.50]	3.000 [80.00] and under	40.0	[275]	36.0	[255]	4.0
M16600	ZK60A	F	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	all		4.999 [3200] and under	43.0	[295]	31.0	[215]	5


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TABLE 2 *Continued*

Alloy ^A		Tem- per ^A	Form	Specified Diameter or Thickness	Over-Through	Specified Cross- Sectional Area, in. ² or OD of Tube, in.	Tensile Strength, min		Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min		Elongation in 2 in. [50 mm] or 4 × Dia., min, % ^{B,C}
UNS No.	ASTM No.			in. ^{D,E}	[mm]		ksi	[MPa]	ksi	[MPa]	
						5.000–39.999 [3201–26 000]	43.0	[295]	31.0	[215]	4
			hollow shapes	all		all	40.0	[275]	28.0	[195]	5
			tubes	0.028–0.750	[0.70–20.00]	3.000 [80.00] and under	40.0	[275]	28.0	[195]	5
M16600	ZK60A	T5	bars, rods, shapes, and wire	all		4.999 [3200] and under	45.0	[310]	36.0	[250]	4
						5.000–24.999 [3201–16 000]	45.0	[295]	31.0	[215]	6
						25.000–39.999 [16 001–26 000]	43.0				6
			hollow shapes	all		all	46.0	[315]	38.0	[260]	4
			tubes	0.028–0.250	[0.70–6.30]	3.000 [80.00] and under	46.0	[315]	38.0	[260]	4
				0.094–1.188	[2.50–30.00]	3.001 [80.00]– 8.500 [215]	44.0	[305]	33.0	[230]	4

^A See Practice B 296.

^B Elongation of full-section and machined sheet-type specimens is measured in 2 in. [50 mm] of machined round specimens, in 4 × specimen dia. [5 × dia. in metric].

^C For material of such dimensions that a standard test specimen cannot be obtained, for wire less than 0.125 in. diameter [3.2 mm diameter], or for material thinner than 0.062 in. [1.60 mm] the test for elongation is not required.

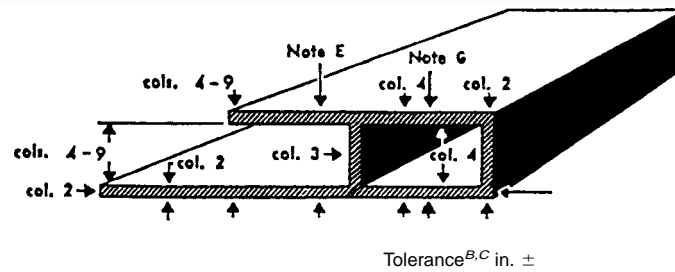
^D Intermediate dimensions shall be rounded off to the third decimal place in accordance with Practice E 29.

^E Wall thickness of tubes.

^F Not required.

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TABLE 3 Cross-Sectional Tolerances for Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Wire^A



Specified Dimension, in.	Metal Dimensions				Space Dimensions			
	Allowable Deviation from Specified Dimension Where 75% or More of the Dimension is Metal ^D				Allowable Deviation from Specified Dimension Where More than 25% of the Dimension is Space ^{E,F}			
	All Except Those Covered By Column 3	Wall Thickness ^{G,H,I} Completely Enclosing Space 0.11 in. ² and Over (Eccentricity)	At Dimensioned Points 0.250–0.624 in. from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points 0.625–1.249 in. from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points 1.250–2.499 in. from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points 2.500–3.999 in. from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points 4.000–5.999 in. from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points 6.000–8.000 in. from Base of Leg
Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7	Col. 8	Col. 9
Circumscribing Circle Sizes Less than 10 in. in Dia								
0.124 and under	0.006	±10 % of specified	0.010	0.012	...	...	...	...
0.125–0.249	0.007	dimension:	0.012	0.014	0.016	...	...	...
0.250–0.499	0.008	±0.060 max	0.014	0.016	0.018	0.020	...	...
0.500–0.749	0.009	0.010 min	0.016	0.018	0.020	0.022	...	...
0.750–0.999	0.010		0.018	0.020	0.022	0.025	0.30	...
1.000–1.499	0.012		0.021	0.023	0.026	0.030	0.035	...
1.500–1.999	0.014		0.024	0.026	0.031	0.036	0.042	0.050
2.000–3.999	0.024		0.034	0.038	0.048	0.057	0.068	0.080
4.000–5.999	0.034		0.044	0.050	0.064	0.078	0.094	0.110
6.000–7.999	0.044		0.054	0.062	0.082	0.099	0.120	0.140
8.000–9.999	0.054		0.064	0.074	0.100	0.120	0.145	0.170
Circumscribing Circle Sizes 10 in. in Dia and Over								
0.124 and under	0.014	±15 % of specified	0.018	0.020	...	...	...	...
0.125–0.249	0.015	dimension:	0.019	0.022	0.028	...	...	...
0.250–0.499	0.016	±0.090 max	0.020	0.024	0.030	0.050	...	...
0.500–0.749	0.017	±0.015 min	0.022	0.027	0.040	0.060	...	...
0.750–0.999	0.018		0.023	0.030	0.050	0.070	0.090	...
1.000–1.499	0.019		0.024	0.034	0.060	0.080	0.100	...
1.500–1.999	0.024		0.034	0.044	0.070	0.090	0.110	0.170
2.000–3.999	0.034		0.044	0.054	0.080	0.100	0.120	0.180
4.000–5.999	0.044		0.054	0.064	0.090	0.110	0.130	0.190
6.000–7.999	0.054		0.064	0.074	0.100	0.120	0.140	0.200
8.000–9.999	0.064		0.074	0.084	0.110	0.130	0.150	0.210
10.000–11.999	0.074		0.084	0.094	0.120	0.140	0.160	0.220
12.000–13.999	0.084		0.094	0.104	0.130	0.150	0.170	0.230
14.000–15.999	0.094		0.104	0.114	0.140	0.160	0.180	0.240
16.000–17.999	0.104		0.114	0.124	0.150	0.170	0.190	0.250
18.000–19.999	0.114		0.124	0.134	0.160	0.180	0.200	0.260
20.000–21.999	0.124		0.134	0.144	0.170	0.190	0.210	0.270
22.000–23.999	0.134		0.144	0.154	0.180	0.200	0.220	0.280

^A These tolerances are applicable to the average shape. Wider tolerances may be required for some shapes and closer tolerances may be possible for others.

^B The tolerances applicable to a dimension composed of two or more component dimensions is the sum of the tolerances of the component dimensions if all of the component dimensions are indicated.

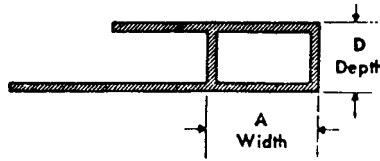
^C When a tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.

^D These tolerances do not apply to space dimensions such as dimensions X and Z of the example even when Y is 75 % or more of X. For the tolerance applicable to dimensions X, use Col. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9, dependent on distance A and the circumscribing circle diameter.

^E At points less than 0.250 in. from base of leg the tolerances in Column 2 are applicable.

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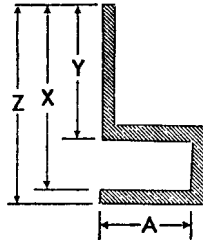
^F The following tolerances apply where the space is completely enclosed (hollow shapes): For the width (A) the tolerance is the value shown in Column 4 for the depth (D), the tolerance is the value shown in Column 4 for the width (A). In no case is the tolerance for either width or depth less than at the corners (Column 2, metal dimensions).



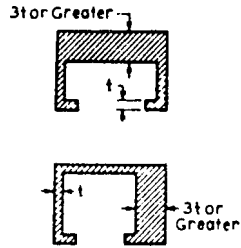
Example—Hollow shape having 1 by 3 in. rectangular outside dimensions and having a circumscribing circle diameter less than 10 in.: width tolerance is ± 0.024 in. and depth tolerance ± 0.034 in. (Tolerances at corners, Column 2, metal dimensions, are ± 0.024 in. for the width and ± 0.012 in. for the depth.)

^G Where dimensions specified are outside and inside, rather than wall thickness itself, the allowable deviation (eccentricity) given in Column 3 applies to mean wall thickness (mean wall thickness is the average of two wall thickness measurements taken at opposite sides of the void).

^H In the case of Class 1 Hollow Shapes the standard wall thickness tolerance for extruded round tube is applicable. (A Class 1 Hollow Shape is one whose void is round and 1 in. or more in diameter and whose weight is equally distributed on opposite sides of two or more equally spaced axes.)

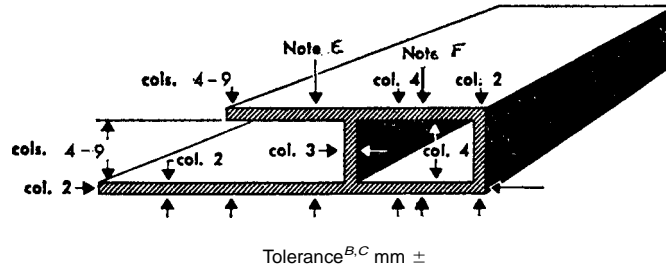


^I Tolerance applicable to the wall thickness enclosing the void of hollow and semihollow shapes is subject to negotiation when the nominal thickness of one wall is three times or greater than that of the opposite wall.



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TABLE 4 Cross Section Tolerances for Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Wire [Metric]^A



Specified Dimensions (mm)	Metal Dimensions			Space Dimensions					
	Allowable Deviation from Specified Dimension Where 75 % or More of the Dimension is Metal ^D			Allowable Deviation from Specified Dimension Where More than 25 % of the Dimension is Space ^{E,F}					
	All Except Those Covered by Column 3	Wall Thickness Completely Enclosing Space 7.0 mm and Over (Eccentricity) ^{G,H,I}	At Dimensioned Points Over 5 through 15 mm from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points Over 15 through 30 mm from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points Over 30 through 60 mm from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points Over 60 through 100 mm from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points Over 100 through 150 mm from Base of Leg	At Dimensioned Points Over 150 through 200 mm from Base of Leg	
Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7	Col. 8	Col. 9	
Over	Through	Circumscribing Circle Sizes Thru 250 mm in Diameter							
0	3.20	0.15	± 10 % of specified dimensions:	0.25	0.30	...	...	...
3.20	6.30	0.18	± 1.50 max	0.30	0.36	0.41	...	...
6.30	12.50	0.20	± 0.25 min	0.36	0.41	0.46	0.50	...	
12.50	20.00	0.23		0.41	0.46	0.50	0.56	...	
20.00	25.00	0.25		0.46	0.50	0.56	0.64	0.76	
25.00	40.00	0.30		0.54	0.58	0.66	0.76	0.88	
40.00	50.00	0.36		0.60	0.66	0.78	0.92	1.05	
50.00	100.00	0.60		0.86	0.96	1.20	1.45	1.70	
100.00	150.00	0.86		1.10	1.25	1.65	2.00	2.40	
150.00	200.00	1.10		1.35	1.55	2.10	2.50	3.05	
200.00	250.00	1.35		1.65	1.90	2.50	3.05	3.70	
Circumscribing Circle Sizes Over 250 mm in Diameter									
0	3.20	0.36	± 15 % of specified dimensions:	0.46	0.50	...	...	...
3.20	6.30	0.38	± 2.30 max	0.48	0.56	0.72	...	...
6.30	12.50	0.41	± 0.38 min	0.50	0.60	0.76	1.25	...	
12.50	20.00	0.43		0.56	0.68	1.00	1.50	...	
20.00	25.00	0.46		0.58	0.76	1.25	1.80	2.30	
25.00	40.00	0.48		0.60	0.86	1.50	2.05	2.55	
40.00	50.00	0.60		0.86	1.10	1.80	2.30	2.80	
50.00	100.00	0.86		1.10	1.35	2.05	2.55	3.05	
100.00	150.00	1.10		1.35	1.65	2.30	2.80	3.30	
150.00	200.00	1.35		1.65	1.90	2.55	3.05	3.55	
200.00	250.00	1.65		1.90	2.15	2.80	3.20	3.80	
250.00	300.00	1.90		2.15	2.40	3.05	3.55	4.05	
300.00	350.00	2.15		2.40	2.65	3.30	3.80	4.30	
350.00	400.00	2.40		2.65	2.90	3.55	4.05	4.55	
400.00	450.00	2.65		2.90	3.15	3.80	4.30	4.85	
450.00	500.00	2.90		3.15	3.40	4.05	4.55	5.10	
500.00	550.00	3.15		3.40	3.65	4.30	4.85	5.25	
550.00	600.00	3.40		3.65	3.90	4.55	5.10	5.60	

^A These tolerances are applicable to the average shape. Wider tolerances may be required for some shapes and closer tolerances may be possible for others.

^B The tolerances applicable to a dimension composed of two or more component dimensions is the sum of the tolerances of the component dimensions if all of the component dimensions are indicated.

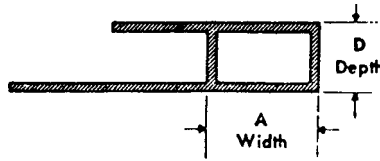
^C When a tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.

^D These tolerances do not apply to space dimensions such as dimensions X and Z of the example even when Y is 75 % or more of X. For the tolerance applicable to dimensions X, use columns 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9, dependent on distance A and the circumscribing circle diameter.

^E At points less than 6.30 mm in from base of leg the tolerances in Column 2 are applicable.

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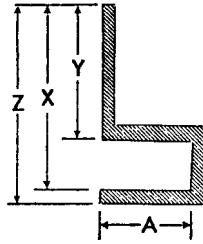
^F The following tolerances apply where the space is completely enclosed (hollow shapes): For the width (A) the tolerance is the value shown in Column 4 for the depth (D). For the depth (D), the tolerance is the value shown in Column 4 for the width (A). In no case is the tolerance for either width or depth less than at the corners (Column 2, metal dimensions).



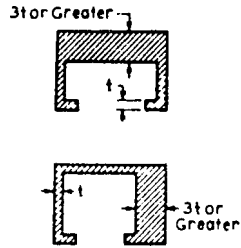
Example—Hollow shape having 25 mm by 75 mm rectangular outside dimensions and having a circumscribing circle diameter less than 250 mm: width tolerance is ± 0.60 mm and depth tolerance ± 1 mm. Tolerances at corners, Column 2, metal dimensions, are ± 0.060 mm for the width and ± 0.30 mm for the depth.)

^G Where dimensions specified are outside and inside, rather than wall thickness itself, the allowable deviation (eccentricity) given in Column 3 applies to mean wall thickness (mean wall thickness is the average of two wall thickness measurements taken at opposite sides of the void).

^H In the case of Class 1 Hollow Shapes the standard wall thickness tolerance for extruded round tube is applicable. (A Class 1 Hollow Shape is one whose void is round and 2 mm or more in diameter and whose weight is equally distributed on opposite sides of two or more equally spaced axes.)



^I Tolerance applicable to the wall thickness enclosing the void of hollow and semihollow shapes is subject to negotiation when the nominal thickness of one wall is three times or greater than that of the opposite wall.



8. Dimensional Tolerances

8.1 Variations from the specified cross-sectional dimensions shall not exceed the amounts prescribed in Tables 3-10 as applicable.

8.2 Straightness shall conform to the requirements of Tables 11-14.

8.3 Variation in length shall not exceed the amount permitted by Table 15.

8.4 Variations from any specified angles shall not exceed the amount permitted by Table 16.

8.5 Roughness of surface of bars, rods, and shapes shall not exceed the amount permitted by Table 17.

8.6 Variations from a specified radius shall not exceed the amount permitted by Table 18.

8.7 Flatness shall conform to the requirements of Table 19.

8.8 The allowable deviation from a specified contour shall be 0.005 in./in. [0.005 mm/mm] of chord length, 0.005 in. [0.13 mm] min; not applicable to more than 90° of any arc.

8.9 The allowable deviation from square of cut ends other than on wire shall not exceed 1°.

9. Workmanship, Finish and Appearance

9.1 All material shall be of uniform quality, free from injurious surface defects, and shall have a workmanlike finish.

9.2 The extruded rod, bar, shapes, tube, or wire shall be supplied in the finish specified by the purchaser. One of these finishes should be specified:

- 9.2.1 Plain (mill finish),
- 9.2.2 Plain and oiled,

9.2.3 Chrome pickled, or

9.2.4 Chrome pickled and oiled.

10. Inspection

10.1 If the purchaser desires that his representative inspect or witness the inspection and testing of the material prior to shipment, such agreement shall be made part of the purchase contract.

10.2 When such inspection or witness of inspection and testing is agreed upon, the producer or supplier shall afford the purchaser's representative all reasonable facilities to determine that the material meets the requirements of this specification. Inspection shall be conducted so there is no necessary interference with the producer's or supplier's operation.

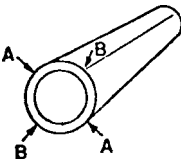
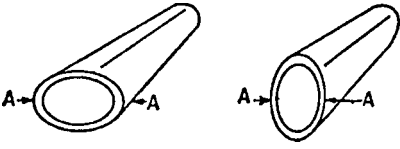
11. Rejection

11.1 Material failing to conform to the requirements of this specification, or in which defects are discovered during subsequent manufacturing operations, may be rejected. If rejected, the seller shall be responsible only for replacement of the material to the purchaser. All of the rejected material shall be returned to the producer or supplier.

12. Certification

12.1 The producer or supplier shall, on request, furnish to the purchaser a certificate stating that each lot has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification, and has met the requirements.

TABLE 5 Diameter Tolerances for Round Tubes

Specified Outside or Inside Diameter, in. [mm] ^D	Tolerance, ±, in. [mm] ^A		
	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
	Over-Through	Allowable Deviation of Mean Diameter ^B from Specified Diameter (Size)	Allowable Deviation of Diameter at any Point from Specified Diameter (Ovality) ^C
			
		Difference Between ½ (AA + BB) and Specified Diameter	Difference Between AA and Specified Diameter
0.499 and under	[...-12.50]	0.008 [0.20]	0.016 [0.40]
0.500-0.999	[12.50-25.00]	0.010 [0.25]	0.020 [0.50]
1.000-1.999	[25.00-50.00]	0.012 [0.30]	0.025 [0.64]
2.000-3.999	[50.00-100.00]	0.015 [0.38]	0.030 [0.76]
4.000-5.999	[100.00-150.00]	0.025 [0.64]	0.050 [1.25]
6.000-7.999	[150.00-200.00]	0.035 [0.88]	0.075 [1.90]
8.000-9.999	[200.00-250.00]	0.045 [1.15]	0.100 [2.55]
10.000-11.999	[250.00-300.00]	0.055 [1.40]	0.125 [3.20]
12.000-13.999	[300.00-350.00]	0.065 [1.65]	0.150 [3.80]
14.000-15.999	[350.00-400.00]	0.075 [1.90]	0.175 [4.45]
16.000-17.999	[400.00-450.00]	0.085 [2.15]	0.200 [5.10]

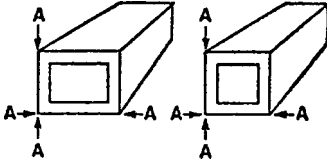
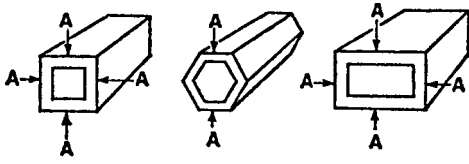
^A When a tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum and minimum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.

^B Mean diameter is the average of two diameter measurements taken at right angles to each other at any point along the length.

^C Not applicable if the wall thickness is less than 2½ % of the outside diameter.

^D When outside diameter, inside diameter, and wall thickness are all specified, standard tolerances are applicable to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three.

TABLE 6 Width and Depth Tolerances for Square, Rectangular, Hexagonal and Octagonal Tubes

	Tolerance, ±, in. [mm] ^A			
Specified Width or Depth, in. [mm] ^C	Allowable Deviation of Width or Depth at Corners from Specified Width or Depth 	Allowable Deviation of Width or Depth Not at Corners from Specified Width or Depth ^B 		
	Difference Between AA and Specified Width or Depth	Difference Between AA and Specified Width, Depth, or Distance Across Flats		
	Square, Rectangular	Square, Hexagonal, Octagonal	Rectangular	
	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
	Over Through			
0.500–0.749	[12.50–20.00]	0.012 [0.30]	0.020 [0.50]	The tolerance for the width is the value in Column 3 for a dimension equal to the depth, and conversely, but in no case is the tolerance less than at the corners. ^D
0.750–0.999	[20.00–25.00]	0.014 [0.36]	0.020 [0.50]	
1.000–1.999	[25.00–50.00]	0.018 [0.46]	0.025 [0.64]	
2.000–3.999	[50.00–100.00]	0.025 [0.64]	0.035 [0.88]	
4.000–4.999	[100.00–130.00]	0.035 [0.88]	0.045 [1.15]	
5.000–5.999	[130.00–150.00]	0.045 [1.15]	0.055 [1.40]	
6.000–6.999	[150.00–180.00]	0.055 [1.40]	0.065 [1.65]	
7.000–7.999	[180.00–200.00]	0.065 [1.65]	0.075 [1.90]	
8.000–8.999	[200.00–230.00]	0.075 [1.90]	0.085 [2.15]	
9.000–9.999	[230.00–250.00]	0.085 [2.15]	0.095 [2.40]	
10.000–10.999	[250.00–280.00]	0.095 [2.40]	0.105 [2.65]	
11.000–12.999	[280.00–330.00]	0.105 [2.65]	0.115 [2.90]	

^A When a tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum and minimum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.

^B Not applicable if wall thickness is less than 2½ % of the equivalent round diameter. The equivalent round diameter is the diameter of a circle having a circumference equal to the perimeter of the tube.

^C When outside, inside, and wall thickness dimensions are all specified, standard tolerances are applicable to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three.

^D Example—The width tolerance of 1 by 3 in. [25 by 75 mm] rectangular tube in Column 3 is ± 0.025 in. [±0.64 mm] and the depth tolerance is ±0.035 in. [±0.88 mm].

13. Product Marking

13.1 When specified in the contract or purchase order, all material shall be marked in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 184 except that this specification number shall be used.

13.2 The requirements specified in 13.1 are minimum; marking systems that involve added information, larger characters, and greater frequencies are acceptable under this specification and shall be agreed upon between the producer or supplier and purchaser.

13.3 Smaller straight bars, rods, tubes, sections, and wire shall be identified by two tags marked with the information in 13.1 and attached, not farther than 2 ft (610 mm) from each end, to the product in each bundle, box, or lift unless other agreement is made.

14. Packaging and Package Marking

14.1 The material shall be packaged to provide adequate protection during normal handling and transportation and each package shall contain only one size, alloy, or temper of material unless otherwise agreed. The type of packaging and

gross weight of containers shall, unless otherwise agreed upon, be at the seller's discretion, provided they are such as to ensure acceptance by common or other carriers for safe transportation at the lowest rate to the delivery point.

14.2 Each shipping container shall be marked with the purchase order number, material size, specification number, alloy and temper, gross and net weights, and the manufacturer's name or trademark.

14.3 When specified in the contract or purchase order, material shall be preserved, packaged, and packed in accordance with the requirements of Practices B 660. The applicable level shall be as specified in the contract or purchase order. Marking for shipment of such material shall be in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123 for civil agencies and MIL-STD-129 for military agencies.

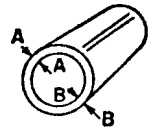
15. Keywords

15.1 compositions; dimensional tolerances; extrusions; magnesium; mechanical properties

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TABLE 7 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Round Tubes

Specified Wall Thickness, in. ^D	Tolerance, ±, in. ^{A,B}					Allowable Deviation of Wall Thickness at any Point from Mean Wall Thickness ^C (Eccentricity)
	Allowable Deviation of Mean Wall Thickness ^C from Specified Wall Thickness				5.000 and Over	
	Difference Between $\frac{1}{2}(AA + BB)$ and Specified Wall Thickness				Difference Between AA and Mean Wall Thickness	
	Outside Diameter, in.				Difference Between AA and Mean Wall Thickness	
Column 1	1.249 and Under Column 2	1.250–2.999 Column 3	3.000–4.999 Column 4	5.000 and Over Column 5	Column 6	
0.046 and under	0.006	±10% of the mean wall thickness (±0.060 in. max, ± 0.010 in. min)	
0.047–0.061	0.007	0.008	0.008	0.010		
0.062–0.077	0.008	0.008	0.009	0.012		
0.078–0.124	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.015	±10% of the mean wall thickness (±0.060 in. max, ± 0.010 in. min)	
0.125–0.249	0.009	0.009	0.013	0.020		
0.250–0.374	0.011	0.011	0.016	0.025		
0.375–0.499	...	0.015	0.021	0.035		
0.500–0.749	...	0.020	0.028	0.045		
0.750–0.999	...	...	0.035	0.055
1.000–1.499	0.045	0.065	±0.120 in. max	
1.500–2.000	...	...	...	0.075
2.001–2.499	...	...	...	0.085
2.500–2.999	...	...	...	0.095
3.000–3.499	...	...	...	0.105
3.500–4.000	...	...	...	0.115



Specified Wall Thickness, in.^D

Difference Between $\frac{1}{2}(AA + BB)$ and Specified Wall Thickness

Outside Diameter, in.

Difference Between AA and Mean Wall Thickness

^A When outside diameter, inside diameter, and wall thickness are all specified, standard tolerances are applicable to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three.
^B When a dimension tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum and minimum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.
^C The mean wall thickness of round tube is the average of two measurements taken opposite each other.
^D When dimensions specified are outside and inside, rather than wall thickness itself, the allowable deviation at any point (eccentricity) is ±10 % of the mean wall thickness; ±0.060 in. max, ± 0.010 in. min.

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TABLE 8 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Round Tubes [Metric]

Tolerance, \pm , mm ^{A,B}							
Specified Wall Thickness, mm ^D		Allowable Deviation of Mean Wall Thickness ^C from Specified Wall Thickness	Difference Between $\frac{1}{2}$ (AA + BB) and Specified Wall Thickness			Allowable Deviation of Wall Thickness at any Point from Mean Wall Thickness ^A (Eccentricity)	
			Outside Diameter, mm				
			Up Through 30	Over 30 Through 80	Over 80 Through 130	Over 130	Difference Between AA and Mean Wall Thickness
Column 1		Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	
Over	Through						
0	1.20	0.15	...	...	...	$\pm 10\%$ of the mean wall thickness (± 1.50 mm max, ± 0.25 mm min)
1.20	1.60	0.18	0.20	0.20	0.25		
1.60	2.00	0.20	0.20	0.23	0.30		
2.00	3.20	0.23	0.25	0.25	0.38	$\pm 10\%$ of the mean wall thickness (± 1.5 mm max, ± 0.25 mm min)	
3.20	6.30	0.25	0.25	0.33	0.50		
6.30	10.00	0.28	0.28	0.40	0.64		
10.00	12.50	...	0.38	0.53	0.88		
12.50	20.00	...	0.50	0.72	1.15		
20.00	25.00	...	...	0.98	1.40	± 3.00 mm
25.00	35.00	...	...	1.15	1.65	
35.00	50.00	...	...	...	1.90	
50.00	60.00	...	...	...	2.15	
60.00	80.00	...	...	...	2.40	
80.00	90.00	...	...	...	2.65	
90.00	100.00	...	...	...	2.90	

^A When outside diameter, inside diameter, and wall thickness are all specified, standard tolerances are applicable to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three.

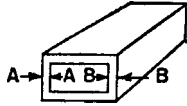
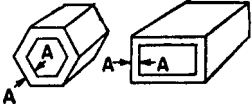
^B When a dimension tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum and minimum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.

^C The mean wall thickness of round tube is the average of two measurements taken opposite to each other.

^D When dimensions specified are outside and inside, rather than wall thickness itself, the allowable deviation at any point (eccentricity) is $\pm 10\%$ of the mean wall thickness; ± 1.50 mm max, ± 0.25 mm min.

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TABLE 9 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Square, Rectangular, Hexagonal, and Octagonal Tubes

Specified Wall Thickness, ^D in.	Tolerance, ±, in. ^{A,B}			
	Allowable Deviation of Mean ^C Wall Thickness from Specified Wall Thickness		Allowable Deviation of Wall Thickness at any Point from Mean Wall Thickness ^C (<i>Eccentricity</i>)	
				
	Difference Between ½ (AA + BB) and Specified Wall Thickness		Difference Between AA and Mean Wall Thickness	
Circumscribing Circle Diameter, in. ^E				
	4.999 and Under	5.000 and Over	4.999 and Under	5.000 and Over
Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5
0.046 and under	0.005	0.008	0.005	±10% of the mean wall thickness (±0.060 in. max, ±0.010 in. min)
0.047–0.061	0.006	0.009	0.007	
0.062–0.124	0.007	0.010	0.010	
0.125–0.249	0.008	0.015	0.015	
0.250–0.374	0.011	0.020	0.025	
0.375–0.499	0.014	0.030	0.030	
0.500–0.749	0.025	0.040	0.040	
0.750–0.999	0.035	0.050	0.050	
1.000–1.499	0.045	0.060	0.060	
1.500–2.000	...	0.070	...	

^A When outside, inside, and wall thickness dimensions are all specified, standard tolerances are applicable to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three.

^B When a dimension tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum and minimum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.

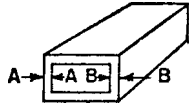
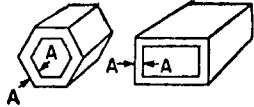
^C The mean wall thickness of other than round tube is the average of two measurements taken opposite each other at approximate center line of tube and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the cross section.

^D When dimensions specified are outside and inside, rather than wall thickness itself, the allowable deviation at any point (eccentricity) is ±10 % of the mean wall thickness; ±0.060 in. max, ± 0.010 in. min.

^E The circumscribing circle diameter is the diameter of the smallest circle that will completely enclose the tube.

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TABLE 10 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Square, Rectangular, Hexagonal, and Octagonal Tubes [Metric]

Specified Wall Thickness ^D , mm		Tolerance, ±, mm ^{A,B}			
		Allowable Deviation of Mean ^C Wall Thickness from Specified Wall Thickness		Allowable Deviation of Wall Thickness at any Point from Mean Wall Thickness ^C (Eccentricity)	
					
		Difference Between $\frac{1}{2}(AA + BB)$ and Specified Wall Thickness		Difference Between AA and Mean Wall Thickness	
		Circumscribing Circle Diameter, mm ^E			
		0 through 130	Over 130	0 through 130	Over 130
Column 1		Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Over	Through				
0	1.20	0.13	0.20	0.13	±10 % of the mean wall thickness (±1.50 mm, max ±0.25 mm min)
1.20	1.60	0.15	0.23	0.18	
1.60	3.20	0.18	0.25	0.25	
3.20	6.30	0.20	0.38	0.38	
6.30	10.00	0.28	0.50	0.64	
10.00	12.50	0.36	0.76	0.76	
12.50	20.00	0.64	1.00	1.00	
20.00	25.00	0.88	1.25	1.25	
25.00	35.00	1.15	1.50	1.50	
35.00	50.00	...	1.75	...	

^A When outside, inside, and wall thickness dimensions are all specified, standard tolerances are applicable to any two of these dimensions, but not to all three.
^B When a dimension tolerance is specified other than as an equal bilateral tolerance, the value of the standard tolerance is that which would apply to the mean of the maximum and minimum dimensions permissible under the tolerance.
^C The mean wall thickness of other than round tube is the average of two measurements taken opposite each other at approximate centerline of tube and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the cross section.
^D When dimensions specified are outside and inside, rather than wall thickness itself, the allowable deviation at any point (eccentricity) is ±10 % of the mean wall thickness; ±1.50 mm max, ±0.25 mm min.
^E The circumscribing circle diameter is the diameter of the smallest circle that will completely enclose the tube.

TABLE 11 Straightness Tolerances for Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes in Straight Lengths

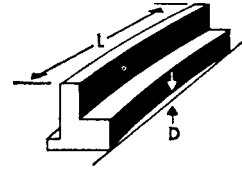
Product		Tolerance, ^A in.			
		Specified Dia (Rod); Specified Width (Bar); Circumscribing Circle Dia ^B (Shapes); Specified OD or Width (Tube), in.	Specified Thickness (Rectangles); Minimum Thickness (Shapes), in.	Allowable Deviation from Straight	
				In Any Foot or Less of Length	In Total Length of Piece
Rod; square, hexagonal, and octagonal bar	all	...		0.0125	0.0125 × length in ft
Rectangular bar and shapes	1.499 and under	0.094 and under		0.050	0.050 × length in ft
	1.500 and over	0.095 and over all		0.0125	0.0125 × length in ft
Tube	0.500–5.999	...		0.010	0.010 × length in ft
	6.000 and over	...		0.020	0.020 × length in ft

^A When weight of piece on flat surface minimizes deviation.
^B The circumscribing circle diameter is the diameter of the smallest circle that will completely enclose the cross section of the extruded product.

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TABLE 12 Straightness Tolerances for Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes in Straight Lengths [Metric]

Product	Specified Dia (Rod); Specified Width (Bar); Circumscribing Circle Dia ^B (Shapes); Specified OD or Width (Tube), mm	Specified Thickness (Rectangles); Mini- mum Thickness (Shapes), mm	Tolerance, ^A mm	
			Allowable Deviation from Straight	
			mm in any metre or less of length	mm in total length of piece
Rod, square, hexagonal, and octagonal bar	over 40 thru 80	all	1	1 × length in m
	over 40 thru 80	all	2	2 × length in m
	over 80	all	4	4 × length in m
Rectangular bar and shapes	thru 40	thru 2.50	4	4 × length in m
	over 40	over 2.50	1	1 × length in m
	over 40	all	1	1 × length in m
Tube	thru 12.50	all	1	1 × length in m
	over 12.50	all	2	2 × length in m

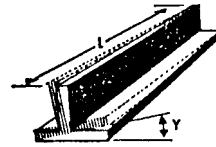


^A When weight of piece of flat surface minimizes deviation.

^B The circumscribing circle diameter is the diameter of the smallest circle that will completely enclose the cross section of the extruded product.

TABLE 13 Twist Tolerances for Bars, Shapes, and Other-Than-Round Tubes^A

Specified Width (Bar and Tube); Circumscribing Circle Dia ^B (Shapes), in.	Specified Thickness (Rectangles); Minimum Thickness (Shapes), in.	In Any Foot or Less of Length	Tolerance, °	
			Allowable Deviation from Straight	
			In Total Length of Piece	
1.499 and under	all	1	1° × length in ft: 7° max	
1.500–2.999	all	½	½° × length in ft: 5° max	
3.000 and over	all	¼	¼° × length in ft: 3° max	

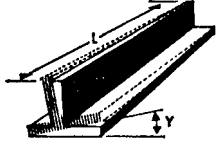


^A Twist is normally measured by placing the extruded section on a flat surface and measuring the maximum distance at any point along its length between the bottom surface of the section and the flat surface. From this measurement, the deviation from true straightness is subtracted. The remainder is the twist. To convert the standard twist tolerance (deg) to an equivalent linear value, the tangent of the standard tolerance is multiplied by the width of the surface of the section that is on the flat surface.

^B The circumscribing circle diameter is the diameter of the smallest circle that will completely enclose the cross section of the extruded product.

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TABLE 14 Twist Tolerances for Bars, Shapes, and Other-Than-Round Tubes [Metric]^A

Specified Width (Bar and Tube); Circumscribing Circle Dia ^B (Shapes), mm	Specified Thickness (Rectangles); Minimum Thickness (Shapes), mm	Tolerance, °	
		In Any Metre or Less of Length	Allowable Deviation from Straight
			
			In Total Length of Piece
0 through 40.00	all	3	3° × length in m: 7° max
Over 40.00 through 80.00	all	1.5	1.5° × length in m: 5° max
Over 80.00	all	0.75	0.75° × length in m: 3° max

^A Twist is normally measured by placing the extruded section on a flat surface and measuring the maximum distance at any point along its length between the bottom surface of the section and the flat surface. From this measurement, the deviation from true straightness is subtracted. The remainder is the twist. To convert the standard twist tolerance (°) to an equivalent linear value, the tangent of the standard tolerance is multiplied by the width of the surface of the section that is on the flat surface.

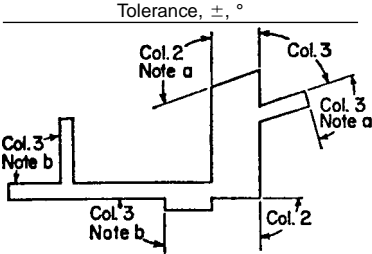
^B The circumscribing circle diameter is the diameter of the smallest circle that will completely enclose the cross section of the extruded product.

TABLE 15 Length

Specified Circumscribing Circle Diameter (Shapes); Specified Diameter (Rod); Specified Width (Bar), in.	Tolerance, in. [mm] Allowable Deviation From Specified Length			
	Specified Length, ft [m]			
	Up through 12 [4]	Over 12 [4] through 30 [9]	Over 30 [9] through 50 [15]	Over 50 [15]
Under 3.000 [79.00]	+ 1/8 [3]	+ 1/4 [6]	+ 3/8 [10]	+ 1 [25]
3.000–7.999 [80.00–199.00]	+ 3/16 [5]	+ 9/16 [8]	+ 7/16 [11]	+ 1 [25]
8.000 [200.00] and over	+ 1/4 [6]	+ 3/8 [10]	+ 1/2 [13]	+ 1 [25]

TABLE 16 Angularity Tolerances for Bars, Shapes, Other-Than-Round Tubes, and Wire^A

Minimum Specified Leg or Metal Thickness, in.	Tolerance, ±, °		
	Ratio: ^{B,C} Leg or Surface Length to Leg or Metal Thickness		
	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
0.187 [4.9] and under	1	1	2
0.188–0.749 [5.00–19.9]	1	1	1 1/2
0.750 [120.00] and over	1	1	1



^A The permissible deviation from specified angle on all other-than-round tubes shall be ±2°.

^B When the space between the surfaces forming an angle is all metal, values in Column 2 apply if the larger surface length to metal thickness ratio is 1 or less.

^C When two legs are involved, the one having the larger ratio determines the applicable column.

TABLE 17 Surface Roughness

Specified Section Thickness, in. [mm]	Allowable Depth of Defect ^A , max, in. [mm]
Under 0.064 [1.64]	0.0015 [0.038]
0.064–0.125 [1.65–3.19]	0.002 [0.050]
0.126–0.188 [3.20–4.79]	0.0025 [0.065]
0.189–0.250 [4.80–6.29]	0.003 [0.075]
0.251–0.500 [6.30–12.49]	0.004 [0.100]
0.501 and over [12.50 and over]	0.008 [0.200]

^A Includes die lines and handling marks.

TABLE 18 Corner and Fillet Radii Tolerances for Bars, Shapes, Tubes, and Wire

NOTE—1 in. = 25.4 mm.

Specified Radius, in. [mm]	Tolerance, in. [mm]	
	Difference between radius A and specified radius	Allowable Deviation from Specified Radius
Sharp corners	± 1/64 [± 0.40]	
0.187 [5.00] and under	± 1/64 [± 0.40]	
0.188 [5.01] and over	± 10 %	

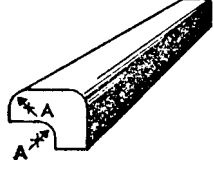


TABLE 19 Flatness Tolerances for Bars, Shapes, and Other-Than-Round Tubes

Product	Minimum Thickness of Metal Forming the Surface, in. [mm]	Tolerance, in. [mm]	
		In Any 1 in. [25 mm] or Less of Width ^A	Widths Over 1 in. [25 mm] ^A
Bars and Semi-hollow and Solid Shapes	all	0.004 [0.10]	0.004 × width, in. [mm]
Hollow Shapes and Tubes	0.187 [5.00] and under	0.006 [0.15]	0.006 × width, in. [mm]
	0.188 [5.01] and over	0.004 [0.10]	0.004 × width, in. [mm]

^A Flatness in the length direction is the same as straightness (Table 11).

APPENDIX

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. GENERAL INFORMATION

X1.1 The resistance to salt water corrosion of Alloys AZ31B, AZ61A, ZK40A, and ZK60A is substantially the same and superior to Alloy M1A. All the alloys have a specific gravity of about 1.8. Alloy AZ31B has good extrusion characteristics and moderate mechanical properties. Alloy AZ31C has the same characteristics as Alloy AZ31B except that the impurity limits are greater. It is used for applications where the maximum in corrosion resistance is not necessary. Alloy AZ61A has extrusion characteristics and mechanical properties intermediate between Alloys AZ31B and AZ80A. Alloy AZ80A is stronger and harder than AZ61A. Alloy ZK60A combines high tensile strength with good ductility and has the highest compressive yield strength of any of the extrusion alloys. ZK40A possesses high yield strength and has better extrusion characteristics than ZK60A. Minimum compressive yield strength values that can be met are given in Table X1.1.

Alloy M1A has the best extrusion characteristics.

X1.2 The yield strength of magnesium alloys is defined as the stress at which the stress-strain curve deviates 0.2 % from the modulus line. It may be determined by the “Offset Method” or the “Extension-Under-Load Method” (the latter is often referred to as the “Approximate Method Without the Stress-Strain Diagram”) as described in Test Methods B 557 and B 557M. In case of dispute, the “Offset Method” shall be used. The unit deformation values given in Table X1.2 for use with the “Extension-Under-Load Method” are based on a modulus of elasticity

$$E = 6\,500\,000 \text{ psi [44.8 GPa]} \quad (\text{X1.1})$$

X1.3 Either the chrome pickle or the oil finish affords a measurable protection against tarnish and corrosion during shipment and storage of magnesium extrusions.

TABLE X1.1 Minimum Compressive Yield Strength Values

Alloy and Temper	Form	Cross-Sectional Area, in. ² [mm ²]	Compressive Yield Strength, min	
			ksi	[MPa]
ZK40A-T5	bars, rods, and shapes	1.999 [1300] and under	20.0	[135]
		2.000–4.999 [1301–3250]	18.0	[125]
	hollow shapes	1.999 [1300] and under	20.0	[135]
		2.000–4.999 [1301–3250]	18.0	[125]
ZK60A-F	bars, rods, and shapes	1.999 [1300] and under	27.0	[185]
		2.000–2.999 [1301–1950]	26.0	[180]
		3.000–4.999 [1951–3250]	25.0	[170]
		5.000–39.999 [3251–25 800]	20.0	[140]
	hollow shapes	all	20.0	[140]
ZK60A-T5	bars, rods, and shapes	1.999 [1300] and under	30.0	[200]
		2.000–2.999 [1301–1950]	28.0	[190]
		3.000–4.999 [1951–3250]	25.0	[170]
	hollow shapes	all	26.0	[180]

TABLE X1.2 Unit Deformation Values

Alloy		Temper	Yield Strength (0.2 % offset), min		Unit Deformation in./in. (mm/mm) of Gage Length
UNS No.	ASTM No.		ksi	[MPa]	
M11311	AZ31B	F	21.0	[145]	0.0052
			22.0	[152]	0.0054
			20.0	[138]	0.0051
			16.0	[110]	0.0045
M11610	AZ61A	F	21.0	[145]	0.0052
			24.0	[165]	0.0057
			22.0	[152]	0.0054
			16.0	[110]	0.0045
M11800	AZ80A	F	28.0	[193]	0.0063
			27.0	[186]	0.0062
M11800	AZ80A	T5	30.0	[207]	0.0066
			33.0	[228]	0.0071
M16400	ZK40A	T5	36.0	[248]	0.0075
			37.0	[255]	0.0077
M16600	ZK60A	F	31.0	[214]	0.0068
			28.0	[193]	0.0063
M16600	ZK60A	T5	36.0	[248]	0.0075
			38.0	[262]	0.0078

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

This section identifies the location of changes that have been incorporated since the last issue.

- (1) Tensile property requirements for ZK60A-T5, bars,

rods, shapes, and wire of 5.000 to 39.999 in.² were added to Table 2.

- (2) Keywords were added.

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