

SECTION 221313  
FACILITY SANITARY SEWERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes gravity-flow, non-pressure and force-main, pressure sanitary sewerage:
  - 1. Pipe and fittings.
  - 2. Nonpressure and pressure couplings.
  - 3. Expansion joints.
  - 4. Cleanouts.
  - 5. Encasement for piping.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For expansion joints.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Show pipe sizes, locations, and elevations. Show other piping in same trench and clearances from sewer system piping. Indicate interface and spatial relationship between manholes, piping, and proximate structures.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of cast-iron soil pipe and fitting, from manufacturer.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HUB-AND-SPIGOT, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74, Service class.
- B. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- C. Calking Materials: ASTM B 29, pure lead and oakum or hemp fiber.

## 2.2 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. PVC Pressure Pipe: AWWA C900, Class 150, for gasketed joints and using ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
  - 1. Fittings NPS 4 to NPS 8: PVC pressure fittings complying with AWWA C907, for gasketed joints and using ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
  - 2. Fittings NPS 10 and Larger: Ductile-iron, compact fittings complying with AWWA C153, for push-on joints and using AWWA C111, rubber gaskets.
- B. PVC Water-Service Pipe and Fittings: ASTM D 1785, Schedule 80 pipe, with plain ends for solvent-cemented joints with ASTM D 2466, Schedule 80, socket-type fittings.
- C. PVC Cellular-Core Pipe and Fittings: ASTM F 891, Sewer and Drain Series, PS 50 minimum stiffness pipe with ASTM D 3034, SDR 26, socket-type fittings for solvent-cemented joints.
- D. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings, NPS 15 and Smaller: ASTM D 3034, SDR 26, with bell-and-spigot ends for gasketed joints with ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
- E. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings, NPS 18 and Larger: ASTM F 679, T-2 wall thickness, with bell-and-spigot ends for gasketed joints with ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
- F. PVC Profile Gravity Sewer Pipe and Fittings: ASTM F 794 pipe, with bell-and-spigot ends; ASTM D 3034 fittings, with bell ends; and ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
- G. PVC Type PSM Sewer Piping:
  - 1. Pipe: ASTM D 3034, SDR 35, PVC Type PSM sewer pipe with bell-and-spigot ends for gasketed joints.
  - 2. Fittings: ASTM D 3034, PVC with bell ends.
  - 3. Gaskets: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.

## 2.3 NONPRESSURE-TYPE TRANSITION COUPLINGS

- A. Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition coupling, for joining underground nonpressure piping. Include ends of same sizes as piping to be joined and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
- B. Sleeve Materials:
  - 1. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
  - 2. For Concrete Pipes: ASTM C 443, rubber.
  - 3. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
  - 4. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.

C. Unshielded, Flexible Couplings:

1. Description: Elastomeric sleeve with stainless-steel shear ring and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

D. Ring-Type, Flexible Couplings: Elastomeric compression seal with dimensions to fit inside bell of larger pipe and for spigot of smaller pipe to fit inside ring.

2.4 PRESSURE-TYPE PIPE COUPLINGS

- A. Reducing or transition, metal, bolted, sleeve-type, reducing or transition coupling, for joining underground pressure piping. Include 150-psig minimum pressure rating and ends of same sizes as piping to be joined.

- B. Tubular-Sleeve Couplings: AWWA C219, with center sleeve, gaskets, end rings, and bolt fasteners.

1. Available Manufacturers:

- a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg.
- b. Dresser, Inc.; DMD Div.
- c. Ford Meter Box Company, Inc. (The); Pipe Products Div.
- d. JCM Industries.
- e. Romac Industries, Inc.
- f. Smith-Blair, Inc.
- g. Viking Johnson.

2. Center-Sleeve Material: Stainless steel.

3. Gasket Material: Natural or synthetic rubber.

4. Metal Component Finish: Corrosion-resistant coating or material.

- C. Split-Sleeve Couplings: With split sleeve with sealing pad and closure plates, O-ring gaskets, and bolt fasteners.

1. Sleeve Material: Stainless steel.

2. Sleeve Dimensions: Of thickness and width required to provide pressure rating.

3. Gasket Material: O-rings made of EPDM rubber, unless otherwise indicated.

4. Metal Component Finish: Corrosion-resistant coating or material.

2.5 SPECIAL PIPE FITTINGS

- A. Ductile-Iron, Flexible Expansion Joints: Compound fitting with combination of flanged and mechanical-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include 2 gasketed ball-joint sections and 1 or more gasketed sleeve sections, rated for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for offset and expansion indicated.

1. Available Manufacturers:

- a. EBAA Iron Sales, Inc.
  - b. Romac Industries, Inc.
  - c. Star Pipe Products.
- B. Ductile-Iron Deflection Fittings: Compound coupling fitting with ball joint, flexing section, gaskets, and restrained-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include rating for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for up to 15 degrees of deflection.
- C. Ductile-Iron Expansion Joints: Three-piece assembly of telescoping sleeve with gaskets and restrained-type, ductile-iron, bell-and-spigot end sections complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include rating for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for expansion indicated.
- 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Dresser, Inc.; DMD Div.
    - b. EBAA Iron Sales, Inc.
    - c. JCM Industries.
    - d. Smith-Blair, Inc.

## 2.6 BACKWATER VALVES

- A. Gray-Iron Backwater Valves: ASME A112.14.1, gray-iron body and bolted cover, with bronze seat.
- 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Josam Company.
    - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.
    - c. Wade Div.; Tyler Pipe.
    - d. Watts Industries, Inc.
    - e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Enpoco, Inc. Div.
    - f. Zurn Specification Drainage Operation; Zurn Plumbing Products Group.
  - 2. Horizontal Type: With swing check valve and hub-and-spigot ends.
  - 3. Combination Horizontal and Manual Gate-Valve Type: With swing check valve, integral gate valve, and hub-and-spigot ends.
  - 4. Terminal Type: With bronze seat, swing check valve, and hub inlet.
- B. PVC Backwater Valves: Horizontal type; with PVC body, PVC removable cover, and PVC swing check valve.
- 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Canplas Inc.
    - b. IPS Corporation.
    - c. NDS Inc.

- d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.
- e. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
- f. Zurn Light Commercial Specialty Plumbing Products; Zurn Plumbing Products Group.

## 2.7 EXPANSION JOINTS

### A. Ductile-Iron, Flexible Expansion Joints:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
2. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. EBAA Iron, Inc.
  - b. Romac Industries, Inc.
  - c. Star Pipe Products.
3. Description: Compound fitting with combination of flanged and mechanical-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include two gasketed ball-joint sections and one or more gasketed sleeve sections, rated for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for offset and expansion indicated.

## 2.8 CLEANOUTS

### A. Gray-Iron Cleanouts: ASME A112.36.2M, round, gray-iron housing with clamping device and round, secured, scoriated, gray-iron cover. Include gray-iron ferrule with inside calk or spigot connection and countersunk, tapered-thread, brass closure plug.

1. Available Manufacturers:
  - a. Josam Company.
  - b. MIFAB Manufacturing Inc.
  - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.
  - d. Wade Div.; Tyler Pipe.
  - e. Watts Industries, Inc.
  - f. Watts Industries, Inc.; Enpoco, Inc. Div.
  - g. Zurn Specification Drainage Operation; Zurn Plumbing Products Group.
2. Top-Loading Classification: Heavy and Extra-heavy duty.
3. Sewer Pipe Fitting and Riser to Cleanout: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings.

### B. PVC Cleanouts: PVC body with PVC threaded plug. Include PVC sewer pipe fitting and riser to clean-out of same material as sewer piping.

1. Available Manufacturers:

- a. Canplas Inc.
- b. IPS Corporation.
- c. NDS Inc.
- d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.
- e. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
- f. Zurn Light Commercial Specialty Plumbing Products; Zurn Plumbing Products Group.

2.9 ENCASEMENT FOR PIPING

- A. Standard: ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105.
- B. Material: Linear low-density polyethylene film of 0.008-inch or high-density, cross-laminated polyethylene film of 0.004-inch minimum thickness.
- C. Form: Sheet or tube.
- D. Color: Black or natural.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EARTHWORK

- A. Excavating, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Section 02300 "Earth Work."

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Pipe couplings and special pipe fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.
  1. Use nonpressure-type flexible couplings where required to join gravity-flow, nonpressure sewer piping, unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Unshielded flexible or rigid couplings for same or minor difference OD pipes.
    - b. Unshielded, increaser/reducer-pattern, flexible or rigid couplings for pipes with different OD.
    - c. Ring-type flexible couplings for piping of different sizes where annular space between smaller piping's OD and larger piping's ID permits installation.
  2. Use pressure-type pipe couplings for force-main joints.

- B. Special Pipe Fittings: Use for pipe expansion and deflection. Pipe couplings and special pipe fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Gravity-Flow, Nonpressure Sewer Piping: Use any of the following pipe materials for each size range:
1. NPS 3: Hub-and-spigot, [Extra-Heavy] [Service] class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; [gaskets; and gasketed] [calking materials; and calked] joints.
  2. NPS 3: Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; [shielded, stainless-steel] [heavy-duty, shielded, stainless-steel] [heavy-duty, cast-iron] [unshielded] couplings; and coupled joints.
  3. NPS 3; NPS 6 ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe or NPS 3 or NPS 4 ductile-iron pressure pipe; ductile-iron standard fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  4. NPS 3): Stainless-steel drainage pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints. Use EPDM-compound gaskets, unless otherwise indicated. Use nitrile-rubber-compound gaskets for wastes containing gasoline or oil.
  5. NPS 3: ABS, SDR 35, sewer pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  6. NPS 3: PVC water-service pipe; PVC Schedule 80, water-service-pipe fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
  7. NPS 3: NPS 4 PVC sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
  8. NPS 3 : NPS 4 Class 2, nonreinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
  9. NPS 4: Hub-and-spigot, Extra-Heavy class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  10. NPS 4: Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; stainless-steel or heavy-duty, shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
  11. NPS 4 : NPS 6 ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe or NPS 4 ductile-iron pressure pipe; ductile-iron standard fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  12. NPS 4 : Stainless-steel drainage pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints. Use EPDM-compound gaskets, unless otherwise indicated. Use nitrile-rubber-compound gaskets for wastes containing gasoline or oil.
  13. NPS 4 : ABS, SDR 35, sewer pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  14. NPS 4 : PVC water-service pipe; PVC Schedule 80, water-service-pipe fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
  15. NPS 4 : PVC sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
  16. NPS 4 : Class 2, nonreinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
  17. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : Hub-and-spigot, Extra-Heavy class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  18. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
  19. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : NPS 6 ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe; ductile-iron standard fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  20. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : NPS 6 stainless-steel drainage pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints. Use EPDM-compound gaskets, unless otherwise indicated. Use nitrile-rubber-compound gaskets for wastes containing gasoline or oil.
  21. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : NPS 6 ABS, SDR 35, sewer pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.

22. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : NPS 6 cellular-core PVC pipe, PVC sewer pipe fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.
23. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : NPS 6 PVC sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
24. NPS 5 and NPS 6 : NPS 6 Class 2, nonreinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
25. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : Hub-and-spigot, Extra-Heavy class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
26. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
27. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : Ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe; ductile-iron standard fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
28. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : ABS, SDR 42, sewer pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
29. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : Cellular-core PVC pipe, PVC sewer pipe fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.
30. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : PVC sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
31. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : PVC profile gravity sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
32. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : Fiberglass Type 2 or 4, Class III; sewer RTRP; Type 1 or 2 RTRF, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
33. NPS 8 and NPS 10 : Nonreinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
34. NPS 12 and NPS 15 : Hub-and-spigot, Extra-Heavy class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
35. NPS 12 and NPS 15 : Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty, shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
36. NPS 12 to NPS 16 : Ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe; ductile-iron standard fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
37. NPS 12: ABS, SDR 42, sewer pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
38. NPS 12 and NPS 15: PVC sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
39. NPS 12 and NPS 15: PVC profile gravity sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
40. NPS 12 to NPS 16: Fiberglass Type 2 or 4, Class III; sewer RTRP; Type 1 or 2 RTRF, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
41. NPS 12 and NPS 15: Nonreinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
42. NPS 12 and NPS 15: Reinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
43. NPS 18 to NPS 24: Ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe; ductile-iron standard fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
44. NPS 18 to NPS 24: PVC sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
45. NPS 18 to NPS 24: PVC profile gravity sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
46. NPS 18 to NPS 24: Fiberglass Type 2 or 4, Class III; sewer RTRP; Type 1 or 2 RTRF, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
47. NPS 18 to NPS 24: Nonreinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.



48. NPS 18 to NPS 24: Reinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.

D. Force-Main, Pressure Piping: Use any of the following pipe materials for each size range:

1. NPS 2: PVC Schedule 80, water-service pipe; PVC Schedule 80, water-service-pipe fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
2. NPS 3: Ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe or ductile-iron pressure pipe; ductile-iron standard or compact fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
3. NPS 3: PVC Schedule 80, water-service pipe; PVC Schedule 80, water-service-pipe fittings; and solvent-cemented joints.
4. NPS 4: Ductile-iron, gravity sewer pipe or ductile-iron pressure pipe; ductile-iron standard or compact fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
5. NPS 4: PVC pressure pipe, PVC pressure fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
6. NPS 6 to NPS 8: Ductile-iron sewer pipe; standard- or compact-pattern, ductile-iron fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
7. NPS 6 to NPS 8: PVC pressure pipe, PVC pressure fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
8. NPS 10 and NPS 12: Ductile-iron sewer pipe; standard- or compact-pattern, ductile-iron fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
9. NPS 10 and NPS 12: PVC pressure pipe; compact-pattern, ductile-iron fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.

### 3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. General Locations and Arrangements: Drawing plans and details indicate general location and arrangement of underground sanitary sewer piping. Location and arrangement of piping layout take into account design considerations. Install piping as indicated, to extent practical. Where specific installation is not indicated, follow piping manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Install piping beginning at low point, true to grades and alignment indicated with unbroken continuity of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install gaskets, seals, sleeves, and couplings according to manufacturer's written instructions for using lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements.
- C. Install proper size increasers, reducers, and couplings where different sizes or materials of pipes and fittings are connected. Reducing size of piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- D. When installing pipe under streets or other obstructions that cannot be disturbed, use pipe-jacking process of microtunneling.
- E. Install gravity-flow, nonpressure, drainage piping according to the following:
  1. Install piping pitched down in direction of flow, at minimum slope of 2 percent, unless otherwise indicated.

2. Install piping NPS 6 and larger with restrained joints at tee fittings and at changes in direction. Use corrosion-resistant rods, pipe or fitting manufacturer's proprietary restraint system, or cast-in-place-concrete supports or anchors.
3. Install piping with 36-inch minimum cover.
4. Install piping below frost line.
5. Install hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook."
6. Install hubless cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook."
7. Install ductile-iron, gravity sewer piping according to ASTM A 746.
8. Install ductile-iron and special fittings according to AWWA C600 or AWWA M41.
9. Install stainless-steel drainage piping according to ASME A112.3.1.
10. Install ABS sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
11. Install PVC cellular-core piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
12. Install PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
13. Install PVC profile gravity sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
14. Install fiberglass sewer piping according to ASTM D 3839 and ASTM F 1668.
15. Install nonreinforced-concrete sewer piping according to ASTM C 1479 and ACPA's "Concrete Pipe Installation Manual."
16. Install reinforced-concrete sewer piping according to ASTM C 1479 and ACPA's "Concrete Pipe Installation Manual."

F. Install force-main, pressure piping according to the following:

1. Install piping with restrained joints at tee fittings and at horizontal and vertical changes in direction. Use corrosion-resistant rods, pipe or fitting manufacturer's proprietary restraint system, or cast-in-place-concrete supports or anchors.
2. Install piping with 36-inch minimum cover.
3. Install piping below frost line.
4. Install ductile-iron pressure piping according to AWWA C600 or AWWA M41.
5. Install ductile-iron special fittings according to AWWA C600.
6. Install PVC pressure piping according AWWA M23 or ASTM D 2774 and ASTM F 1668.
7. Install PVC water-service piping according ASTM D 2774 and ASTM F 1668.

G. Clear interior of piping of dirt and superfluous material as work progresses. Maintain swab or drag in piping, and pull past each joint as it is completed. Place plug in end of incomplete piping at end of day and when work stops.

### 3.4 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Join gravity-flow, nonpressure, drainage piping according to the following:

1. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with gasket joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for compression joints.

2. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with calked joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for lead and oakum calked joints.
  3. Join hubless cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.
  4. Join ductile-iron, gravity sewer piping according to AWWA C600 for push-on joints.
  5. Join ductile-iron and special fittings according to AWWA C600 or AWWA M41.
  6. Join stainless-steel drainage piping according to ASME A112.3.1.
  7. Join ABS sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM D 2751 for elastomeric-seal joints.
  8. Join PVC cellular-core piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 891 for solvent-cemented joints.
  9. Join PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-seal joints or ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-gasket joints.
  10. Join PVC profile gravity sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 for elastomeric-seal joints or ASTM F 794 for gasketed joints.
  11. Join fiberglass sewer piping according to ASTM D 4161 for elastomeric-seal joints.
  12. Join nonreinforced-concrete sewer piping according to ASTM C 14 and ACPA's "Concrete Pipe Installation Manual" for rubber-gasket joints.
  13. Join reinforced-concrete sewer piping according to ACPA's "Concrete Pipe Installation Manual" for rubber-gasket joints.
  14. Join dissimilar pipe materials with nonpressure-type, flexible or rigid couplings.
- B. Join force-main, pressure piping according to the following:
1. Join ductile-iron pressure piping according to AWWA C600 or AWWA M41 for push-on joints.
  2. Join ductile-iron special fittings according to AWWA C600 or AWWA M41 for push-on joints.
  3. Join PVC pressure piping according AWWA M23 for gasketed joints.
  4. Join PVC water-service piping according ASTM D 2855.
  5. Join dissimilar pipe materials with pressure-type couplings.
- C. Pipe couplings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
1. Use nonpressure flexible couplings where required to join gravity-flow, nonpressure sewer piping unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Unshielded flexible couplings for pipes of same or slightly different OD.
    - b. Unshielded, increaser/reducer-pattern, flexible couplings for pipes with different OD.
    - c. Ring-type flexible couplings for piping of different sizes where annular space between smaller piping's OD and larger piping's ID permits installation.

### 3.5 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Place cast-in-place concrete according to ACI 318.

### 3.6 BACKWATER VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install horizontal-type backwater valves in piping where indicated.
- B. Install combination horizontal and manual gate valve type in piping and in manholes where indicated.
- C. Install terminal-type backwater valves on end of piping and in manholes where indicated. Secure units to sidewalls.

### 3.7 CLEANOUT INSTALLATION

- A. Install cleanouts and riser extensions from sewer pipes to cleanouts at grade. Use cast-iron soil pipe fittings in sewer pipes at branches for cleanouts, and use cast-iron soil pipe for riser extensions to cleanouts. Install piping so cleanouts open in direction of flow in sewer pipe.
  - 1. Use Light-Duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in earth or unpaved foot-traffic areas.
  - 2. Use Medium-Duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in paved foot-traffic areas.
  - 3. Use Extra-Heavy-Duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in vehicle-traffic service areas.
- B. Set cleanout frames and covers in earth in cast-in-place-concrete block, 18 by 18 by 12 inches deep. Set with tops 1 inch above surrounding grade.
- C. Set cleanout frames and covers in concrete pavement and roads with tops flush with pavement surface.

### 3.8 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect nonpressure, gravity-flow drainage piping to building's sanitary building drains.
- B. Make connections to existing piping and underground manholes.
  - 1. Use commercially manufactured wye fittings for piping branch connections. Remove section of existing pipe, install wye fitting into existing piping, and encase entire wye fitting plus 6-inch overlap with not less than 6 inches of concrete with 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi.
  - 2. Make branch connections from side into existing piping, NPS 4 to NPS 20. Remove section of existing pipe, install wye fitting into existing piping, and

- encase entire wye with not less than 6 inches of concrete with 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi.
3. Make branch connections from side into existing piping, NPS 21 or larger, or to underground manholes by cutting opening into existing unit large enough to allow 3 inches of concrete to be packed around entering connection. Cut end of connection pipe passing through pipe or structure wall to conform to shape of and be flush with inside wall unless otherwise indicated. On outside of pipe or manhole wall, encase entering connection in 6 inches of concrete for minimum length of 12 inches to provide additional support of collar from connection to undisturbed ground.
    - a. Use concrete that will attain a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Use epoxy-bonding compound as interface between new and existing concrete and piping materials.
  4. Protect existing piping and manholes to prevent concrete or debris from entering while making tap connections. Remove debris or other extraneous material that may accumulate.
- C. Connect to oil and sand interceptors specified in Section 22132 "Sanitary Waste Interceptors."

### 3.9 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Materials and their installation are specified in Section 02300 "Earth Work." Arrange for installation of green warning tapes directly over piping and at outside edges of underground manholes.
1. Use detectable warning tape over ferrous piping.
  2. Use detectable warning tape over nonferrous piping and over edges of underground manholes.

### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect interior of piping to determine whether line displacement or other damage has occurred. Inspect after approximately 24 inches of backfill is in place, and again at completion of Project.
1. Submit separate report for each system inspection.
  2. Defects requiring correction include the following:
    - a. Alignment: Less than full diameter of inside of pipe is visible between structures.
    - b. Deflection: Flexible piping with deflection that prevents passage of ball or cylinder of size not less than 92.5 percent of piping diameter.
    - c. Damage: Crushed, broken, cracked, or otherwise damaged piping.

- d. Infiltration: Water leakage into piping.
    - e. Exfiltration: Water leakage from or around piping.
  3. Replace defective piping using new materials, and repeat inspections until defects are within allowances specified.
  4. Reinspect and repeat procedure until results are satisfactory.
- B. Test new piping systems, and parts of existing systems that have been altered, extended, or repaired, for leaks and defects.
  1. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service before inspection and approval.
  2. Test completed piping systems according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  3. Schedule tests and inspections by authorities having jurisdiction with at least 24 hours' advance notice.
  4. Submit separate report for each test.
  5. Hydrostatic Tests: Test sanitary sewerage according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and the following:
    - a. Fill sewer piping with water. Test with pressure of at least 10-foot head of water, and maintain such pressure without leakage for at least 15 minutes.
    - b. Close openings in system and fill with water.
    - c. Purge air and refill with water.
    - d. Disconnect water supply.
    - e. Test and inspect joints for leaks.
  6. Air Tests: Test sanitary sewerage according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, UNI-B-6, and the following:
    - a. Option: Test plastic gravity sewer piping according to ASTM F 1417.
    - b. Option: Test concrete gravity sewer piping according to ASTM C 924.
  7. Force Main: Perform hydrostatic test after thrust blocks, supports, and anchors have hardened. Test at pressure not less than 1-1/2 times the maximum system operating pressure, but not less than 150 psig.
    - a. Ductile-Iron Piping: Test according to AWWA C600, "Hydraulic Testing" Section.
    - b. PVC Piping: Test according to AWWA M23, "Testing and Maintenance" Chapter.
- C. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
- D. Replace leaking piping using new materials, and repeat testing until leakage is within allowances specified.

3.11 CLEANING

- A. Clean dirt and superfluous material from interior of piping. Flush with potable water.

END OF SECTION 221313